"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

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THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy, colder, fresh west winds today; Friday, fair.
☞ For weather report see next to last page.

GREAT FLEET HERE RIDING AT ANCHOR READY FOR REVIEW

Admiral Mayo's Dreadnoughts Will Pass Secretary Daniels at 10 o'Clock.

MEN SEND HOLIDAY MISSIVE

Wireless Message from Battleships to Friends Who Will Greet Them Today.

5,000 IN THE LAND PARADE

Half of the Enlisted Men, After Inspection of Fleet, Will March Down Fifth Avenue.

The ten dreadnoughts which are returning from overseas, led by the fleet flagship Pennsylvania, under command of Admiral Henry T. Mayo, Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Fleet, arrived off the Ambrose Channel Lightship at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels, who will review the fleet today, arrived in New York at 8:25 o'clock last night. He was accompanied by Mrs. Daniels and his son Frank. Today he will be joined by Secretary of War Baker, Secretary of Agriculture Houston, General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff of the Army, the senior naval attachés of the allied nations, Admiral Grant of the British Navy, and a score or more prominent citizens, who will be his guests on the Mayflower during the exercises in the North River. The Secretary and Mrs. Daniels, on their way to the Mayflower last night, called on Mrs. George Dewey, widow of the Admiral, and asked her to be the Secretary's guest today. Secretary Daniels recalled the fact that today is the anniversary of Admiral Dewey's birth.

The following radiogram from the 10,000 men of the returning dreadnoughts was given out last night by Secretary Daniels:

"The officers and men of the 6th Battle Squadron send Christmas greetings to all their relatives and friends."

The weather man has made this prediction for today: "Partly cloudy and somewhat colder; moderate west winds."

Vice Admiral Albert W. Grant, who is in charge of all arrangements for the water and land spectacles, received a wireless message from Admiral Mayo yesterday morning, announcing that the overseas armada was then within fifty miles of New York, and would anchor outside the Hook at about 3 P. M. Shortly after 2 o'clock the destroyer Ringgold, one of the new thirty-five knot flush deck fliers of the navy, left its anchorage in the North River to meet the fleet off the Ambrose Channel, her Commander having instructions to submit to Admiral Mayo for his final approval the plans for the reviews in the river and for the parade this afternoon. The plans were approved in their entirety by Admiral Mayo. The 31,400 tons dreadnought Arizona, Captain John H. Dayton commanding, will lead the overseas fleet into the harbor, and will be the first ship to fire the nineteen guns salute to the Secretary of the Navy. The three flagships will be in the centre of the column, being preceded by the Arizona, Oklahoma, and Nevada, and followed in the order named by the Texas, Arkansas, Wyoming, and Florida.

The homeward voyage of the ten great ironclads was one of the roughest American ships have ever made. The bad weather began soon after the armada had headed for New York and did not let up during the entire voyage. Early in the voyage the destroyers which started with the dreadnoughts said good-bye to the big fighters and switched south to warmer and calmer waters, with the result that they were unable to reach New York in time to take part in today's historic home-coming ceremonies.

Review at 10 O'Clock.

Following receipt of advices from Admiral Mayo, Vice Admiral Grant announced last night that the dreadnoughts would enter the harbor between 7 and 8 o'clock this morning. They will not stop at Quarantine and the head of the column is expected to be abreast of the Mayflower, off the Statue of Liberty, at 10 o'clock and the entire column at anchor in the Hudson by 10:30 A. M. The gunboat Gloucester, which won fame at Santiago under Wainwright, will precede the Arizona and will have in tow a giant kite balloon. The seaplanes and dirgibles which will take part in the reviews will circle above the dreadnoughts from the time they clear the Narrows until the last of the ships—the Florida—has dropped anchor in its appointed berth.

In the review at anchor the Mayflower will be followed in order by the Xarifa, Aztec, Patrol, and the city vessels, the Correction, Queens, Highlander, and Fidelity, which will operate under the auspices of the Mayor's Committee and will have on board city officials, members of the Mayor's Committee, and the invited guests of Mayor Hylan and other public officials. The Mayflower will review upstream from the New Jersey side and down stream from the New York side. Only the Aztec, which will have on board Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt and Government guests; the Xarifa, which is the press boat, and the police boat Patrol will follow the Mayflower during the review down the New York side. The city vessels will

Continued on Page Five.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA! Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

Marburg's "League of Nations," Vol. II. Its Principles Examined. Macmillan. 60c.—Advt.

Returns $1,200,000,000 in Stocks to French Banks

PARIS, Dec. 25, (Havas.)—The Germans have returned stocks taken from the banks in Northern France amounting approximately to 6,000,000,000 francs.

Several safes, weighing five to seven tons each, which the Germans did not open and are now in Brussels, will be brought back shortly to Valenciennes.

GERMAN LIBERALS FRAME PLATFORM

Democratic Party Aims to Avoid Rule Either of Reactionaries or Socialists.

WANTS EQUALITY FOR ALL

Coblenz Meeting Sets Forth Principles for a Republic Including German Austria.

COBLENZ, Dec. 23. (Associated Press.)—Appeals for the union of all the liberal parties which desire a republic and do not wish Germany to fall into the hands either of the reactionaries or the Socialists were made at a meeting Sunday of the German Democratic Party, which assembled in Coblenz to adopt a platform.

The party desires a united Germany, including German Austria, equality before the law of citizens of all classes, male and female, freedom of thought and religion, a free press, and free speech, but no arbitrary attacks on the rights of the church. Families with many children, it is set forth, should be protected from excessive taxation.

So that the burdens may be borne, strong industry and healthy trade are declared to be necessary, as well as freedom of trade from the war restrictions. The abolition of war industries is desired.

The party advocates the living of free peasants on free soil. Officials, it holds, must be insured a livelihood, in order to provide for good service. There must be sympathetic care for the war wounded and for the dependents of the fallen soldiers, which would be made a point of honor in the new Germany.

Upon this platform, it is announced, the German Democratic Party will stand in the National Assembly.

MUNICH, Dec. 25, (Associated Press.)—The new Württemberg Government, a Stuttgart dispatch says, proposes to abolish all nobility titles and powers.

GIFTS FOR EX-KAISER'S AMERONGEN RETINUE

Officers Arrange Christmas Celebration—Former Ruler Undecided About Public Statement.

AMERONGEN, Holland, Dec. 24, (by Associated Press.)—William Hohenzollern's health shows a marked improvement, but he is still compelled to exercise the greatest precautions owing to the penetrating and damp, cold weather. Since Saturday he has not left his suite of apartments in Amerongen Castle, but has been able to join the members of his retinue at all meals.

The ex-Emperor occupies other periods of the day in reading hundreds of letters reaching him from all parts of the world. He receives only an occasional telegram, and these rarely evoke a reply. Several days in the course of his illness he saw only his wife and his immediate attendants.

The ex-Empress also remains in her apartment, not even going into the gardens within the surrounding moats.

This morning a Christmas tree was brought into the castle for tonight's celebration, which, it is said, will be an unpretentious affair. Those participating besides the ex-Emperor and ex-Empress will be a number of officers who resigned their commissions in the German army in order to remain in the vicinity of their former ruler's retreat and household servants and orderlies.

Several of the officers were busy throughout the day arranging the details of the celebration, in which Count von Bentinck will participate. They purchased presents which the ex-Emperor and his wife will exchange according to custom, and also gifts for their attendants.

The ex-Emperor is as yet undecided about making a public declaration, and still declines to receive any correspondents.

KAROLYI BLAMES ALLIES FOR DELAY ON FOOD

Tells Budapest Assembly of Protest to Wilson on Alleged Armistice Violation.

BUDAPEST, Dec. 24.—Count Karolyi, the Hungarian leader, in addressing the People's Assembly today, charged that the Allies were not carrying out their part of the armistice agreement. He said that it was impossible to maintain order while the food necessities of the country remained unsatisfied.

Count Karolyi told the assembly that he had sent a message to President Wilson expressing adherence to the President's principles and protesting against what he declared were violations of the conditions of the armistice. He was confidently awaiting the President's decision.

PINEHURST, N. C.—Bracing climate. Golf and all sports in perfection. Three delightful hotels.—Advt

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

HOOVER CALLS FOR MORE SHIPS TO AID BELGIANS

Completes Survey of Damage and Asks for 160,000 Tons More to Carry Supplies.

WILSON'S WARNING HEEDED

Commissioner Reports That It Had Much Effect in Halting Spoliation by Germans.

REFUGEES A BIG PROBLEM

French Insist Upon Returning to Their Devastated Homes and Roads Are Filled with Them.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Herbert Hoover, the United States Food Administrator, who is in Europe by direction of President Wilson to formulate a program for food distribution to the liberated peoples, has been making a survey of the physical damage in Belgium, assisted by William B. Poland, European Director of the Commission for Relief in Belgium, and has sent a report to the headquarters here. He says that while the Germans destroyed a zone twenty miles wide in Belgium, before the evacuation, they did little damage to transportation systems after the armistice was signed, and thus the movement of food is not as difficult as might have been expected.

The Washington headquarters of the commission today announced that an enlarged program had been laid out in response to Mr. Hoover's request and that from now on 180,000 tons per month would be shipped, including clothing, which would require 500,000 dead weight tons of shipping in continuous service. The cost of the entire program is borne by the Belgian and French Governments from loans made by the American Government. The Relief Commission has at present 340,000 tons on time charter, lacking 160,000 tons to move the full monthly program. Application has been made to the United States Shipping Board to fill this deficit, and it is expected that the request will be favorably acted upon.

In his report Mr. Hoover says:

"Together with Mr. Poland, European Director of the Commission for Relief in Belgium, I have now completed a survey of the entire Belgian situation as disclosed by the evacuation. The work of the American relief officials in Europe during the last month has been beyond all praise, because they have followed up the retreating army with distributions, by one means or another, and there has been no break in the food supply at any point.

"Prior to the armistice the German Army had completely destroyed a zone of railroads and canals some twenty miles wide, extending entirely across Belgium. After the armistice there was comparatively little destruction of transportation to the rear of this zone, and with the rapid rehabilitation of transportation facilities across this zone of destruction the problem of distribution of food and of reconstruction can be undertaken with much less difficulty than at present.

Relief Supplies Left Behind.

"The Germans in their final retreat removed but little of the relief supplies. Their action toward the native harvests and cattle in their withdrawal differs widely in different areas. They started to take all remaining hogs from the western part of Belgium, except those hidden by the peasants in underground caves. After the armistice, however, and with the demoralization of the German Army in its final retreat many of these beasts were abandoned or sold by soldiers to the peasants further back, and in practical results there appears to have been no widespread cattle stealing in the retreat, although during the four years of occupation there has been a great diminution—probably more than one-half—in the total number of cattle and hogs. It can be said almost literally that horses have disappeared out of Belgium, there probably not being 15 per cent. of the original animals left.

"Investigation proves that industrial and residential destruction in Belgium varies greatly in different localities, and with different industries. For instance, out of the steel furnaces in Belgium thirty-five or forty have been deliberately destroyed by the Germans in their determination to end the Belgian steel industry. Many of the textile mills have been put out of commission, either through deliberate destruction and removal of machinery, or by removal of the copper and brass parts and electric motors. Some of the textile mills of the more antiquated type of equipment apparently did not appeal to the Germans, and they can be gotten into action at an early date. The Germans seem to have focused themselves on the modern equipments.

"The glass industry has been but little interfered with, and the stern promise of retribution by President Wilson seems to have saved the coal industry except for very few mines, although actual explosives and wires were laid in place for the destruction of a large number of the mines. The President's warning seems to have created a sudden change of heart.

"There are some three hundred thousand French refugees in Belgium,

Continued on Page Two.

SIX BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

PARTRIDGE INN—Now open; near two fine 18-hole Golf Courses. Augusta, Ga.—Advt.

Gen. Mangin Finds Germans Keen to Win American Favor

WITH THE FRANCO-AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—General Mangin said today that it was doubtful if the Germans yet realize the enormous part the Americans would have played in the war had they had a better opportunity. To the American correspondents, whom he invited to a Christmas eve luncheon at his headquarters at Mayence, General Mangin praised the work of the Americans, especially those divisions which had fought under him.

The General pointed out how the Germans were now fighting to win the favor of the foe from across the sea, saying that propagandists were picturing President Wilson in the most benign tones, instead of declaring that he was attempting "to run the world," as they had previously done.

CHRISTMAS SPIRIT ALONG THE RHINE

Our Soldiers Make the Day Pleasant for German Children.

PEOPLE'S NEW ATTITUDE

Residents of Coblenz and Vicinity Deluged Doughboys with Invitations to Dinner.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Dec. 25.—Here on the banks of the Rhine the world seems topsy-turvy this Christmas Day, 1918. One thinks there was never such a Christmas before. Peace on earth, good-will to men—Christmas spirit rules along the Rhine.

When before was the Christmas spirit the measured tread of a foreign army? When before did conquering invaders join in celebrating the Nativity in the right and proper spirit with the conquered? But that is what is happening along the Rhine today.

The Christmas tree in the doughboys' barracks and the Christmas tree in the parlor of the German home grew on the same hillside, were bargained for in the same market place, and in cases of which I know were trimmed from the same box of tinseled trappings.

If all invitations had been accepted there would be few doughboys at company dinners today. For Christmas is children's day, and where is the child in this part of the Rhineland who has not his doughboy pal? And we are at war with Germany, I believe.

What does this Christmas on the Rhine mean? Who can tell its effect on history? How can you figure it that the American soldiers whom children were calling swine when they came here ten days ago are now an object of adoration to those same children, and of respect to the children's parents? How can you figure it when a soldier with three stripes for wounds which the Germans gave him walks down the street with a toy for the first German child he meets? Figure it any way you want to, it's true.

And when you have figured that out, try to explain why it is that President Wilson, the man who did more than other men to crush German hopes of vitcory, would, if he appeared here this Christmas Day, get a welcome that would astound the world? Why is it that on this Christmas Day the eyes and hearts of Germany turned hopefully toward America?

Oh, I have heard that it is all part of a deep-laid plot. But what of deep-laid plots knows the little boy who steps shyly from the sidewalk and then, with growing confidence, to the side of an American soldier, and, placing his hand on the butt of a Yankee rifle, marches proudly down the street?

I know something of the crimes of Germany, something of the hateful traits of Germany—cancers they are—and Germany needs a physician, the Great Physician, the secret of whose skill is the spirit of Christmas, the spirit of Christmas, 1918, on the Rhine.

RHINE EXCURSIONS PLANNED.

Fleet Will Take Troops on Leave for Long Trips.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE RHINE, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—Excursion trips on the Rhine requiring three to five days have been planned by the American Third Army for officers and men on leave. Arrangements are complete for requisitioning three large river boats, each with accommodations for from 300 to 400 men.

The plans also provide for shorter recreation trips to begin soon, and for this purpose a fleet of ten to fifteen steamers has been requisitioned.

ZIEGFELD 9 O'CLOCK REVUE and Midnight Frolic Atop New Amsterdam Theatre. Two entirely different entertainments. "A Night of Beauty such as even Paris has never seen." Two shows so far superior to anything ever seen in New York that no one can afford to miss them.—Advt.

GERMAN CONDITIONS INVESTIGATED BY AMERICAN WRITER

Correspondent Goes Ahead of Our Army and Penetrates to Berlin.

LONG JOURNEY BY AIRPLANE

Told That Food Shortage Is Severe in the Less Productive Districts.

OLD REGIME DENOUNCED

And Aid Asked to Avert Bolshevism and Permit Payment of Indemnities—Cheers for Wilson.

By FREDERICK A. SMITH.

Copyright, 1918, by The Chicago Tribune Company.

WITHIN REVOLUTIONARY GERMANY, Dec. 24.—Believing that the best way to discover the truth about political and economic conditions in Germany was to go to Germany and see conditions for myself, I have just completed two weeks' journeying through the former Kaiser's empire, eight days of which I spent in Berlin.

I was fortunate enough to be the first American newspaper correspondent to make his way through the Franco-American armies on the west front, penetrate the German lines and pass on to Berlin, at every opportunity making careful observations and exhaustive inquiries regarding the food situation and political and military conditions.

Four other correspondents entered Germany with me, but at Frankfort I accepted an offer to make a speedy voyage to the capital in an airplane, the battered war flier enabling me to gain two days for additional research, making the flight of 385 miles in three hours and thirty-five minutes. This was a great advantage, on account of the congested condition of the railroads and highways, due to the demobilization of the armies and the rushing of equipment, men, and stores back from the frontiers.

Believes Revolt Genuine.

The most important phases of the German situation today may best be summarized under three heads, as follows:

First—The revolution is complete and apparently genuine, the great majority of the people seemingly having embraced spontaneously the chance to throw off the rulers and militaristic chiefs who plunged the empire into disaster. The country is now striving to resume its former peaceful avocations, but is shuddering at the prospect of having to feed millions of returned soldiers, whereas there is insufficient food now for those civilians occupying unproductive areas.

Government control is eagerly sought by various parties of divergent aims and views, but since Nov. 11 has been nominally in the possession of the Arbeiter und Soldatenrat, composed of a Workers' and Soldiers' Committee in each army corps, made up of representatives selected in the ratio of one local delegate to each fifty of the workers and soldiers. These co-operate with twenty-eight members of a similar committee in Berlin, which twenty-eight, in turn, has supervised the administration of the Cabinet of six formed by Ebert and composed of three moderate Socialists and three radicals, thus establishing a dictatorship pending the convening of a National Assembly.

Thus far the administration of affairs has been accompanied by little violence or bloodshed, but has been punctuated by many minor disorders and lawless acts, which are dealt with vigorously. Meanwhile, Bolshevism, impersonated by Liebknecht and supported by the Spartacus group, trades on famine conditions in an effort to enlist civilians and returning soldiers in a program of terror and destruction.

Want Food Help Hastened.

Second—Germany is suffering grievously from the lack of food in unproductive districts, influenza causing a widespread increase in mortality on account of the lack of nourishing food, particularly among mothers and babies. I have talked to many hundreds of Germans in traveling more than 1,200 miles through the country, and all agree that there is a vital immediate need of fats and breadstuffs. Of secondary but still grave importance is the scarcity of milk, eggs, clothing, and shoes.

Third—All Germans are united in a plea to President Wilson and America to relieve quickly the food situation, thus saving them from the peril of the Bolsheviki, who from the first have been receiving money and counsel from the leaders of the Russian terrorists. The Germans point out that the whole world is suffering from a shortage of ship and rail transportation, but the situation is worse here than elsewhere and seriously aggravates the food problem.

Unquestionably the country is in distress because of the long enforcement of the food regulations which imposed slow starvation in the homes, while the militaristic zealots played their part on the war fronts to the last desperate extremity.

I am inclined to believe that there is some basis for the German assertion that the lives of many women and children will be sacrificed this Winter unless aid comes quickly. The further declaration of the German people that relief now will enable them to re-establish their industries and agricultural

Continued on Page Two.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE. Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

WILSON PROMISES TROOPS A JUST PEACE AS HE VOICES AMERICA'S PRIDE IN THEM; HOLDS A REVIEW, TAKES DINNER IN CAMP

Wilson Tells Soldiers How America Watched and How Their Triumph Stirred All Hearts

CHAUMONT, Dec. 25, (Associated Press.)—Following the review of troops at Humes by President Wilson, General Pershing made an address, saying:

> Mr. President and Fellow-Soldiers—We are gathered here today to do honor to the commander of our armies and navies. For the first time an American President will review an American Army on foreign soil—the soil of a sister republic beside whose gallant troops we have fought to restore peace to the world.
>
> Speaking for you and your comrades, I am proud to declare to the President that no army has ever more loyally or more effectively served its country, and none has ever fought in a nobler cause.
>
> You, Mr. President, by your confidence and by your support, have made the success of our army, and to you, as Commander in Chief, may I now present the nation's victorious army.

In replying, President Wilson said:

> General Pershing and Fellow-Comrades: I wish that I could give to each one of you the message that I know you are longing to receive from those at home who love you. I cannot do that, but I can tell you how every one has put his heart into it. So you have done your duty, and something more. You have done your duty, and you have done it with a spirit which gave it distinction and glory.
>
> And now we are to hail the fruits of everything. You conquered, when you came over, what you came over for, and you have done what it was appointed for you to do. I know what you expected of me. Some time ago a gentleman from one of the countries with which we are associated was discussing with me the moral aspects of this war, and I said that if we did not insist upon the high purpose which we have accomplished the end would not be justified.
>
> Everybody at home is proud of you and has followed every movement of this great army with confidence and affection. The whole people of the United States are now waiting to welcome you home with an acclaim which probably has never greeted any other army, because our country is like this country—we have been so proud of the stand taken, of the purpose for which this war was entered by the United States.
>
> You knew what we expected of you, and you did it. I know what you and the people at home expected of me, and I am happy to say, my fellow-countrymen, that I do not find in the hearts of the great leaders with whom it is my privilege now to co-operate any difference of principle or of fundamental purpose.
>
> It happened that it was the privilege of America to present the chart for peace, and now the process of settlement has been rendered comparatively simple by the fact that all the nations concerned have accepted that chart, and the application of these principles laid down there will be their application. The world will now know that the nations that fought this war, as well as the soldiers who represented them, are ready to make good—make good not only in the assertion of their own interests, but make good in the establishment of peace upon the permanent foundation of right and of justice
>
> Because this is not a war in which the soldiers of the free nations have obeyed masters. You have commanders, but you have no masters. Your very commanders represent you in representing the nation of which you constitute so distinguished a part. And everybody concerned in the settlement knows that it must be a peoples' peace and that nothing must be done in the settlement of the issues of the war which is not as handsome as the great achievements of the armies of the United States and the Allies.
>
> It is difficult, very difficult, men, in any formal speech like this to show you my real heart. You men probably do not realize with what anxious attention and care we have followed every step you have advanced and how proud we are that every step was in advance, and not in retreat; that every time you set your face in any direction you kept your face in that direction. A thrill has gone through my heart, as it has gone through the hearts of every American, with almost every gun that was fired and every stroke that was struck in the gallant fighting that you have done; and there has been only one regret in America, and that was the regret that every man there felt that he was not there in France, too.
>
> It has been a hard thing to perform the tasks in the United States; it has been a hard thing to take part in directing what you did without coming over and helping you to do it. It has taken a lot of moral courage to stay at home. But we are proud to back you up everywhere that it was possible to back you up. And now I am happy to find what splendid names you have made for yourselves among the civilian population of France, as well as among your comrades in the armies of the French, and it is a fine testimony to you men that these people like you and love you and trust you, and the finest part of it all is that you deserve their trust.
>
> I feel a comradeship with you today which is delightful. As I look down upon these undisturbed fields and think of the terrible scenes through which you have gone and realize how the quiet of peace, the tranquillity of settled hopes has descended upon us. And, while it is hard far away from home, confidentially, to bid you a Merry Christmas, I can, I think, confidentially, promise you a Happy New Year, and I can from the bottom of my heart say, God bless you.

NATIONS AGREEING, HE SAYS

All Accepted America's 'Chart of Peace' and Will 'Make Good.'

BIG WELCOME IN CHAUMONT

Doughboys Swarming on Trains and Treetops Greet Him with "Merry Christmas!"

VISITS MEN IN BILLETS

Afterward He Takes the Train for Calais on His Way to England.

CHAUMONT, France, Dec. 25, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson received a most cordial welcome today from the people of Chaumont, a town which has been closely associated with the history of the American Expeditionary Forces in France and is now the headquarters of the Commander in Chief. It is the town from which America's part in finishing the war was directed.

The Presidential train, which left Paris at midnight, drew into the Chaumont station at 9 o'clock this morning. General Pershing, General Wirbel, the French officer commanding the zone; M. Fossien, Prefect of the Department of the Marne, and M. Levy-Alphandery, Mayor of Chaumont, were on the platform to receive the President and Mrs. Wilson, who, after responding to the cordial greetings, passed through a salon hung with red tapestries and flags to the courtyard, where a company of the 109th French Infantry and a company of the 102d American Infantry were drawn up to render honors.

The exterior of the station and the courtyard had been decorated for the occasion by American soldiers with the French and American colors. After passing the guard of honor in review, the President took his place in a motor car and the party proceeded to the Hôtel de Ville. Dense crowds massed behind the lines of guards in khaki. The streets were brilliantly decorated and hung with banners bearing inscriptions of welcome.

As the party passed through, the people of Chaumont joined in a continuous acclamation of the President.

Drizzling Rain Prevails.

All this part of France lay under a gray cloud, and a drizzling, cold rain fell when the President's train pulled into the station. But the soldiers said that the weather was exceptionally fine as compared with the usual brand, and every one had a broad smile beaming above his mud-bespattered khaki uniform.

Things were in motion early for the review. When the President raised the curtain of a window in his car the first person he saw was a strapping American doughboy on guard, who gravely came to salute. The President smilingly gave him a "Merry Christmas." The occupants of a French troop train passing gave a "Vive Wilson!"

As his train moved in, the President saw on every hand monuments of America's participation in the war. There were great piles of supplies, and American soldiers swarmed on locomotives, boxcars, treetops and every point of vantage to get a glimpse of the President and shout a "Merry Christmas."

The folk back home would have called it the dreariest Christmas Day in history, but it was the greatest one for these American troops, and evidently a very happy one for the President. He was ready for the "big day" and looking forward to every feature. He remarked that the rolling country, with its wooded ridges, looked not unlike the Virginia hills, where he was accustomed to ride and play golf when at home.

At the Hôtel de Ville, the Mayor, in a speech of welcome, announced to the President that the town of Chaumont, in order to commemorate forever this historic day, had decided to seal into the wall of the Hall of Fêtes a marble slab bearing in golden letters the date of the President's visit. He added that the people were planning to erect monuments to the Americans and British.

The Mayor presented to Mrs. Wilson a box of gloves. [Chaumont is a centre of glove manufacture.]

In response to the address presented to him at the Hôtel de Ville, the President said:

"I feel that I have been peculiarly honored in the generous reception you have given me, and it is the more de-

CONFERENCE PLANS SLOWLY FORMING

Four, or Perhaps Five, Nations to Decide on Qualifications of the Rest.

PARIS, Dec. 25, (Associated Press.)—More than three weeks will probably elapse before the general Peace Conference assembles. It is unlikely that any official statement will be issued in the meantime concerning the number of Governments to be represented or the tests to be applied to determine the right of applicants to participate.

Technical experts, attached to the delegations of the principal powers, have already given much study to this subject. If negotiations to reach an agreement on this point have not been undertaken already, it is certain that they will be immediately after President Wilson's return from London.

Notwithstanding the indisposition of the British Government to inject business into Mr. Wilson's visit, it is possible that in his conferences with Premier Lloyd George and Foreign Minister Balfour the foundation may be laid for settlement of the question of rep-

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SIX BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

WANT 150,000 MEN SENT TO RUSSIA

Lvoff and Other Muscovite Statesmen in Paris Anxious for Allied Help.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Of all the foreign statesmen assembling in France the most anxious group are the Russians, who, for the moment, are men without a country, or at least without a Government. Nevertheless, these Russians, headed by Prince Lvoff, the Prime Minister of the early days of the revolution, have the respect and sympathy of the authorized American, British, and French Government delegations.

They will not be able to sit at the peace table as representatives of a Government unless the unexpected happens and Russia stabilizes herself before the end of the international conference, but they will be considered as authorized spokesmen for that body of Russian popular opinion which in the end must prevail after the anarchy has worn itself out.

Associated with Lvoff are M. Bakh-

Continued on Page Two.

Rest and be well at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort in the world. No invalids, no children under ten.—Advt.

lightful because it so obviously comes from the heart. And I cannot but believe that it is an instinctive response to the feeling that is in my own breast, because I think that even you, who feel contact with our soldiers, cannot but realize the depth and sincerity of the feeling of the United States for France.

"It is an ancient friendship, but it has been renewed and has taken on a new youth. It is a friendship which is not only tentative, but one based upon a communion of principle.

"You have spoken very generously and beautifully of the relations which have sprung up between yourselves and our soldiers. That is because they came not only to associate themselves with you as the champion of liberty, but they came with personal affection in their hearts for the people of France, and it must have been that which you realized. They did not come as strangers in their thoughts. They brought with them something that made them feel at home the moment they were at Havre or at Brest in France.

"So I am very much moved by being thus drawn, as they have been, into your midst and into your conferences and wish to thank you very warmly for them and the people of the United States. I, like them, shall carry away with me the most delightful recollections and in my heart shall always say, as I now say: 'Vive la France!'"

Troops at Humes Reviewed.

Immediately after the reception at the Hôtel de Ville, President Wilson, with General Pershing and party, motored to Humes, where the President's reviewed detachments of the first Army of the American Expeditionary Forces and made an address.

In this talk he praised the deeds of the soldiers and their fine conduct and asserted that he did not find in the hearts of "the great leaders" with whom he was associated "any difference of principle or fundamental purpose."

He added that America had the privilege of presenting a chart of peace and that this had been accepted by "all the nations concerned." The nations, he said, were ready to "make good" in "the establishment of peace upon the permanent foundation of right and justice." Moreover, it must be a "peoples' peace."

After the review President Wilson and his party went to Montigny-le-Roi, where he and Mrs. Wilson took their Christmas dinner.

In the afternoon the President visited the troops in their billets.

CHAUMONT, Dec. 25 (Havas).—President Wilson reviewed the American troops at Langres, southeast of Chaumont, this afternoon, in accordance with the prearranged program. The review took place on the Langres plateau.

Accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, the President returned here and took a special train for the north coast, whence he will embark for England.

Chaumont a Picturesque Old City.

Until the armistice had been signed it was never permitted to mention Chaumont in connection with the American forces.

The exact whereabouts of the general headquarters of any force, allied or enemy, is never revealed during hostilities. The military reasons for the secrecy are obvious, and in this war the airplane made it even more necessary, for Chaumont lies but a little flight from what were long the German lines.

It is an old and picturesque city, quiet and conservative beyond even French provincialism. It has water and gas and electric lights, but no street railways and few places of amusement even in normal times. It lies in the centre of an agricultural and grazing district, is quite a seat of education and historically very interesting, as indeed is every city of its age in France.

There are really two Chaumonts, the ancient town with its narrow, tortuous street, its typical buildings with curious towers and buttresses and arches giving glimpses through half opened gates or iron grills of quaint gardens and quainter courts. Many of the streets are too narrow to permit the passage of wheeled vehicles, and the big staff motor cars find difficulty in navigating the best of the old town streets.

Extending outward on the high plateau upon which the city is located is a newer and more modern Chaumont, a region of fine homes with extensive grounds and comfortable residences of the well-to-do and middle classes. Here the wide boulevards are tree-lined and parked.

It is in this eastern part of the plateau that General Headquarters are located, occupying the French military post turned over to the Americans by the French. Its three great concrete barracks and numerous lesser buildings were renovated by the American staff, electric lights were installed, paint and whitewash called into play, and now in rooms where once the poilus were lodged the great Headquarters Staff works. Every office is connected by telephone, the central station being operated by American girls.

The three large barrack buildings form three sides of a great parade ground. In the centre building on the second floor are the offices of General Pershing, and no soldier's work place could be more severe. His own office and its reception room are precisely like every other office in the three buildings. The walls are whitewashed and practically barren of ornament except for some Liberty Loan posters. A plain flat-topped oak desk stands between the two windows, and round about a few plain yellow chairs. A stove and a table against the wall complete the furnishings.

Headquarters are situated on a wide, three lined boulevard, in the centre of which, between two more rows of fine old shade trees, is a spacious walk Until last Fourth of July this was known as the Avenue de Fort Lambert, but on Independence Day it was renamed the Avenue des Etats Unis, General Pershing being the guest of honor and making a speech in acknowledgment of the courtesy done his country.

At the beginning of the Avenue des Etats Unis, which starts from a beautiful little park, is a handsome residence, in which the Commander in Chief made his residence until last Spring. He then removed to a large and attractive château about five miles from the city. The fine old building lies in the beautiful Valley of the Marne, its spacious grounds, parks, and walks making an ideal home, where he can have the seclusion his responsibilities require, yet only a few minutes by motor to his offices at headquarters.

BOYS PRESIDENT'S GUIDES.

Asked Him for a Handshake After Giving Him Street Directions.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—L'Intransigeant, describing President Wilson's shopping tour with Mrs. Wilson, says that while they were strolling through the crowded streets on Monday they lost their way and asked two little boys where they were. The boys gave the needed information, and then one of them, doffing his cap, astonished the President by asking: "Might one shake hands with M. le Président?" The President shook hands with both boys heartily and wished them a merry Christmas before proceeding on his way.

After calling on Premier Clemenceau the President had his first experience with Parisian taxi drivers. He went downtown to continue his shopping, intending to walk home, but rain set in, and he was obliged to call a cab, which in the present crowded condition of the capital is a complicated and often exasperating experience, cabmen and taxi drivers generally being masters of the situation. President Wilson, however, though unrecognised, came through the ordeal without difficulty.

Mrs. Wilson distributed Christmas cakes and candy among the Paris orphan asylums.

ROMANONES WELL PLEASED.

Satisfied with Paris Conferences on the Moroccan Question.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—During the recent visit here of Count Romanones, the Spanish Premier, extended consultations are reported to have been held by the Premier with French and American statesmen regarding the Moroccan question, which was discussed in both its military and financial phases. The future status of Gibraltar is said also to have come up for consideration.

On his arrival in Madrid, Premier Romanones is understood to have expressed great satisfaction over the result of his conferences.

It was reported in Paris on Dec. 23 that Premier Romanones planned to return to Paris in the near future to confer with allied and American representatives over questions vitally concerning Spain. In connection with the status of Gibraltar, it was asserted in some quarters that the Spanish Premier contemplated raising the question of its return to Spain, that country expressing willingness, if necessary, to concede Ceuta, on the Moroccan side of the strait, to Great Britain in exchange for Gibraltar, holding that possession of Ceuta by the British would afford equal strategic advantage in modern warfare.

WANT UNION WITH ITALY.

Eastern Adriatic Deputies Present Their Case to Col. House.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—Italian Deputies of the redeemed provinces who represented their districts in the Vienna and Budapest Parliaments and came to Paris expressly for the purpose of submitting their case to the American Mission have been received by Colonel E. M. House. Through Colonel House the Deputies presented a memorial to President Wilson. The Deputies are Pitacco for Trieste, Bennati for Istria, Zanella for Fiume, and Ghigle Anovich for Zara.

The memorial recites that their country has been for 2,000 years Italian; that Trieste has suffered under Austrian oppression for five centuries, and Dalmatia since 1797 has endured all kinds of persecutions to defend its nationality. The people of the districts, says the memorial, have fought in all wars for Italian independence and participated in the present war with 4,000 men.

Regarding the annexation of the Trentino, Trieste, and Istria the memorial says there is no question that can be raised, but adds that Fiume, being a free city, similar to Bremen and Lubeck, has the right to decide its own government, and that any contrary decision would be against the principles proclaimed by President Wilson. Fiume has already shown by a plébiscite her determination to be united with Italy.

Dalmatia has 310 miles of coast, of which Italy claims less than 100 miles, comprising the cities of Zara, Sebenico, and Spalato, besides the greater part of the Dalmatian Isles. Austrian statistics, says the memorial, indicate that in Spalato and Sebenico the majority of the population are Slavs; but this assertion is as little justified in fact as that based upon the German statistics which represent 87 per cent. of the inhabitants of Alsace-Lorraine as German.

Besides the ports of Antivari and Dulcigno, formerly belonging to Montenegro, and eventually that of Scutari, the districts will have the excellent ports of Portore, Buccari, Segni, Metcovich, Ragusa, Gravosa and the military port of Cattaro, capable of sheltering the entire American fleet. These ports are connected by railway with Mostar, Serajevo, Belgrade, and Agram, thus assuring to Serbia, Croatia, Slavonia, Bosnia, and Herzegovina direct communication to the sea. Furthermore the memorial says, Italy is ready to make Trieste and Fiume free ports for every country.

URGES QUICK PUBLICITY FOR PEACE PARLEYS

British Editor Wants the Results of Discussions Made Known as the Conference Goes On.

MANCHESTER, Dec. 24.—"When we speak of eliminating secrecy, we do not, of course, mean that reporters should attend the Peace Conference, but that, though the discussions are private, the results should be published, and that not at the close of the negotiations, but throughout them."

This view was expressed today by C. P. Scott, editor of The Manchester Guardian, in a talk with The Associated Press on the question of secrecy at the Peace Conference.

"Naturally, there are drawbacks," continued The Guardian's editor. "Delicate matters, involving special national interests and national pride, may in some ways be more difficult of adjustment when made subject of public controversy; but, on the other hand, the only means of bringing effective pressure to bear in the general interest against particular interests is by publicity.

"Doubtless public discussion would need to be conducted with restraint and under a sense of responsibility and with unbroken friendliness. That would be the duty of the public everywhere, who would then become in a real sense parties to a negotiation in which the interests of all are involved. It would be the duty of the newspapers, so powerful in this matter, to assist. But the fundamental reason for breaking with the old tradition of secrecy arises out of the very conception and the primary object of the conference.

"The conference is, or ought to be, the coming together of the nations in the world in the common interest of the world and for the attainment of objects in which all are equally concerned. As long as this motive and object are dominant there is no reason for secrecy. Publicity is the surest means of keeping them dominant.

"As the President has well said, the international relation we now seek to establish is the relation of understanding and of friendship. We had better begin as we intend to go on. Again, though the primary object of the conference is to establish and maintain this relation of amity between the nations, there is no intention or possibility of overriding essential national rights. The nation, rightly regarded and defined, remains as the distinctive unit in the new order even more definitely than in the old, but a League of Nations involves, rightly and of necessity, certain restrictions on independent national action subversive of the common weal.

"The nature and limits of these restrictions need to be deeply considered and carefully defined. Every nation has a right to know how much of its unrestricted and sometimes anarchic freedom of action it is expected to surrender, and for this also frank and open discussion is needed in order to remove natural prejudice and meet all reasonable objections.

"Lastly—or perhaps we should put this consideration first of all—we are here concerned with defining the rights and building up the effective union of the free peoples—with making, to use a famous phrase, the world safe for democracy, the abiding home of freedom. But freedom implies free play of public opinion and popular forces. It would be wholly inconsistent with this conception of social organization and of government to hide from the peoples the making of the structure of freedom in which they are hereafter to dwell. Such a procedure of concealment belongs to the era when 'sovereigns and statesmen' were to ordain and peoples to obey and follow. All Europe is saying good-bye to that and joining her voice to that of America. We must take counsel together on the ground of the future, not of the past."

JUGOSLAV CLAIMS SET FORTH IN DETAIL

They Include Gorizia, Trieste, Istria, and Dalmatia, National Council Says.

WILL NOT ACCEPT LESS

Settlement by Force Would Result in Far-Reaching Future Troubles, It Is Declared.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—A statement was issued at the headquarters of the Jugoslav National Council today in which it is asserted that the Allies had seriously contemplated according recognition to Jugoslavia but that this had been delayed by the "violent opposition of Italy."

"The dissolution of the Austrian Empire," the statement issued by the council says, "and the formation of new independent States in its stead, of which Czechoslovakia and Jugoslavia have already assumed definite lines, has to a great extent given prominence to the question, 'who is to represent the former empire at the Peace Conference'?

"The two formerly dominant races of Austria-Hungary, the Germans and the Magyars, have been abandoned by all their subject races and have shrunk to a negligible minority. It is out of the question to have them representing all the different peoples formerly under their sway. There is no doubt that an opportunity must be given to the Czechoslovaks, Jugoslavs, Poles, and Rumanians to bring their wishes and claims directly and by themselves before the Peace Conference.

"But there is some reluctance on the part of the Allies. These new States, excepting Czechoslovakia, have not been recognized as yet by the Allies. The recognition of Jugoslavia, which was seriously contemplated, has until now been delayed by Italy's violent opposition. But recently such momentous events have taken place in the development of the new Jugoslav State that the Jugoslav representation at the Peace Conference may be considered as assured.

"From now on the Jugoslavs of former Austria-Hungary do not appear as a single political organization. They have proclaimed and organized a common State with Serbia and Montenegro—two of the recognized allies—and the functions of this new State began the moment when a common Ministry was formed. The Vice Premier and the Foreign Minister in this new Ministry are Jugoslavs from former Austria-Hungary. Dr. Trumbich, the new Foreign Minister, does not represent the Jugoslavs from Austria-Hungary only, but Serbia as well. To ban the Jugoslavs from the Peace Conference would mean to ban Serbia and Montenegro also. The unification of all the Jugoslavs in one single State means, of course, the cessation of a separate Serbian or Montenegrin State, the new organization adopting the name State of the Slovenes, Croats, and Serbs.

"The delegation which will represent the new State at the peace conference will certainly include Dr. Trumbich, the new Foreign Secretary, and this means a very strong representation of the Jugoslav cause. The delegation will lay before the conference all Jugoslav claims as a single demand of the former Serbian and Montenegrin States and of the redeemed Jugoslavs.

"Territorial questions in Macedonia will be treated in the same spirit of unity and indivisibility as the Adriatic question. There is no preponderance of Serbia in the new State, all parts of Jugoslavia being put on an absolutely equal footing without any one's demand for an aegis or whatever kind of domination, and consequently there are no more separate Serbian and separate Jugoslav claims.

"The first thing the delegation will ask will be the full political and territorial recognition of the new State. The territorial claims, based upon the principle of justice and national self-determination, include in the new State all those territories where Jugoslavs live in compact mases and where they have formed since time immemorial an undisputed territorial continuity. These territories are Serbia and Montenegro, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia and Slavonia, Dalmatia, Carniola, Istria and Trieste, Gorizia, parts of Southern Styria, parts of Carinthia, Baoska, and parts of Banat and Megjumurje.

"Except in the Adriatic coast lands there is no dispute about the righteousness of the Jugoslav claims. Trieste and the western part of Istria have a majority of Italians, but Trieste is a component and indivisible part of the whole Jugoslav hinterland, whereas the proportion of the population in the whole of Istria shows 224,000 Jugoslavs as against 145,516 Italians. But Italy claims besides Istria and Trieste the whole of Gorizia and the greater part of Dalmatia, where the Italian population is negligible, being 108,147, as against 767,708 Jugoslavs.

"Between Italian imperialistic and Jugoslav national claims there cannot be any compromise whatever. Only force can impose upon the Jugoslavs acceptance, for the moment, of a decision contrary to their rights. Any unjust settlement would unavoidably result in far-reaching future trouble. The Jugoslav peace delegation will have to make this point clear to the Peace Conference and to induce the Allies and America to arrange a settlement such as will assure not only peace in the Adriatic, but the very necessary good relations between Italy and the Jugoslavs."

PAGE PRAISED IN LONDON.

Newspapers of Britain Refer to Him as a Great Ambassador.

LONDON, Dec. 25.—The London newspapers devote considerable space to notices of the death of Walter Hines Page, several using the heading "A Great Ambassador."

Good sense, personal integrity, tact and courage are among the virtues attributed to him and gratitude is expressed for the manner in which he handled the difficult questions between the United States and Great Britain in the early part of the war. In this connection it is cited that Mr. Page upheld his own country's course without losing the friendship of the British.

NEW PORTUGUESE CABINET.

Barbosa Becomes Premier and Minister of the Interior.

LISBON, Dec. 24.—A new Portuguese Ministry has been formed as follows:

Premier and Minister of the Interior—TAMAGNINI BARBOSA.
Finance—REIMAS.
War—CORTEREAL.
Marine—SOUZA FARO.
Justice—ALFONSO MELLO.
Commerce—AZEVEDO REVES.
Agriculture—FERNANDES OLIVEIRA.
Labor—FORBES BESSA.
Colonies—BAPTISTA COELHO.
Public Instruction—ALFREDO MAGALHAES.
Food—ACEVEDO.

Barcelona Factions in a Riot.

BARCELONA, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—Disorders occurred here last night between groups representing the Autonomy party and others from the Spanish Unity party. A police Lieutenant was shot and killed.

GERMAN CONDITIONS SEEN BY AMERICAN

By FREDERICK A. SMITH.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

production and eventually provide means to pay the heavy indemnities which all confidently forsee is submitted for the consideration of expert economists who are best able to estimate its practical logic.

People Angry at Deception.

Probably the best way to indicate how the Germans have been governed since the revolution will be a description of my progress from Metz through Thionville and thence onward to Berlin, amid the armies of the people who so bitterly resisted the American and Entente forces.

I heard the constantly reiterated assertion that the people had been deceived as to both military and economic conditions until the final crash of Ludendorff's highflown ambition, their first thought after learning the truth being to throw off the militaristic Hohenzollern yoke and then to turn to the promises of President Wilson for a just peace and the promise of food relief conditional on the preservation of law and order.

The Germans, so arrogant and full of hate a few months ago, now are apparently helpless and also hopeless, except for their faith in the disposition of America to aid. So, when I entered the country in search of the truth on conditions, I met little difficulty in obtaining opportunity for a full inquiry, independent of the authorities, in some cases, and being aided by the authorities at other times.

Soon after leaving Metz on Nov. 21 and crossing the border separating Germany and Alsace-Lorraine I overtook the army commanded by von der Marwitz, against which we fought the Argonne and Meuse battles. The troops were moving northward, my automobile skirting for hours the apparently interminable columns of tramping soldiers, rattling wagons, and plodding artillery.

Thus I was enabled to see the German armies' homecoming, and could not but contrast this with the fêtes witnessed in Paris after the signing of the armistice and the impressive ceremonies at Metz when the French officially took back Lorraine.

Troops Hailed as Heroes.

I saw wreaths of paper flowers tossed to the tired soldiers by women, children and old men on the country roads and village streets with ever-repeated cries of "Welcome home, heroes." I saw children giving the hungry warriors handsful of popcorn and one woman serving imitation coffee from the front window of a stone cottage. These things gave the first intimation of the food situation.

Many flags were afloat, including not only the black, red and white banner of Germany, but occasionally the red flag of the revolution. Across the roadways were stretched ropes entwined with evergreen and paper flowers, from which hung inscriptions of cheer and welcome. The day before there had been the annual celebration of the harvest of grapes and paper ribbons and bouquets of field flowers employed then were used a second time to lift the spirits of the returning men in gray.

Children shouted to the soldiers, congratulating them on "winning the war," their elders not having told the little ones that the passing troops were returning from lost battlefields. Later, as far east as Mainz, Frankfort, and Berlin, I saw preparations going forward to greet the beaten legions, always with a great show of flags.

The soldiers tried hard to conceal their downcast spirits at the disastrous results of the long struggle. They responded to the children's salutations and exchanged jests with the villagers as they passed on their weary way northward and eastward.

At Saarburg I first came in contact with the Arbeiter und Soldatenrat in the person of a young Lieutenant wearing a white brassard, who was directing the movements of the troops through the choked streets. He seemed astonished to see Americans beside the German ranks and stepped on our running board, listening intently to our explanation of the reason for entering Germany to get material with which to inform the American people on the main facts of food conditions. The Lieutenant not only told us to go ahead, but promised to have an Arbeiter und Soldatenrat representative at Treves to meet the car.

Sailor Rules at Treves.

At the outskirts of Treves a man in a sailor's costume, also wearing a white brassard, met the car, conducted us to a hotel and later introduced the Mayor and supplied our first credentials since crossing the border. This sailor, Fritz Harris, was one of the seamen who swarmed southward from Kiel after the warship crews mutinied there on Nov. 5 when ordered to take the ships to sea for a last battle against hopeless odds. Harris after arriving at Treves enlisted fifty other recruits in the revolutionary movement to disarm the 70,000 soldiers garrisoned at Treves and to win support for the revolution.

Harris is apparently dictating the entire administration of the big city, his orders being obeyed readily and apparently willingly by the former civilian rulers, including the Burgomaster, the railroad, telegraph and Post Office officials, and even the military leaders.

He arranged our progress by train to Coblenz, where we met an army Lieutenant with the inevitable white brassard who took us through scores of drowsy German soldiers in the station waiting rooms to a little chamber where he asked for our credentials and expressed astonishment when we said we had none except the slip of paper obtained by Sailor Harris in Treves. He said he was forced to ask us to remain in the room until he could arrange to take us before the local committee of the Eighth Army Corps District, thus indicating that we were under arrest, but he returned an hour later with an automobile and took us to a hotel, where in the dining room a group of revolutionary leaders awaited us. Red flags were on the wall.

In the centre of the group was Fritz Donath, until recently a Sergeant at the front, heavy jowled, with bristling pompadour and bombastic utterance. Donath, who is director of the affairs of Coblenz, asked the details of our plan to get food facts, volunteering that his own wife and children were suffering for want of nourishing fats and practically shoeless. His own shoes were of the heavy trench style.

Sergeant Commands General.

He said that he believed the time had arrived for a fuller understanding of German conditions. After a long colloquy in this picturesque chamber of the revolution, Donath sent for a Major General, who soon arrived. Formerly, when a General of the German Army entered any room the clicking heels of subordinates could be heard as they came to the salute, but it was not so with this band of rebels against Prussianism. The only salute for the General was an informal nod from Donath, who bluntly ordered him to get two military cars to take us on to Frankfort.

Proud of "Peaceful" Revolt.

While we were waiting for the cars, Donath asked us what the American attitude was toward the German people, and when referred to President Wilson's published statements said:

"Yes, he wanted us to throw out the militaristic rulers, and that red flag up there is our answer to that."

Donath characterized the revolution as the most peaceful in the history of the world's political upheavals, saying, "this is all the more remarkable for the reason that Germany had to throw out the rulers of twenty-five States and duchies instead of one." He proudly pointed to the fact that not a drop of blood was spilled in Coblenz on Nov. 9, 10, or 11 while the revolution was taking place.

The people, he said, had long awaited the moment to make the revolutionary stroke, the time being hastened by the rapidly developing food crisis. The soldiers, he remarked, had two hearts, one heart at the front and another at home with their wives and children. When they returned to their homes occasionally and found their families undernourished, he declared, they lost their spirit for further battling.

Donath said there was great need for food for those districts which were nonproductive, and asked that particular stress be laid on the need for fats, condensed milk, eggs, and leather. He insisted the delivery of transportation facilities to the Allies under the terms of the armistice had further aggravated the food crisis.

Leaving Coblenz, we motored under a brilliant moon along the Rhine, our Germany army chauffeur attaining such speed that it was impossible to make our glimpses of famous castles and towns more than momentary flashes. Dawn was adding to the beauties of the river and mountains as we left the Rhine and turned our faces toward Mainz and Frankfort.

Wilson Cheered at Frankfort.

Among the leaders of the workers and soldiers at Frankfort we found Herman W. Wendel, who also said that he favored publicity regarding German economic conditions. He was a member of the Reichstag and is now most active in revolutionary affairs.

Wendel said the German military breakdown was due primarily to the submarine program, which always was unpopular. He also declared that the breakdown was due in part to Ludendorf's meddling in politics after promising that the smash on the west front would be a peace offensive.

Wendel and Walter Loeb, another member of the Frankfort committee, invited us to a theatre, where a revolutionary leader was to speak. There we heard an address, in which a crowded house was assured that Germany's hope lay in President Wilson and America. A man in the centre of the throng arose, proposing three cheers for President Wilson and America, which were given with a great will, apparently being unanimous.

I saw many people and visited many stores in Frankfort, obtaining material for a comprehensive view of the food situation. An illuminating sidelight on Germany's eagerness to prove the need for food was the voluntary offer by the Frankfort authorities to send me to Berlin in an airplane because transportation conditions were so unsettled. It was thus that I was enabled to make the trip to the capital.

SAY MARINES SEIZED EBERT.

Berlin Advices State That Premier Was Released Later.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—Details of the clash between marines and Government troops in Berlin on the night of Dec. 23-24 are given in a Berlin dispatch received by way of Berne.

Efforts were made in vain to induce the marines to leave Berlin, and especially the castle where they had established themselves from the beginning of the revolution. They were informed that they would not receive their pay if they did not leave the castle.

The marines eventually occupied military headquarters, after sending a delegation to the military commander of Berlin demanding that 80,000 marks be paid to them. At the same time a detachment of marines attacked the soldiers occupying the university buildings. In an exchange of machine-gun fire three marines were killed and four wounded.

Later a delegation was sent to the Chancellor's palace to discuss the situation with Chancellor Ebert, Richard Barth, Secretary of the Independent Social Democratic Party, and Herr Landsberg, Socialist member of the Reichstag. The marines put these men under arrest, but after a long discussion they released them. The Berlin commander also was arrested and the amount of money alleged to be due the marines was seized.

CONFERENCE PLANS SLOWLY FORMING

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

resentation which Mr. Wilson probably has discussed with Premier Clemenceau.

Conditions which will confront the Peace Conference when it opens will not be unlike those marking the opening of a new Congress in the United States or a national convention.

In the first the House Clerk determines the tentative membership and in the second the Committee on Credentials prepares a tentative list of delegates. At the Peace Conference delegates must be prepared to present adequate credentials from their Legislature, King, President, or other executive authority.

It is thought probable that several countries on the tentative list will be closely restricted at the beginning, when broad questions of policy will be outlined. But additions to the list of delegates may be made later, when the conference gets down to details and general principles. Still later another class of nations may be admitted, including the Central Powers, to lay the foundations for the formal signing of peace treaties.

Theoretically these questions are subject to mutual examination and challenge in case of doubt, but actually, in the forthcoming conference, the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and later, perhaps, Belgium, by reason of sentimental considerations, will probably reach an understanding as to the admission of delegates.

The neutral powers will probably be allowed to participate when the stage is reached where it is desirable there should be a world-wide adoption of the plans prepared at the preliminary sessions for the permanent settlement of war issues and the assurance of permanent peace.

There are already indications that there will be applications from numerous small States, some of them existing before the war and others resulting from the collapse of Russia and the division of Austria and Turkey. In this category are the Zionists of Palestine, Arabs, Armenians, Georgians, and small Governments in Mesopotamia, which the British and French Governments have already promised recognition or protection.

The Czecho-Slovak Republic has been recognized already by most of the nations of the Entente and by the United States, Siberia, and Finland.

The Ukraine, Esthonia and numerous other fragments of Russia are seeking recognition.

It is expected that the leading powers will reach a preliminary agreement regarding the disposition to be made of these claimants, but this will be subject to the approval of the general conference when it is assembled.

It was pointed out today that these complexities of preliminary organization are almost identical with those that confronted the Vienna Congress and held off the actual assembling of that body many weeks.

FOURTEEN POINTS SUIT BERNSTORFF

Ex-Ambassador Says Germany Will Keep to Wilson's Program.

ONLY BASIS FOR REAL PEACE

Would Not Make ex-Kaiser a Scapegoat—Germany Washes Her Hands of Russia.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—"All the belligerents have accepted President Wilson's fourteen points, and the only question to be discussed is their interpretation," said Count von Bernstorff, former German Ambassador to the United States, in giving his opinion of what Germany's attitude would be at the Peace Conference, according to the Geneva correspondent of Le Matin.

"Germany," said the Count, "will keep to the President's program, which grants each people of an ethnical group the right to dispose of itself."

Asked if he thought the President's program would furnish the basis for a lasting peace, Count von Bernstorff shrugged his shoulders.

"This is the only one which can be proposed at present," he said, "and the attempt must be made to apply it. At any rate we shall support it."

When he was asked by the correspondent what attitude Germany would adopt toward the East, he replied:

"All the questions concerning the new States which have sprung up on the Russian frontier are the affairs of the Allies. Let them disentangle things as best they can. We wash our hands of Russia. We are content to safeguard as far as possible the integrity of our territory, consulting at the same time the will of the populations."

Asked about the White Book which Carl Kautsky is said to be preparing in Berlin, Count von Bernstorff said:

"I don't think the book will reveal the individual responsibilities of the persons who directed Germany in 1914. It will rather show the collective faults of the régime.

"I do not favor handing over the Kaiser to the Allies. A Sovereign is not responsible for the policy of his Government."

RHONE IN FLOOD AT LYONS.

Bridge Swept Away and Cellars in the City Inundated.

LYONS, Dec. 25.—Heavy rains and melting snow on the glaciers have swollen the Rhone to such an extent that most of the cellars and basements in this city have been flooded.

The bridge built in 1914 was swept away by the high and rapidly flowing waters. The entire plain both to the north and south of Lyons is inundated.

POPE NOMINATES BISHOPS.

The Revs. Joseph F. McGrath and Edmond Heelan Elevated.

ROME, Dec. 23.—Pope Benedict has nominated the Rev. Joseph F. McGrath, parish priest of St. Patrick's Church, Tacoma, Diocese of Seattle, to be Bishop of Baker City, Ore.

The nomination is also announced of the Rev. Edmond Heelan, parish priest of the Church of the Sacred Heart in Fort Dodge, Iowa, Diocese of Sioux City, as Titular Bishop of Gerasa.

COL. DYER'S TROOPS HOME.

Seventy-third Regiment of Coast Artillery Arrives at Camp Devens.

AYER, Mass., Dec. 25.—The 73d Regiment, Coast Artillery Corps, which barely missed getting into action in France, arrived at Camp Devens today for examination and discharge. The regiment, headed by Colonel T. F. Dyer of Boston and composed of 1,415 men and 38 officers, was in France for two months and was almost ready to join in the fighting when the armistice was signed. The men are nearly all from New England.

The returned soldiers joined with those at the camp who had not obtained Christmas leave in a lively celebration of the holiday. Turkey and plum pudding were abundant at every mess, and in many cases the men had as their guests members of their families. Tonight there were Christmas trees in several of the camp buildings, while in others there were dances and entertainments of many kinds.

Many of the Christmas gifts were supplied by girls' schools and women's colleges in New England.

HOOVER CALLS FOR MORE SHIPS

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

driven out of Northern France by the Germans. They have been cared for out of the meagre stores of the Belgians and by the Commission for Relief in Belgium. They are, however, like homing pigeons in their resolve to return to their native villages. As there is no transportation, the roads southward into France are a continuous stream of these pitiful groups of men, women and children, pulling their carts and trudging through the cold and wind toward their destroyed homes. Everything is being done that is humanly possible, but in the present state of demoralization, with moving armies, the necessity of using every truck and horse with which to feed the population, their plight is heartbreaking. They refuse all persuasion to wait in the crowded Belgian villages until their affairs can be organized.

"The Americans of the Relief Commission are working night and day providing shelter stations, clothing and food for them, but like many other human migrations in Europe today, there is no solution to the suffering that must go on.

"One of the great difficulties of the Belgians lies in the enforced currency circulation imposed upon them by the Germans. This currency runs into millions of paper money and presents an extremely difficult financial problem to the Government.

"The Belgian Government is rapidly taking hold, the Belgian manufacturers are engaged everywhere in the rehabilitation of their works so far as materials are available, and the spirit of Belgium was never better than today. The Belgians are resolved to find a solution of their manifold difficulties with as little assistance as possible from the outside. They are, of course, dependent upon continued Government financial advances for the provision of imports pending German indemnity and the reconstruction of their export business."

TO SEND A RELIEF SHIP.

Physicians, Nurses, and Supplies for the Near East.

An American relief expedition carrying physicians, nurses, and supplies will sail next month for the Near East, according to an announcement made yesterday by the American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief.

"The United States Government," the statement said, "has loaned to the committee a 7,000-ton transport which will sail about the middle of January with a commission of agricultural experts, doctors, nurses, medical supplies, and great numbers of modern American farm implements which will be used in increasing next year's crops."

The committee made public a number of cable dispatches received by it, by J. P. Morgan & Co., and by the State Department, setting forth the needs of the people in the Near East and describing conditions of starvation and death.

One message, signed by Charles P. Gates, President of Robert College, said the situation was "desperate." Dispatches from Turkey said 2,000,000 deported Armenians, assembled at various towns in hopes of returning to their homes, were starving, and that only 40,000 of these might survive. Without immediate relief only one-quarter of Armenia's population could live until the next harvest, the death rate amounting to 20,000 monthly.

CAPTIVE AMERICANS FOUND.

Wounded Men Discovered in Strassburg Hospitals by Y. M. C. A.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—The wounded American prisoners who were found in the Strassburg hospitals by the Y. M. C. A. on Nov. 23 were as follows:

Lieutenant J. Arthur O'Toole of the Aviation Service, 825 Pavonia Avenue, Jersey City; broken leg Sept. 12.

Lieutenant W. W. Manneda of the Aviation Service of Pittsburgh; shot twice, now recovering.

Sergeant Elmer Auchenpaugh, 273 Eighty-ninth Street, Brooklyn; shot in left leg July 21.

Privates George Hengel, Wanda, Minn.; Jeff Quion, Glencoe, Ala., leg off at knee; John Bowers, Cheboygan, Mich.; David Holland, 10 North Delaware Avenue, Atlantic City; Charles Menger, 242 Sumpter Street, Brooklyn, shot in back and leg, convalescent; James Matchett, Glenwood, Iowa, left leg off below knee; George Dahlquist, 100 West 100th Street, New York; James M. Scott, 126 New York Avenue, Brooklyn; David Hamaker, Columbia, Penn.; Charles West, Bloomsburg, Penn.; Fred Fuenther, Stratford, Wis.; Corporal Ben Nasser of 465 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

Louis Probst, Louisville, Ky., died in a Strassburg hospital Nov. 28 of angina pectoris after an explosive bullet wound.

The Y. M. C. A. also found Lieutenant Richard Aldworth of the Aviation Service of San Antonio, who had escaped from Karlsruhe, as well as Private Edward Prunier of 248 West Hazel Street, New Haven, Conn.; Private Percival Barnes of New Haven, Private Albert Kail of Philadelphia, and Private Robert Ring of the 5th Regiment of Marines, all of whom had walked from Darmstadt. They left thirty-five Americans there. They obtained food and clothing from the Red Cross, and athletic equipment, tobacco, and money from a Y. M. C. A. man in Berlin.

TWO PHYSICIANS ATTACKED.

Dr. Selkin May Die as Result of Assault by Demented Seaman.

Two young doctors, Isaac Glassman, 25 years old, and Solomon Selkin, 29 years old, living at 182 Lexington Avenue, were attacked yesterday afternoon by a Spaniard, who slashed them so severely they both were taken to Bellevue Hospital. Selkin has a deep gash in the throat and may die. Glassman is suffering from cuts on the face and right forearm.

The assailant, who described himself as Demetrius Lopez, 34 years old, a seaman, living at 48 West Fifteenth Street, was arrested and locked up at the East Thirty-fifth Street Police Station on a charge of felonious assault.

Dr. Glassman told the police that the man came to his office and asked for Dr. George Tunison, who had been treating him. When told that he was not in Lopez became excited and drew a razor and slashed Dr. Selkin, who was near him, in the throat. Then he cut Glassman on the face and arm and ran into the street. Glassman ran after the assailant and caught him at Lexington Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street. He handed the man over to a detective. The police said last night that Lopez was incoherent and apparently suffering from temporary insanity.

BOLSHEVIKI MENACE CUBA.

Press Says Labor Elements Are Risking Their Very Independence.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Cuba, Nov. 30.—Two general strikes in Cuba within a period of thirty days, completely tieing up labor of almost every description, with demonstrations in which the red flag is displayed to the exclusion of the national emblem, are causing serious consideration here about how it is all to end. The questions are being asked whether Cuba is to fall a victim of the Bolsheviki, if such tendencies are to provoke another American intervention, or if the people will come to a realization of the dangers they are running and call a halt in time.

Some of the Cuban newspapers view the situation most seriously, and frankly tell the labor elements that they are risking the very independence of their country. Other newspapers view the situation as only a passing affair, and express the belief that all will work out all right. Some newspapers even treat the situation humorously, as can be judged by the following editorial translated from La Noche, one of Havana's most widely read evening newspapers:

"The Darwinian theory of the descent of man from monkeys could be demonstrated here in Cuba with the greatest ease. No other being on earth shows so highly developed as the Cuban, the simian instinct of imitativeness. The Cuban adapts and imitates with marvelous celerity, and as Bolshevism is just now the fashion, the Cuban feels himself a Bolshevist. He has gone crazy on strikes, and believes that on stepping-stones of any one of these general strikes he will rise to be a Lenine and convert the Congress into a Soviet—false concepts of labor movements which happily do not involve political problems."

It is one of the happy things about Cuba that no matter how serious a matter may appear to be, the danger is often eliminated by treating the subject as a joke, and it may be that the editorial of La Noche will have this very effect. The Cuba Railroad Company and the many merchants who have suffered hundreds of thousands of dollars in damages resulting from the strike that has tied up the three eastern provinces for weeks, may not, however, be able to see the point of the joke.

Influenza Epidemic in Guatemala.

SAN SALVADOR, Dec. 25.—Advices received here from Guatemala report Spanish influenza prevalent there, and say that it has caused the death of a number of persons. The sanitary arrangements for the cities have been taken over by doctors from the United States.

WANT 150,000 MEN SENT TO RUSSIA

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

meteff, the Ambassador to America; Maklakoff, Ambassador to France, and several others. They are in daily session at the Russian Embassy, and have conferences planned with President Wilson and Premiers Clemenceau, Lloyd George, and Orlando.

Until such time as these men have a Government back of them their chief appeal to the Allies is for intervention, but they are not altogether hopeful. When Prince Lvoff was in America recently, on his way to London and Paris, President Wilson was distinctly opposed to intervention. Nevertheless, it is the hope of the Russians that President Wilson will change his attitude on the question, that hope being based on Wilson's determination to have a League of Nations and the realization that such a league would be impossible with a great country like Russia out of it and in a state of anarchy, a breeding place for the Bolshevism that menaces the world.

But another disturbing fact not hitherto revealed is that the Russians are not entirely sure of the real attitude of France and England in the matter of intervention. Public and newspaper comment in these countries is eager to intervene with armies, but the Russians would like to see some tangible evidence in the way of troops before it is too late. The truth is that the allied Governments, realizing the war-weariness of their populations after the last four years, and knowing the attitude of the Labor and Socialist Parties, hesitate to risk the possible political consequences of sending large forces to fight in Russia.

The desire on the part of Lvoff and his associates is for 150,000 troops. They are confident that such an army, co-operating with the anti-Bolshevist native forces, would be sufficient to save the country. So far as restoration of order without help from the outside is concerned, the Russians are basing what hope they have on Admiral Kolchak and General Denikine.

PARIS, Dec. 25, (Associated Press.)—The allied Governments have decided against further intervention in Russia, at least for the present, according to indications from official circles.

Stephen Pichon, French Foreign Minister, explained the situation at length to the Committe on Foreign Relations yesterday. He said that the solution at present favored was to guarantee moral support to the Governments which have sprung up at various points on Russian and Siberian territory.

CHURCH QUESTION UP IN MEXICAN SENATE

Project to Lift Barrier Against Clergy of Foreign Birth Embraced in Proposals.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 25.—The church question in Mexico has been placed before the Senate. Secretary of the Interior Berlanga, who was commissioned by President Carranza to study the question, has presented proposed amendments to Article 130 of the present Constitution.

Paragraphs 7 and 8 of Article 130, which provide that only the Legislatures of the States may determine the maximum number of ministers of religious creeds according to the necessities of each locality, and that it is necessary to be of Mexican birth in order to be a minister of religion in Mexico are to be annulled, according to the plan. A proposed change in Paragraph 6, Article 27, states that immovable properties of the clergy and religious institutions, if acquired by private persons, will be subject to Article 27 of the Constitution, providing for nationalization.

The recommendations and report cover more than 7,000 words.

RETURN LINERS TO PACIFIC.

Crack C. P. R. Ships, Used as Transports, to Resume Sailings.

Announcement was made yesterday that the two new 17,000-ton Canadian Pacific steamships, Empress of Russia and Empress of Asia, which have been used for transporting American troops to France, have been released and will be placed on the regular run between Vancouver and Japan and China for the coming season.

The Empress of Asia will go to the Far East via the Panama Canal and make her first sailing from Vancouver on Feb. 20, followed by the Empress of Russia. They make the voyage from Vancouver to Yokahama under eleven days.

C. E. Benjamin has been appointed Passenger Traffic Manager of the Atlantic and Pacific services of the Canadian Pacific Ocean services.

CALMING ANGRY SOLDIER.

He Said Paris Gendarmes Couldn't Talk, but "Just Make Noises."

PARIS, Nov. 30.—He was spluttering with the helpless indignation of the man who wants to tell folks what he thinks of them and can't pronounce the words, when he came into the Y. M. C. A headquarters. Two gendarmes with ferocious mustaches and friendly eyes shepherded him into the room.

"L'Américain," they announced, simply, and turned way with the air of those who have done their duty. They had learned that the Y. M. C. A. would always look after the American soldier in France.

"What's the matter?" asked the Secretary.

"Matter? There ain't anything the matter with me," said the soldier angrily. "You better ask them policemen what's the matter with them. Say, they couldn't hold down a job ten minutes in New York. They can't even talk—just make noises."

"What did you want to talk to them about?" inquired the Y. M. C. A. man.

"Oh, I just want to ask the way back to the station, that's all. I left my rifle and my pack in the corner, and came up to see Paris. Now I've got to go back to catch my train."

"Where do you live back home?" asked the Y. M. C. A. man.

"Brooklyn," said the American soldier.

"I'll just telephone and find out where you left your rifle and your pack," said the Y. M. C. A. man.

A few minutes later he was ready with the information, and with directions for getting "back to the station."

"Thanks," said the American. "I sure am much obliged. But, say, Paris is a funny place, ain't it? A little cleaner than New York, maybe, but, say, I'd rather be a wart on the nose of the Goddess of Liberty than the whole Eiffel Tower."

He turned abruptly and went out.

PEACE CHRISTMAS BRINGS JOY TO CITY

Churches Voice Nation's Gratitude for Return of Spirit of Good-Will.

MEN IN SERVICE ARE FETED

Dinners and Home Welcomes for Those Who Made a True Christmas Possible.

CHEER BROUGHT TO POOR

Charitable Organizations and Police Provide Comforts for Those in Need.

Solemn church services throughout the city yesterday marked the first peace Christmas since 1913. Praise of the victory of right over might, prayers for the success of the Peace Conference and the singing of joyful carols marked the day in the churches. New York City was crowded with soldiers and sailors, who were guests of the various war service organizations and of private individuals. The streets were thronged with holiday crowds.

Hymns and carols were sung before the Tree of Light in Madison Square last night and around similar trees in other squares in the city. Thousands of children were made happy by the police, who invited the youngsters to the station houses as their guests. Presents were distributed and the children took part in the celebrations around the Christmas trees in the police stations.

The Salvation Army, instead of seeking out the individual out of work, sought out the families of men in the service and provided them with dinners, and with toys for the children. Dinners were provided also for the poor at the settlement houses and other places.

At St. John the Divine.

At the Cathedral of St. John the Divine yesterday morning an audience besprinkled with the uniforms of allied and American soldiers heard Dean Howard C. Robbins deliver his Christmas sermon. Taking as his text St. Luke 2:7, he said that for the last five years "there had been very little room for Him," because of the holocaust which had swept the world.

Dean Robbins dwelt upon the importance of the Versailles Peace Conference and exhorted his hearers to pray daily for the success of the deliberations of the statesmen of the world.

"Their most important work," he said, "will be the safeguarding of the future and the building of a peace on a foundation of peace and justice for all. Pray for those men that they may have the fullest light and inspiration."

The musical service was semi-patriotic in character, culminating in the congregational singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner." As the opening strains of the national anthem resounded in the cathedral the sun, which a moment before had been hidden behind a cloud, shone forth, and a shaft of light shone through the window on the Stars and Stripes, which were held by a boy in the altar inclosure, illuminating its folds.

Old Trinity was crowded at its principal service. Dr. William T. Manning, the rector, took the message of "Glory to God in the highest and on earth peace, good will to men," as his subject. He rejoiced in the return of peace and characterized the men in our country's service as "the soldiers of the Prince of Peace."

"This Christmas speaks to us as no other Christmas has ever done, of the blessed meaning of peace," Dr. Manning said. "We thank God today for the ending of a frightful war, but we thank Him still more that through this war He has shown us the real meaning of peace. We realize more clearly that we did that peace does not mean more material comfort—mere freedom from bodily struggles and danger nor cowardly acquiescence in wrong and evil—we see that peace is a matter of the soul. If America had stood passive in this war and refused to take her part in it, that would not have brought us peace. It would have brought us unending shame."

"It is not the mere fact that hostilities have ended, that Germany is defeated, that gives us peace. It is the fact that although late in entering, we had part in the great battles for righteousness; that when the great call came we did not fail. It is our brave soldiers and sailors who have won peace for America. They have upheld the right at the risk of their own lives. In France or wherever they are we send our Christmas greetings. They are the soldiers of the Prince of Peace."

Church of Ascension Service.

Pablo Casals, the cellist, took part in the services at the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street. He played a sonata by Sammartini, "Ariesa," by Bach, and two other numbers. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, the rector, spoke on the significance of Christ's life in the light of war.

War, he said, showed us the natural man, whose elemental tendencies were more or less degrading and brutal. Jesus revealed to the world opposite traits, Dr. Grant continued—characteristics worthy of emulation by men. It was Jesus, he declared, who had the "supreme audacity" to say to men, "You are the sons of God," urging them to give rather than to try to possess. As a Christmas message he urged capital and labor to get together and end, as he termed it, the unscrupulous use of wealth and the exploiting of the weak by the strong. He expressed the hope that men would be more just and humane in their relations with one another.

At the Christmas Pontifical Mass in St. Patrick's Cathedral before a large congregation, the Rev. Thomas J. McCluskey, S. J., of Boston College, asserted that President Wilson's Fourteen Points were not hollow phrases, but were, in fact, an enumeration of principles which should be embodied in any treaty of peace intended to free the world from war in the future. Father McCluskey insisted that the ideas of the President were, in fact, the ideas of 100,000,000 Americans.

The Solemn Pontifical Mass at 11 o'clock was celebrated by the Right Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, Auxiliary Bishop of the Archdiocese of New York, with Mgr. Michael J. Lavelle, acting as assistant priest. The deacon was the Rev. Bernard F. McQuade, and the subdeacon the Rev. Peter J. Fellitti. The masters of ceremonies were Mgr. Thomas G. Carroll, secretary to the late Cardinal Farley, the Rev. Joseph F. Dineen, secretary to Bishop Hayes, and the Rev. Henry F. Hammer of the Cathedral. The Very Rev. Mgr. John P. Chidwick, president of Dunwoodie Seminary, and 200 seminarians, occupied seats in the chancel. The music was under the direction of Joseph C. Unger. The space on the right of the High Altar was reserved for soldiers and sailors in uniform, who occupied seats to the number of nearly 500.

Father McCluskey, after discussing the doctrinal aspects of the birth of Christ, referred to war and expressed the hope that, following the Peace Conference, the nations of the world would "unite again on a doctrine of Christian philosophy which will recognize the rights of all men—the strongest as well as the weakest."

Father McCluskey at St. Patrick's.

"The meaning of this great feast day is fraught to us here in America with more than usual significance," Father McCluskey said. "For more than four years the countries of Europe have been deluged with blood. That blood was shed because of a false philosophy which said that the State was the fundamental in Government and that the ordinary man was merely a brute, and the State recognized no right for him to exist if opposed to the ideas of the State.

"It recognized no right of existence than that based upon might is right, and held that solemn treaties were mere scraps of paper to be torn asunder at the whim of the head of the State. That philosophy held that the State was omnipotent and that man, as man, had really no right to exist. That vile philosophy failed when the Christian instinct of America arose in its might and gave billions of its money and poured out the life blood of thousands of its best and bravest and youngest to help the nations that were being crushed to the earth by the supporters of that false philosophy. Glory be to God in the Highest, we triumphed in the struggle and today the battleflags are furled, let us hope forever!"

This country, the preacher said, went into the war with the highest ideals and with the belief that man and his family should not have peace and happiness taken from them by the State without their consent.

"We went into the war," Father McCluskey continued, "to make the world safe for democracy. Let us all today pray that as we make a world safe for democracy, we make a democracy safe for the world. This war was not won for a democracy founded on Bolshevism, not for a democracy founded on anarchy, not for a democracy founded on socialism, but for a democracy founded on the ideals of the American people—life, liberty, and happiness and protection for every man and his family.

"Our great and noble President did not merely announce hollow phrases. He meant what he said, and his ideas coincide with the ideas and ideals of each and every one of you who worship here this morning. His ideas are supported by one hundred million of good, loyal Americans. Let us pray that in the Peace Congress his ideals will prevail—self-determination for all nations, great and small—for Belgium, for Ireland, for Poland, and the other small nations of Europe.

"The European nations, tottering before the march of the false philosophy, looked upon us as their saviors, as we were. Without our assistance they would have been overcome. God forbid that they, at the peace table, will be false to the ideas of our nation. Let us pray that the right ideas and ideals will prevail, and that the nations of the world will unite again on a doctrine of Christian philosophy which will recognize the rights of all men, the strongest as well as the weakest."

Due to the non-appointment by the Pope of a successor to Cardinal Farley, the customary Papal blessing and plenary indulgence were not given at the end of the pontifical mass.

Visitors to the cathedral yesterday saw for the first time Cardinal Farley's red hat hung by a cord from the roof over the high altar, and close to the red hat of Cardinal McCloskey, Archbishop of New York and first American Cardinal. Cardinal Farley's red hat was handed to him by Pope Piux X., and will hang in the cathedral as long as the building stands.

Hundreds of soldiers and sailors attended the midnight mass held in the cathedral on Christmas eve. It was estimated that fully one-fourth of those who received holy communion at this service were men in the service of the nation. Four low masses celebrated in the morning hours yesterday preceding the pontifical mass were attended by thousands of worshippers.

SAILORS ACT AS HOSTS.

Crews of Transports Entertain Wards of City Institutions.

More than 1,200 children from various institutions and 300 newsboys from Jersey City and Hoboken were entertained at Christmas parties yesterday afternoon by the crews of the American transports Leviathan, George Washington and Kroonland, lying at the United States Army piers in Hoboken.

Music on the Leviathan was furnished by a band of forty pieces from the Hebrew Orphan Asylum. Dinner was served in the troop mess hall, which was formerly the grand dining saloon when the Leviathan was known as the Vaterland. The tables were set in rows and in the centre of the hall was a huge Christmas tree, brilliant with electric lights and so laden with presents that the children could hardly take their eyes from it.

When they were seated Chaplain McDonald said grace. Women from the Home Service and Canteen sections of the Red Cross carved and looked after the children, assisted by relatives and friends of the crew. There was plenty to eat, as the staff of cooks and bakers of the Leviathan had been getting ready for the feast since Tuesday morning. There were nearly 1,200 pounds of turkey, with sweet potatoes and all sorts of other good things. After dinner the guests arose and the band played the national anthem.

Captain Phelps of the Leviathan made a speech in which he told the orphans how pleased he was to see them there. The crew then presented a bouquet to Mrs. Blackman, wife of Commander Blackman, the executive officer of the Leviathan. A similar bouquet had been given to Mrs. Phelps on Christmas Eve. Then came Santa Claus, in the person of Chief Electrician Costello, who distributed the gifts to the children. The girls received dolls and the boys games and mechanical toys. As they passed out of the mess hall on their way to the Winter garden on the top deck to see the moving pictures each child received a half pound of candy and a Christmas card.

The transport George Washington, which conveyed President Wilson to France, had a big Christmas tree in the troop mess hall, and also a dinner to which the crew invited 150 newsboys. Presents were given to them after a good dinner was served. More than 150 newsboys were entertained in a similar manner on the Kroonland.

The members of the crews of the United States Shipping Board vessels who had to remain on board yesterday had turkey and plum pudding dinners, and those at sea had the same kind of feast. There was much merrymaking by the crews of all the merchant ships in port. Sailors were entertained at dinner at the Seamen's Church Institute, 25 South Street.

15,000 AT TREE OF LIGHT.

Soldiers and Sailors Join in Madison Square Celebration.

The Tree of Light in Madison Square brought together yesterday and last night a large gathering of merrymakers. Included among the 15,000 spectators were soldiers and sailors, many of them wounded; Red Cross nurses, representatives of the seven different war work organizations, Camp Fire Girls, and Boy Scouts.

The committee that has for the last seven years erected the Tree of Light had the co-operation of Orlando Rouland, who has been collecting musical instruments for the men in service. He induced many of the soldiers and sailors to bring their musical instruments to the library at Forty-second Street and Fifth Avenue and march in the parade to Madison Square.

The marchers formed in line headed by a Santa Claus brass band under the direction of the Salvation Army. As the parade approached the Christmas tree it suddenly glowed with 2,000 colored lights. At the top of the tree, seventy feet from the ground, a gold star shone.

The men in uniform were met by 300 Boy Scouts and 100 Camp Fire Girls, who escorted them to the tree. Oskenonto, a Mohawk Indian in chief's dress, released twenty-five homing pigeons which have seen service with the United States Signal Corps in France. Thousands of persons who had stood watching the pageant applauded spontaneously as the birds circled about the lighted tree and then started on their flight back to Governors Island. Then followed two hours of song, led by Harry Barnhart and the War Camp Community Service, in which every one joined.

The Tree of Light will be the centre of various celebrations during the week.

TREE IN CAPITOL ROTUNDA.

Baker Distributes Gifts to Children of Men in Service.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Children of Washington whose fathers are serving in the nation's fighting forces were guests of the War Camp Community service today at what was said to be the first Christmas celebration of its kind ever held in the rotunda of the Capitol.

A large tree from Mount Vernon was set up in the rotunda and Secretary of War Baker distributed the gifts and made an address to the little guests. He was assisted by 500 soldiers from nearby camps.

The day was celebrated quietly but whole-heartedly here. For the first time in the nation's history Christmas was not observed at the White House. Members of the Cabinet and Congress spent the day with their families.

50,000 IN SERVICE CHRISTMAS GUESTS

New York's Hearts and Homes Wide Open for Men in Khaki and Blue.

TURKEY AND GIFTS FOR ALL

Motor Rides, Shows, and Dancing Provided by Organizations and Private Citizens.

So widely did New Yorkers open their hearts, their homes, and their amusement places to men in khaki and blue yesterday that there can scarcely have been a soldier or a sailor in all the city to whom some one did not try to make it just a little bit like Christmas at home. Restaurants, theatres, clubs, canteens, private homes, and private automobiles all helped to care for an army of guests estimated as high as 50,000. The War Camp Community Service, which led in giving efficient direction to the town's spontaneous flood of good cheer; the National League for Women's Service, the Motor Corps of America, the Salvation Army, and the Red Cross managed most of the set functions, countless thousands of citizens took care of the rest. A feature in which several of these organizations participated was a flying squadron of motor buses and private cars which served throughout the day to bring men and amusement together.

The War Camp Community Service had assembled more than 10,000 Christmas stockings, bulging with things to eat and handy things to use or wear. These were distributed at all the sleeping units, so that every uniformed man in a canteen awoke to find some one had remembered him. It supplied as well nearly 15,000 theatre tickets, some of which it bought and others were donated by theatre managers or the Stage Women's War Relief. At the Pershing Theatre of the Pershing Club, opened by the service on Christmas Eve at Madison Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, there was continuous entertainment. This proved to be a favorite place for men who wanted to see vaudeville or to dance. A particularly pleasant phase of the day at the Pershing Club was the activity of the "Port of Missing Friends," through which many a lonesome youth, expecting to spend the day entirely among strangers, was put in touch with a pal lost in the troop movements.

All this work was helped out by many strangers, who called, often in their cars, at the service clubs, and gathered in whole families of young fellows to entertain for the day. One man dropped into the Hotel Earlington, left a hundred first-class seats for a theatre, and disappeared without leaving his name, and a moment later the Yale Club sent a whole fleet of automobiles there and gathered in several hundred uniformed guests for dinner in its home. Mrs. George T. Bliss, who gave the Bliss unit to the service, took every one of the hundred men who slept there to the Hotel McAlpin for an old-fashioned Christmas dinner. A long list of units of the service served Christmas dinners to their guests or surrendered them to some club, society, church or organization that they might be fed in bountiful style.

Organizations at Work.

The Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense was busy all day in a dozen different places providing dinners, Christmas trees and entertainments, and the Y. M. C. A. in all its branch clubhouses and elsewhere, as well as the Y. W. C. A., the Y. M. H. A., the Y. W. H. A. and the K. of C. each did its share.

Some 13,000 wounded and sick men in Base Hospital No. 3, at Eighteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, enjoyed a huge Christmas tree, glittering with red, white, and blue lights in the great foyer where the fountain of the old Greenhut store once stood, and which now is the rendezvous for those able to get about. At the base of the tree there was a grand piano, and John McCormack and lesser vocal lights helped make things merry. There was a Christmas dinner at noon, and later the Red Cross distributed among all the men packages of razors, cigarettes, candy, and other things, useful, ornamental or nourishing. There was a big entertainment in the evening to round out a day during which everything possible was done to help the men forget their troubles. From this and all the other big hospitals there poured all day long streams of the more fortunate, able to go elsewhere for their entertainment, and faced almost always with the necessity of choosing among a dozen places to go.

One hundred and twenty-five men in Polyclinic Hospital, nearly all suffering from gunshot wounds, received from the Red Cross and other organizations walking sticks and packages of appropriate gifts, while all but a few of the men were entertained at dinner at the Hotel Gotham.

Among the 1,500 men in the debarkation hospital at Grand Central Palace, opened Christmas Eve, the Red Cross distributed canes and swagger sticks marked "Red Cross, 1918." There were Protestant and Catholic services, and a generous distribution of gifts contributed through the Woman's Home Companion, followed by an entertainment for which the Stage Women's War Relief furnished much of the talent.

At Columbia Base Hospital No. 1 in the Bronx there was a Christmas dinner, a distribution of presents by the Red Cross, and choral singing by members of the Y. M. C. A.

The Salvation Army workers toiled all day in the hospitals, seeking out particularly those who had no friends, and who might, by some chance, have been neglected. Its workers turned gloom into good cheer for many a forlorn patient.

The New York Athletic Club entertained 300 soldiers and sailors with a dinner, a distribution of gift boxes, a vaudeville and musical entertainment, and just a bit of speech making. Employes of The New York World were hosts to 120 uniformed men in The World restaurant, following their dinner with an elaborate vaudeville entertainment, and a distribution of good things to be taken away.

The American Army Association had as its guests in the 71st Regiment Armory relatives of men in the 77th Division. There was a huge Christmas tree and after families of each regiment had gathered in a designated place gifts were handed out to the children. The Fort Hamilton post band played, Santa Claus rode about the armory in a pony cart, and the little ones feasted their eyes on a Punch and Judy show, a performing dog, and a magician.

A Message from Baker.

The Rocky Mountain Club staged one of the largest individual affairs of the day, playing host to some 1,200 soldiers and sailors at a Christmas dinner at the Hotel Astor. Later there was a program of eighteen vaudeville acts. Seventeen Senators sent their greetings, since they were unable to be present, and after the Rev. William T. Manning had asked a silent blessing, Herbert Wall, who presided, read this message from Secretary Baker:

> It is with the greatest regret that I find myself unable to join you in your partition of turkey and its allies among your soldier and sailor guests. Please give them my heartiest holiday wishes that there may be no internal disagreement between the partitioned and partitioners and that their Christmas celebration may be as happy as any that good will can assure good digestions.

There were English, Canadian and Australian soldiers there, as well as Americans, and every man had some token to take away with him. The National Honor Guard of the United States, an organization of girls, was busy all day visiting hospitals and carrying all sorts of gifts to sick and wounded.

Men in nearby military camps were cared for as well as those in the city. At Camp Upton the celebration started with a midnight mass, and thousands participated in the subsequent entertainment on the elaborately decorated plaza between Y. M. C. A. headquarters and the camp chapel. All the welfare organizations helped in making the men happy and special attention was paid to those in hospital. At Camp Dix the 15 per cent. of the normal population which remained in camp was entertained by performers from New York and Philadelphia. The men dined on turkey and each got a gift package. At all the other camps there were similar celebrations.

More than 5,000 sailors at the Pelham Bay Naval Training Station started Christmas morning with religious services at the Y. M. C. A. huts, where the men joined in Christmas carols. There was a Christmas dinner at noon, and in the afternoon there were vaudeville entertainments at the huts. A big Christmas tree on the parade ground was illuminated at night.

FEED FAMILIES OF SOLDIERS.

Salvation Army and Volunteers of America Look After Dependents.

It was a Christmas of a new kind for the Salvation Army this year. Instead of making its chief effort the furnishing of a bountiful dinner for the hundreds of men out of work who reported regularly upon holidays to the Salvation Army refuges in all parts of the city, the organization sought out the thousands of families of soldiers who might have felt the pinch at this season and saw that they had baskets of food full enough for a large Christmas dinner—and for several days after.

Officers of the army said that it was not because the Salvation Army had willingly given up the custom of caring for the old men and others out of work, but because there were few men out of work who would visit the refuges for the Christmas dinner as in other years. Like the breadline, the Christmas dinner for the "down-and-outer" has passed out with the high wages and the plentitude of work of the war. Old men as well as young have been able to find work at good wages, so that they were able to eat their dinners this year where they chose instead of relying upon the spirit of the season to furnish it for them.

In former years it was the custom of the Salvation Army to take the 9th Regiment Armory in Fourteenth Street as a base for distribution of supplies and to hand out baskets for cripples and all other persons who were unable to come to the armory themselves. Then a dinner was furnished to all other needy persons who asked for it. This year investigators were sent out to find the needy families, with special instructions to search for the families of men in the service of their country, and then baskets of food, regulated in size by the number of persons in the family, were delivered to the houses from four central depots. In the search the cripples and the needy who received their baskets in other years were not forgotten, and the officers said last night that more than 5,000 families got their Christmast dinners from the organization.

Similar work of supplying the families of men in the service was undertaken by the Volunteers of America, instead of making their chief effort the handing out of baskets without preliminary investigation, and more than 5,000 families received their Christmas dinners from that organization at branches throughout the city and in Jersey City. In this work they had the assistance of the Bowling Green Association and several nursing societies. The Prison League Department of the organization also saw that the families of men in prison did not miss the usual Christmas dinner because of lack of means to buy it.

In all the city institutions organizations and citizens, as well as the city officials and the institution wardens, came forward as in other years and the meals that were served everywhere would have shocked the Federal Food Administration if Mr. Hoover had not removed all the food regulations just in time to prevent infractions. In the Tombs the usual bountiful Christmas dinner was served after a concert of music and singing by the trusties and other persons who volunteered to entertain the prisoners. About 475 prisoners enjoyed the relaxation of the rules. In the Jefferson Market prison the number of guests at the Christmas dinner was much smaller than in other years, and only about fifty men were there. In addition to the usual prison Christmas dinner a large quantity of candy was sent to the women prisoners by an anonymous woman living in Washington Square. Similar dinners were served at the Harlem prison and all the others in the city.

All the patients in the hospitals, both city and private institutions, had as pleasant a Christmas as could be made for them by those anxious for their welfare and happiness, with even more attention than usual to the children's wards. More than 1,400 were able to observe the season in Bellevue Hospital, and in addition to the dinner each one of 300 children in the special ward received a gift. In the Harlem Hospital two large Christmas trees were put up in the children's wards, and a show by volunteer actors was added to the dinner and the gifts. All in the Gouverneur Hospital had gifts and a good dinner, and the authorities there also sent out several hundred baskets to the needy families in the neighborhood.

Christmas celebrations in the police stations and in the settlement and community houses also were continued yesterday, with several hundred children calling for presents and dinners. More than 2,000, between 3 and 12 years old, called at the East Thirty-fifth Street Station yesterday, and several hundred were the guests of Fourth Deputy Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis and Mrs. Wallis with the police of the Brownsville Station, at 2 Liberty Avenue, Brooklyn. The Second Avenue Boys' and Girls' Clubs entertained 500 children at 324 East Fifty-first Street, and thirty boys under quarantine received dinner and presents at the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin at 375 Lafayette Street.

Elks' lodges in all parts of the city and in Jersey City, Newark, and Hoboken yesterday observed their annual custom of giving aid to the poor. At the Elks' Club, in West Forty-third Street, near Sixth Avenue, more than 3,700 women and children called yesterday to attend the entertainment that was going on continuously from noon until after 8 o'clock in the evening. Each child received as a gift some warm article of clothing, with a toy or game. Needy mothers received a bag containing chicken, potatoes, sugar, coffee, and other food sufficient for several days. More than 500 children were entertained by the Elks in Newark and 100 families received food for a week.

Two hundred children who were made orphans during the influenza epidemic were entertained at the Seaside Hospital at Newdorp, Staten Island, by Royal S. Copeland, the Health Commissioner, who acted as the disbursing agent of a fund raised by citizens of Richmond. Each child received a new outfit of clothing, with a good meal, candy, and presents. There was also an entertainment for them, with music and dancing.

The employes of the Robins Dry Dock and Repair Company at the foot of Beard Street, Brooklyn, gave 5 per cent. of their wages to provide Christmas entertainment for children in South Brooklyn, and William H. Todd, President of the Todd Shipyards Corporation, doubled the $10,000 raised in that way. About 1,600 children received overcoats, shoes and Winter clothing, and a large number also were entertained at the Todd yards at Tebo Basin, Brooklyn, and the Tietjen & Lang yards at the army piers in Hoboken.

NAVAL CHRISTMAS CHEER.

Trees, with Presents, at Training Station and Hospital, Newport.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 25.—This Christmas Day was made memorable for the wives and children in Newport of naval officers and enlisted men now at sea, as well as for officers and their families now in the city, by an entertainment arranged for their benefit by the officers and men at the Naval Training Station. An immense Christmas tree was placed in Destroyer Hall at the station, and the children marched in line to receive presents. A chorus of 100 from the Hospital Corps Training School sang carols.

At the Naval Hospital the nurses brought good cheer to the patients. A Christmas tree, mounted on wheels, was rolled from ward to ward and presents were distributed. A choir from one of the city churches provided music.

GOVERNMENT SEEKS CONSUL'S RELEASE

Roger C. Tredwell of Brooklyn Still Detained at Tashkent by the Bolsheviki.

SEIZED TWO MONTHS AGO

Was Trying to Return to the United States from Petrograd Through Southeastern Russia.

ODESSA, Dec. 20, (Associated Press.)—The Bolsheviki have arrested American Consul Tredwell at Tashkent, Russian Turkestan, according to a wireless message received here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—For two months the American Government has been unable to get into direct communication with Roger Culver Tredwell of Brooklyn, N. Y., one of the best-known members of its Consular Service, who is reported to have been held by the Bolsheviki at Tashkent, in Russian Turkestan. Tredwell was the American Consul at Petrograd, Russia, last Spring, when the American diplomatic and consular forces left the Russian capital. He left Petrograd last April and sought to leave Russia via the southeastern route.

Communication was broken and the Summer passed without the State Department getting into direct communication with him. Nothing direct from him came until September, when messages that he had sent by courier arrived. He left Petrograd with an American named Shaw, who had been attached to the American Consulate there, and Shaw is believed to have made his way into Siberia, although it is not officially known what happened to him in his efforts to leave Russia via the Eastern route.

It is known that Consul Tredwell was safe in Turkestan up to Oct. 1, for the State Department received information to that effect. Since then nothing direct has been heard from him, but there is every reason to believe that he is safe, although everything indicates that he has been interned by the Bolsheviki at Tashkent and has been unable to leave the country. The State Department is making every effort to effect arrangements for his release and departure from Tashkent.

Word of Consul Tredwell's plight first reached Washington in October, when it was unofficially reported that he had been seized. The report that came again tonight through new channels, stating that a wireless dispatch from Odessa said that Consul Tredwell ahd been seized, duplicated the original report that came two months ago.

Consul Tredwell was born at Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 12, 1885. He is a graduate of St. Paul's School and of Yale University, 1907. He attended the University at Grenoble, France, in 1908, returned to this country, entered business at Bloomington, Ind., and moved to New York. He has been in the American Consular service for the last ten years, and has gone to the top as a result of good service.

In November, 1908, he passed a competitive examination and in the following April was appointed a consular assistant. In the Spring of 1910 he was sent to Yokohoma to serve as Vice and Deputy Consul General. In August, 1910, he was transferred to London as Deputy Consul General, and the following month was made Vice and Deputy Consul General at Burslem. In May, 1912, he was reappointed Deputy Consul General at London.

Ten days later Tredwell was sent to Dresden as Vice and Deputy Consul General; then, after another short term of service at London, was brought back to Washington in the Fall of 1912 for special duty. In September, 1913, he was appointed Consul at Bristol, was transferred to Leghorn as Consul the first month of the war, was assigned to Turin ih 1915 and to Rome in 1916, later going to Petrograd.

CZECHS IN RUSSIA BITTER.

Exhausted Army Vainly Awaits Aid Promised by Allies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Unless the Czechoslovak forces on the Ural front of Russia are soon reinforced by the Allies their situation may resolve itself into one similar to that of General Gordon at Khartum in the opinion of the Czechoslovak Information Bureau, which today issued a statement declaring that the Czechs should either be relieved or reinforced.

"In the last few days," the statement reads in part, "there has been a renewal of interest on the Russian problem. But nothing has been said of the Czechoslovak soldiers who exactly seven months ago broke with the Bolsheviki and have been fighting ever since.

"By this time more than half of them are casualties. Four months ago the Allies sent them a message that they would be reinforced and would get all necessary supplies. Every now and then these hard-pressed fighters would receive a visit from an allied representative who would praise their bravery and assure them that the allied soldiers were on the way.

"In the files of the little Czechoslovak daily, published by the Russian branch of the Czechoslovak National Council, one reads over and over again exhortations by the Czech leaders to the exhausted soldiers to keep up their spirits and trust the Allies. 'Masaryk is thinking of you and the Allies are coming' was the constant refrain of the anxious leaders.

"After four months a couple of American regiments got as far as the Pacific Coast of Siberia, and some small English, French, and Japanese units are in Western Siberia, but no allied forces have as yet taken their place alongside the Czechoslovaks on the Ural front. Neither have the supplies arrived yet."

CAUCASUS GREETS ALLIES.

Russians Holding Odessa Under French Command to be Reinforced.

PARIS, Dec. 25, (Havas.)—The French Mission to the Caucasus received a hearty welcome on its arrival at Ekaterinodar and Novorosiiskoe, advices received from the Caucasus show.

At the latter place, on the Black Sea, the officers of the allied fleet were fêted, while the Government of Ekaterinodar gave a dinner at which toasts were drunk to the allied armies and to a "greater and regenerated Russia."

ODESSA, Dec. 20, (Associated Press.)—The volunteer army which is holding Odessa, under French command, is to be increased by detachments from the Crimea. The main force of the Republican Army, which is now ten miles from Odessa, is reported today to have received reinforcements from Kiev, who came in an armored train.

More than 200 persons were killed in the street battles here on Dec. 18, a revised count shows. One-third of these were civilians. Several school children were wounded.

SEMENOFF NOW OFFERS TO RECOGNIZE KOLCHAK

But Wants Dictator to Retire in Favor of Denikine When Armies Join.

VLADIVOSTOK, Dec. 21, (Associated Press.)—General Semenoff, the anti-Bolshevist leader who refused to recognize Admiral Kolchak as dictator in the Omsk Government, and whom efforts have been making to reconcile, has finally agreed to give Admiral Kolchak his recognition provided Admiral Kolchak agrees to retire in favor of General Denikine, Hetman of the Don Cossacks, immediately a junction is effected of the forces east and west and also withdraw his order branding General Semenoff as a traitor, besides leaving General Semenoff in command of his army.

This is the latest phase of the difficulty created by General Semenoff's attitude, the outcome of whch is not yet apparent.

General Oba, the Japanese officer in the local command, protests his neutrality in the dispute, but declares that he recommended the recognition of Admiral Kolchak. A telegram from Omsk dated Dec. 5 says the Russian Government there has asked the Japanese to state in writing whether they are supporting General Semenoff and to what extent. On Dec. 10 word came from Omsk that if the situation did not improve the Government would request an American commission to proceed to Chita for an investigation.

It is asserted in this connection that the French Commissioner stated there would be an investigation of this complaint to the Allies regarding the action of one ally.

Economic conditions at Chita are very unfavorable. There is barely one train a day between Manchuria and Irkutsk, and during the last ten days only two freight trains have come through from Manchuria because of the lack of locomotives. Out of fifty-eight locomotives twelve which are in condition to be used are lying idle in the shops because of lack of funds for the pay of their crews.

General Semenoff denies the charge that he has been stopping the running of trains. He says the trouble is attributable to the faulty railway administration and the lack of funds.

A private letter from Semipaltinsk, on the Irtish in Western Siberia, reported that the entire population was dying of starvation. The dead were said to be lying on the streets with none to bury them. The town had been for months, it was added, without lamps or candles.

REDS SEIZED IN POLAND.

Arrive There with Millions of Rubles to Carry On Propaganda.

WARSAW, Dec. 23, (Associated Press.)—The first important arrests have just been made of Bolshevist emissaries who are arriving from Russia with millions of rubles—of which there are plenty since the Bolsheviki control the printing presses for their production—for the purpose of agitation and are spending several thousand of rubles daily. Four men were taken into custody on this occasion. They claimed they had the right to spend their money as freely as they pleased.

They are said to be for the most part Russian Jews, nearly all bearing passports issued by Count Kessler, who was expelled from here a week ago as representative of the Berlin Government. They were sent here by Leon Trotzky as members of an alleged Red Cross delegation, claiming that their mission was the care of Russian prisoners. With the Russian rubles flowing so freely, the Polish police are attempting to find the source of the paper ruble epidemic.

"Only American interference can destroy Bolshevism," declared Count Alexander Leluchin today, in talking with the correspondent. "It will not be downed by mere hunger. It is a mistake to assume that it will die with hunger, because that is what it started with. At the present time there is no food in the cities and towns, no tobacco, no salt, and no sugar.

"The Bolsheviki began by robbing and killing the nobles and the rich. Then they attacked the bourgeoisie, the merchants. Now they are reaching the bottom and trying to rob each other."

200,000 FRENCH TO RETURN.

Germany Has Sent Back 275,000 Others of Foch's Men.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—Two hundred and seventy-five thousand French prisoners have returned from Germany.

There remain in Germany 200,000 Frenchmen, a large number of whom are already homeward bound.

Milukoff Goes to London.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—Paul N. Milukoff, former Russian Foreign Minister, who was ordered to leave France because of alleged passport irregularities, has gone to London. He was accompanied by several politicians from Ukraine, who came from Odessa with him.

HEALTH RECORD HIGH IN OCCUPATION ARMY

Illness Among Dickman's Men Amounts to Less Than Normal Peace Time Average.

COBLENZ, Dec. 24, (Associated Press.)—The percentage of sickness among the occupying American troops is unusually low, according to the estimates of the Third Army medical officers. The number of cases in the eight evacuation hospitals within the occupied area is about 4,000, most of them being influenza.

Figuring the approximate number of occupying troops as 300,000, the sickness amounts to less than 1½ per cent. In peace time the sickness among soldiers averages from 2 to 3 per cent.

The excellent condition of the men is due partly to good billets. There is just enough drilling to keep the soldiers in condition, and there is no overcrowding nor illness from fatigue or exposure.

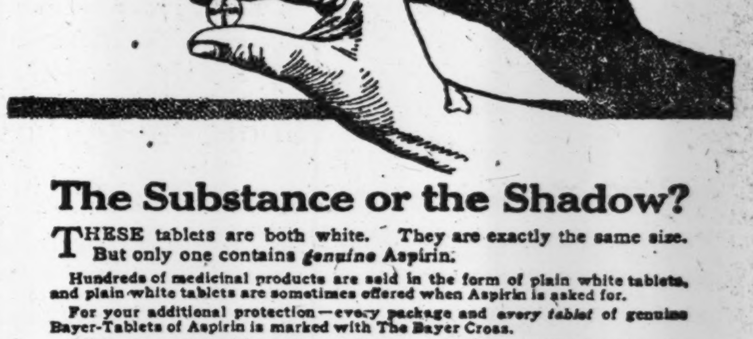
The Third Army has five hospitals in Coblenz, two at Treves and one at Mayen. Most of these are former German hospitals, and the equipment is modern in every detail.

QUIET HOLIDAY IN PARIS.

Ban Enforced on Midnight Suppers and Revelry Is Subdued.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—The Victory Christmas celebration in Paris varied little from that of the Christmas Days during the war. The authorities maintained the ban on the traditional midnight supper on the ground that it was a mere waste of food and lighting material, which could ill be spared at present. Some of the more expensive restaurants evolved a scheme for starting a meal at 8:30 o'clock in the evening and extending it well into the night, but they were informed that policemen would be posted outside to see that all the customers left at the regular closing time of 9 o'clock.

There were many promenaders along the boulevards, among them many American soldiers and British Colonial men on leave, but such revelry as developed was of the most subdued order. The American military clubs, hospitals, and other institutions all carried out the Christmas festivities they had arranged.



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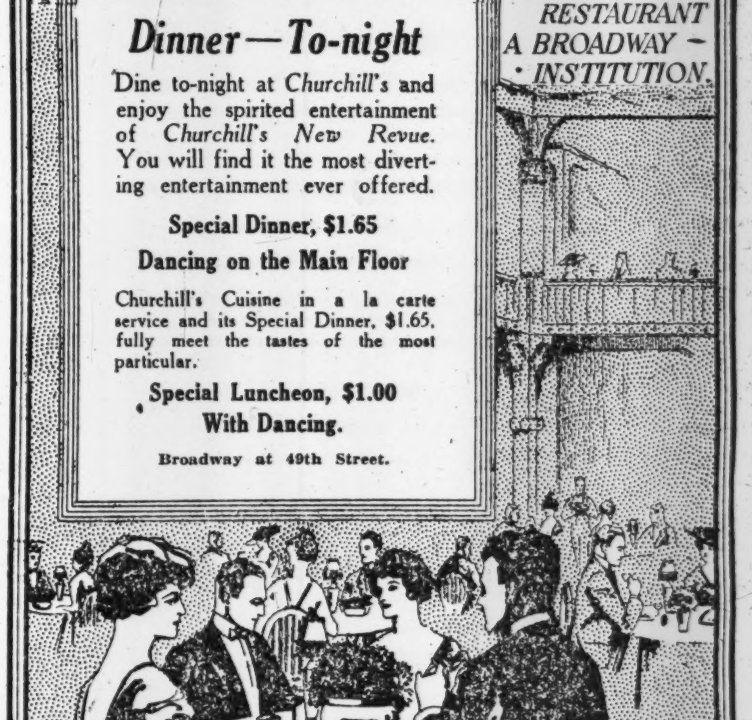

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The Annalist

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NEGRO TROOPS TAKE SALOON, START RIOT

Throw Proprietor Out and Drink His Liquor Before Reserves Arrive.

2,000 SYMPATHIZERS HELP

100 Policemen, Aided by 50 Military Police, Finally Arrest 75 Disturbers.

More than seventy-five negro soldiers from the army Quartermaster base at the Bush Terminal in Brooklyn and from casual troops at Camp Upton took possession of, a saloon at 62 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, last night. After beating the proprietor and his assistants they were arrested by 100 policemen, aided by fifty military policemen, while a mob of about 2,000 negroes kept up efforts to rescue the men. Several shots were fired by the police and the soldiers, but no injuries were reported to the police last night.

The trouble started in the saloon after the first twenty-five negroes had thrown out the proprietor and had taken possession of all the liquor in the place. While they were drinking it, after intimidating the bartenders, they became so noisy that a policeman, who was on post, entered the place. He saw the numbers were overwhelming and the crowd in such an excited state of mind that it would not be well for him to interfere.

He went out and called for other policemen, and they, too, decided that it would be dangerous for them to try to arrest this number without the help of reserves. Other negro soldiers who had been visiting in the neighborhood began to come in, and by the time the first contingent of reserves arrived from the Adams Street Station the crowd of negroes was so large that the police were unable to handle them.

Reports of a fight between negro soldiers who had come to visit their relatives in the section and policemen and military police spread rapidly, and before the second contingent of reserves could arrive a mob of 2,000 excited negroes filled the street in front of a saloon, so that all traffic was blocked This second detachment of reserves was unable to press through the crowds to rescue their comrades who were battling desperately in the centre of the crowd to drag out the negro soldiers, and a hurry call was sent in for the reserves from the police stations on Butler, Amity, and Bergen Streets, and Flushing Avenue.

After ten minutes of desperate struggling with the crowd who beat the policemen attempting to arrest the rioters in the centre of the group and in the saloon, the police decided that they would not be able to break through alone and they sent a hurry call to the Bush Terminal for the military police stationed there. Within ten minutes Captain J. E. Moore, two lieutenants and fifty armed soldiers arrived in an army motor truck.

Seeing that they would be unable to make any progress through the crowd alone they drove through with their motor truck, while the negroes, who thought they were going to harm the negro soldiers in uniform, vainly tried to stop the truck and attacked the police with bricks, stones and other missiles. Many of the military policemen received superficial injuries in this encounter.

Meantime, the cries of the negroes against the policemen and the armed soldiers attracted large numbers of men from other blocks and from the street cars stopped by the crowds on DeKalb Avenue and Fulton Street and they plunged into the crowd to aid the motor truck full of military police. For more than twenty minutes the battle continued, with the armed soldiers and the policemen unable to make their way through the crowd with their prisoners, but finally, with diligent use of their nightsticks and the butts of their pistols, the police worked their way out.

Forming a wedge, the military police again forced their way through the crowd into the saloon, where most of the colored soldiers were, and began to bring them out despite the resistance of the crowd. A special guard of policemen was detailed to hold the men in the motor truck as they were brought out, and many of the policemen were felled in this task. The number of prisoners grew so large that the military police finally had to commandeer a motor mail truck to take an extra load.

Many of the negro soldiers fled when they saw that the crowd would be unable to prevent their arrest and those who remained behind resisted the police until they were clubbed into submission and thrust into the wicker cage of the mail truck. Many of them also received superficial injuries, but the army officers at the Bush Terminal said last night that none was serious.

As the policemen and the armed soldiers attempted to take their prisoners down De Kalb Avenue to the Flatbush Avenue Extension and thence through Myrtle Avenue to the Adams Street station they were pursued by an angry crowd of negroes, who continued their hail of missiles, despite the efforts of the city police to form a rearguard. Some windows were broken along the route and some persons, who were watching the progress of the fight, were cut and bruised by the missiles.

One of the negro soldiers, who said he was James Taylor and had served overseas with the 15th New York Infantry, leaped from one of the trucks and attempted to escape. Others in the crowd sought to aid him, but three of the military policemen who pursued him fired their pistols and frightened Taylor so that he stopped after running three blocks. Then the three soldiers had to fight their way back through the crowd to the motor truck, but they managed to reach the station with their prisoner. He was turned over to the civil authorities for trial on a charge of disorderly conduct.

When the prisoners were examined in the Adams Street Police Station Sergent Isaac Jackson, who said he was a member of Company A, 3d Batallion, Camp Upton, also was turned over to the civil authorities by Captain Moore. The seventy-three other prisoners were taken to the guardhouse of the military police at the Bush Terminal, where, Captain Moore said, they would await discipline by the military authorities.

It was said that most of the negroes came from the Quartermaster's base at the Bush Terminal, where they have been used in loading ships and in unloading supplies from the trains that arrive there with supplies for the overseas forces. By orders issued from Police Headquarters last night, many of the reserves who had been called out to put down the riot were left on patrol in the district for the night.

Police reserves from the West 135th Street Station and soldiers of the provost guard also were called last evening to a saloon at 480 Lenox Avenue to disperse a crowd there after Charles A. Dymes, a negro, of 2,366 Seventh Avenue, was killed by one of his companions. The negro's assailant escaped and, although negro soldiers were reported to have been in the crowd, the police said the shooting was done by a negro civilian.

Reserves from the East Fifty-first Street Station were called to First Avenue and Forty-fifth Street last night after the body of Paul Volte of Bridgeport, Conn., was found there with several bullet holes in it. A pistol was found in the street, and Paul Carlino of 335 East Thirty-eight Street, was arrested on a charge of homicide, with three other men held as material witnesses.

DENIAL BY GEN. McMANUS.

Says Sick and Wounded Were Properly Removed from La France.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to invite your attention to an article appearing on page 3 of THE TIMES this morning relative to debarkation of troops from the S. S. La France, in which there are a number of erroneous statements, which not only do the Embarkation Service an injustice, but, what is of more consequence, cause uncalled-for worry and anxiety to the public relative to the method of handling troops, particularly the sick and wounded.

The statement in your article that no preparation had been made for the debarking of the troops is quite untrue. Preparations had been made and the following transfer boats were alongside the pier before the transport docked:

*Used for contagious cases only.

Steamer.	Capacity.
*E. B. Gardner	150
Shinnecock	900
Ossining	400
Princess	300
General Johnston	350

Also, twenty-two army ambulances and about an equal number of Red Cross ambulances. There were ambulances waiting at all times—patients could not be taken off as fast as ambulances could convey them.

The steamer Newburgh and steamer General Johnston were used to carry troops to Weehawken. About 1,500 well troops had left the piers by 3:30 P. M. and arrived at Weehawken at 3:55 P. M. en route to Camp Merritt.

Of the sick there were above 2,000, 200 of which were litter cases, over 200 insane, and 250 sick officers. The balance of about 1,400 were mostly surgical cases—many of whom were crutch cases, which required much more time to debark than well troops.

In reference to paragraph three of the article in THE TIMES, it is not true that sick or wounded were left on board. All were debarked by 12:15 A. M.; the only troops left on board were attendant medical officers and enlisted men assigned premanently to the ship for duty. The debarkation of the S. S. La France was undertaken at a later hour than is usual at this port and was made advisable by the reason of the fact that she was not suitably provisioned for holding the troops over Christmas Day. Furthermore, it was considered desirable to avoid carrying on the debarkation during Christmas Day.

C. H. McMANUS,
Brigadier General, U. S. A.,
Troop Movement Officer.
Headquarters Port of Embarkation,
Hoboken, N. J., Dec. 25, 1918.

The transport France was made fast at Pier 57, foot of West Fifteenth Street, at 1:30 P. M. on Saturday, and the well troops and casuals, numbering nearly 1,200 officers and men, were marched off shortly afterward. The delay complained of concerned the debarking of the 2,550 sick and wounded who were able to walk, with the exception of 300 cases who were bedridden. When the debarkation officers from Hoboken were asked why the debarkation of the wounded was going on so slowly, they replied that it was due to the proper lists not having been made out on the transport before she arrived in port.

Captain C. E. Burke of the Medical Corps, who was wounded three times at the front while serving as battalion surgeon to the 121st Artillery and 32d Division, and Lieutenant B. H. McCullough, 77th Artillery, 4th Division, who was wounded and gassed, were among the officers who stood on the deck by the paymaster's office waiting for the orders to debark and criticised to a reporter the arrangements made for the troops on the France.

Captain Burke said that the fault lay both with the troop officers on the transport and the debarkation officers from Hoboken.

AS HIS FATHER SAW HIM.

William Hohenzollern's Character Laid Bare in Letter to Bismarck.

On the authority of Herr Ernst Goetz of Leipsic the Berlin Tageblatt of Dec. 11 published a letter sent by Emperor Frederick to Bismarck in 1886. The letter has an intimate reference to the Emperor's son, now known as William Hohenzollern. It is dated Portofino, Sept. 28.

Frederick was then Crown Prince, as his father, William I., was still alive. In less than two years both were dead, and in three and a half years the young Emperor had dismissed Bismarck, whose good offices are requested in the following manner:

"My son, Prince William, without my knowing about it, has expressed to his Majesty [the Emperor William I.] a desire during the coming Winter to make closer acquaintance with the activity of our Ministries. Consequently, as I hear, the plan has already been contemplated at Gastein of employing him in the Foreign Office.

"As I have not yet received official information about it from any quarter, I consider it necessary in the first place to address myself confidentially to you, in order to learn what has already been settled, and also in order to say that, although I agree in principle with the initiation of my eldest son into questions of higher administration, I am decidedly opposed to his beginning in the Foreign Office. For, in view of the importance of the duties which will fall to the Prince, I consider it necessary above all things that he shall obtain knowledge of the internal conditions in his own country, and feel himself fully informed about them, before he concerns himself, even in a minor degree, with politics, especially as he is inclined to exaggeration, and arrives at very rapid conclusions.

"His real knowledge is still defective, and he lacks the necessary foundations; for this reason it is extremely necessary that his knowledge should be raised to a higher plane and made more complete. This purpose would be met by giving him a civilian instructor, while at the same time, or later on, he might be employed in one of the Administration Ministries.

"In view of the immaturity of my eldest son, combined with his tendency to conceit, I must describe it as positively dangerous to bring him at once in contact with foreign questions.

"While I beg you to regard this letter as for yourself alone and as strictly confidential, I count upon your support in this matter, which is a very serious concern to me."

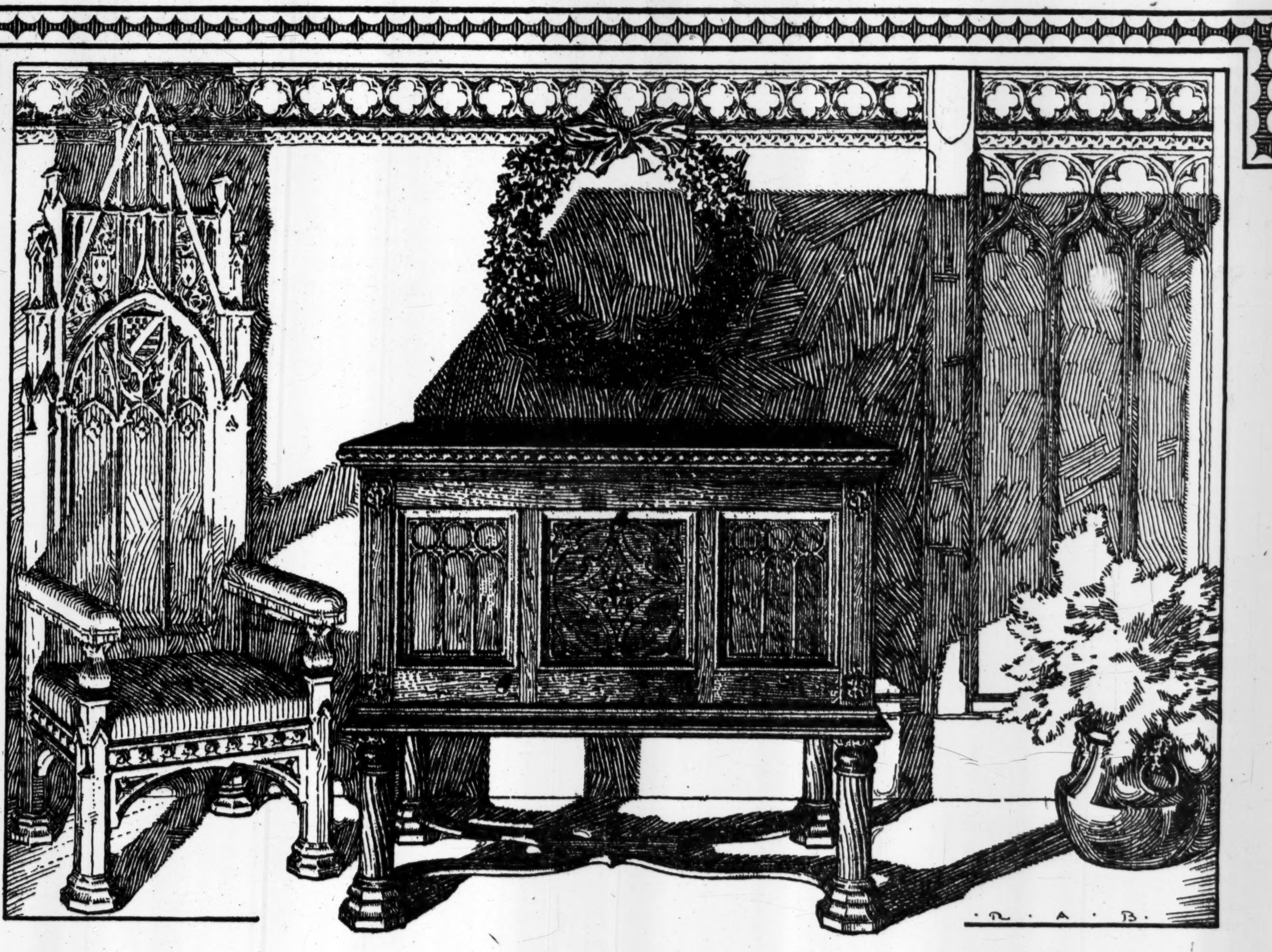
BOSTON HAS A PAGEANT.

Carols Sung at Houses Displaying Service Flags.

BOSTON, Dec. 25.—The sound of Christmas carols breaking the silence of the city streets as the singers passed through the residential districts, pausing at each house where a service flag was displayed, brought to a close a quiet holiday in this city. The rain, which prevented outdoor observances on Christmas eve, ceased early in the day, and part of the postponed program, including a pageant in front of the State House and on the Common arranged by the League of Free Nations, was carried out tonight.

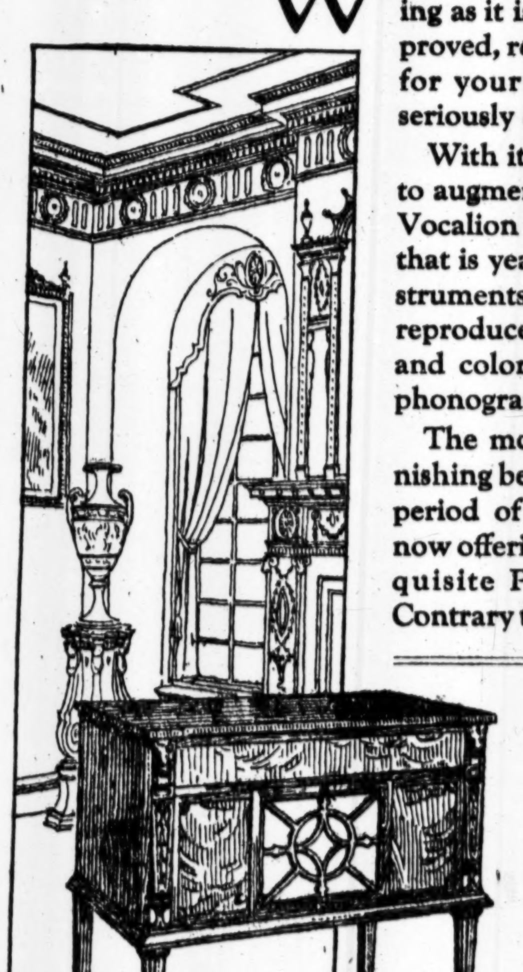
Don't add water to
Club Cocktails
by shaking with ice.
Pour over large lumps of ice or cool the bottle.

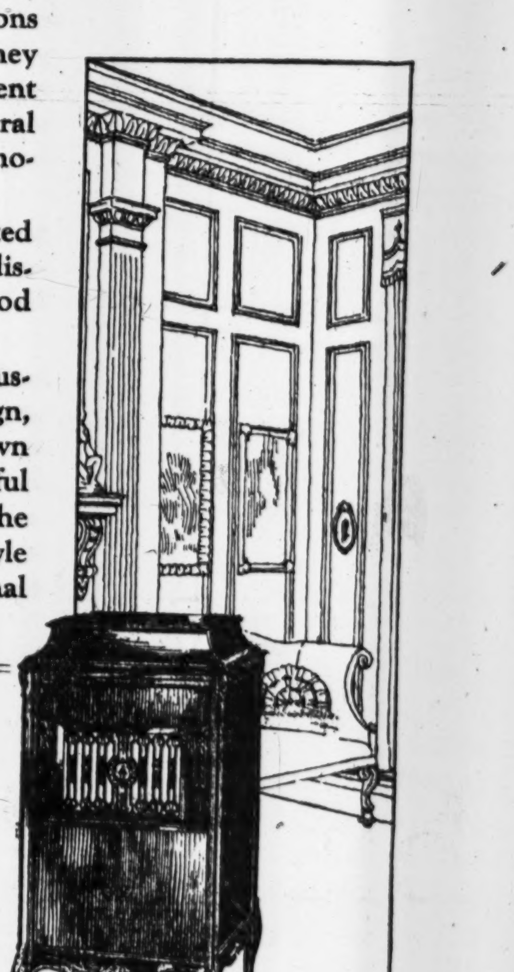
Prominent C. P. A. Firm
Senior Per Diem Charge....$30.00
Less:
Their name on the Report...$15.00
Remainder:
Real Service.............$15.00
A young Christian gentleman, specialist on system work, whose services have commanded the higher figure, in conjunction with a prominent name, wishes to sell services, minus the name. System work, audit or permanent connection. Apply in confidence to Box H 792 Times Downtown.



GREET THE NEW YEAR WITH THE MUSIC OF THE VOCALION

If your "Christmas" came in the form of a cheque—no happier, more pleasure-giving use could possibly be found for it than the purchase of one of these beautiful phonographs





WITH music's inspiration so all-pervading as it is at this time, is not an improved, refined, *artistic* phonograph for your home something to be seriously considered?

With its remarkable new Record to augment its own advantages, the Vocalion offers music reproduction that is years in advance of other instruments of its type. The Vocalion reproduces musical tones in a clear and colorful manner unknown to phonographs before.

The modern trend in house furnishing being to conform with some period of the historic past, we are now offering a group of sixteen exquisite Period style Vocalions. Contrary to the expectation of those who examine the remarkable beauty of their cases, these Period Vocalions are *extremely moderate in price.* They are purchasable on a convenient monthly payment plan and liberal allowances will be made for phonographs taken in exchange.

The two Period Models illustrated exemplify the tastefulness and distinction of the line of Period Vocalions.

The picture across the top illustrates Style 1515 of Gothic design, price $425. At the left is shown Style 1494 developed in the graceful Adam manner, price $360. At the right is illustrated the beautiful Style 800, which heads the Conventional Vocalion line, price $350.

PERIOD VOCALIONS have all the advantages that have placed the Aeolian-Vocalion so far in the lead. Among these are:

1—*The advantage of playing the* NEW VOCALION RECORD—*the most beautiful phonograph music ever produced.*

2—*The advantage of playing every standard phonograph record with greater beauty and naturalness.*

3—*The advantage of the fascinating* GRADUOLA, *with which you may vary the expression of your records at will.*

The advantage of the most convenient record filing arrangement ever devised.

Prices of Period Models from $240. Prices of Conventional Models from $50
Convenient initial payment and monthly terms if desired

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

"Makers of the Duo-Art Pianola Piano—Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World"

In MANHATTAN
29 West 42nd Street

In THE BRONX
367 East 149th Street

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RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
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DECOY SHIP, ABLAZE, FOUGHT SUBMARINE

Gunners of the Dunraven Stuck to Their Post While Boxes of Cordite Exploded.

TWO "PANIC PARTIES" LEFT

Torpedoed Twice, Commander and Men Waited an Hour for Chance to Destroy U-Boat.

LONDON, Nov. 30, (Associated Press.)—The loss of the British decoy ship Dunraven in a desperate battle with a German submarine, the story of which has now been made public by the British Admiralty, constitutes one of the daring and heroic episodes of the anti-submarine war. With their vessel ablaze and boxes of cordite and shells exploding every few minutes, the after gun crew stuck to their gun until the magazine exploded and blew them and their gun into the air. Meanwhile the battle with the submarine was fiercely waged.

This action was fought in August, 1917. The vessel was one of the decoys which was commanded by Captain Gordon Campbell, who had previously won the Victoria Cross for work in decoying submarines to their destruction. In her rôle of an armed British merchant ship the Dunraven was zigzagging her course in the lanes haunted by the submarines when a U-boat opened fire upon her at 5,000 yards. The Dunraven returned the fire with her merchant ship gun and reduced her speed to enable the Hun to overtake her. To coax him on, wireless signals were sent out reading:

"Help. Come quickly. Submarine chasing and shelling me."

Finally, when the submarine's shells began falling close, the Dunraven stopped and the usual "panic party" abandoned the ship. The Dunraven was then on fire aft, and the submarine closed in to a distance of 400 yards, but was partly obscured from view by dense clouds of smoke issuing from the Dunraven's stern.

Although he knew that the magazine must explode if he waited, and that a gun and a gun's crew lay concealed over the magazine, Captain Campbell reserved his fire until the submarine had passed clear of the smoke. A moment later there was a heavy explosion, and the Dunraven's gun and its crew were blown into the air. The concussion started the fire gongs at the remaining gun positions. The screens hiding the guns were dropped, and the only gun that could be brought to bear opened fire.

The submarine commenced to submerge. Knowing that a torpedo would surely follow, Captain Campbell had all the wounded brought up and concealed in cabins. The after part of the Dunraven was a mass of flame, but the crew fought the fire with hose, while wireless signals were sent out warning all other vessels to keep below the horizon, so as not to interrupt the final phase of the fight.

Twenty minutes later another torpedo struck the ship abaft the engine room. Another "panic party" was sent away in the boats, leaving the ship apparently completely abandoned with the British flag flying and her guns unmasked, but Captain Campbell and a handful of officers and men had remained on board and lay hidden for nearly an hour while the submarine commander held off watching the burning ship through his periscope.

During all that time boxes of cordite and shells were exploding every few minutes and the fire was blazing furiously. Eventually the submarine emerged astern where no guns could be brought to bear upon her, and shelled the Dunraven for twenty minutes. The U-boat then steamed past the ship 150 yards off and Campbell fired one of his torpedoes at her, but missed by a few inches. A second torpedo also missed. The submarine saw it and submerged.

A third "panic party" was planning to jump overboard and leave one gun crew for a final attempt to sink the U-boat when British and American destroyers arrived on the scene. The Dunraven's wounded were transferred, her gunners recalled, and the fire was extinguished. The Dunraven, in a sinking condition, was taken in tow, but the weather grew worse and on the following morning she sank with her colors flying.

WAR DEPARTMENT EXPLAINS

Why Training Units at the Colleges Were Discontinued.

The reasons why the War Department does not consider it practical to continue military training units in colleges were communicated yesterday to the Merchants Association by Major Ralph Barton Perry of the Section of Training and Instruction of the War Plans Division, General Staff. The reasons were supplied after the association had offered to obtain financial assistance, if necessary, to maintain the Students' Army Training Corps.

Major Perry said that at the time of the signing of the armistice, it was the opinion in Washington that the war would continue for another year at least, but that once the document was signed it became apparent that there was no need for continuance of military instruction. Continuing, he said:

"It was not, as had often been assumed, an educational measure, but a plan for creating a reservoir of officer material with which to supply the Officers' Training Camps and the other needs of the army for specially trained men. There were certain strong reasons for continuing to June 30, 1919, but these reasons were not military reasons, and did not justify the expenditure of money appropriated for specifically military purposes. While this is the fundamental reason for the demobilization of the Students' Army Training Corps, for various reasons it would have proved difficult, if not impossible, to continue it in any case."

According to Major Perry, about 25 per cent. of the institutions were opposed to maintaining the units once war ceased. He also said that many of the members of the corps immediately sought discharges in order to pursue civil studies, and these men could not be held in service against their inclinations.

"The War Department," said Major Perry, "is fully aware of the force of the arguments in favor of continuing the Students' Army Training Corps. The demobilization will, in some cases, doubtless result in inconvenience to the institution. The Committee on Education and Special Training has, however, been authorized to make equitable financial adjustments. It is also recognized that in many cases the individual students will suffer hardships.

"It should, however, be clearly borne in mind that no man was inducted into the S. A. T. C. on promise of an education at Government expense. He was inducted into the army for the purpose of receiving special additional training in connection with his purely military training, always with a view to the needs of the service."

OLYMPIC CHAMPION BRITISH TROOPSHIP

White Star Liner Carried More Than 300,000 Persons During Her War Service.

RAMMED AND SANK U-BOAT

Encountered Craft in Darkness in the Channel and Cut It Down by Quick Manoeuvre.

Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—An interesting account of the career of the great White Star liner Olympic during her war service has been forwarded to The Daily News by a member of her crew, who signs himself "G. C."

"Her work during the Gallipoli campaign," he writes, "when she carried about 8,000 troops—at that time the greatest number ever carried by any ship—following upon her gallant attempt off the North of Ireland to tow the waterlogged dreadnought H. M. S. Audacious, was sufficient to put her in the first rank of transports, but her subsequent work in bringing Canadian troops and Chinese labor battalions, and then her wonderful career since Christmas, 1917, when she arrived in New York for her first load of American troops, must put her in a class by herself as a 'trooper.'

"She has carried well over 300,000 people while on war service, including hundreds of women and children, wives and families of Canadian soldiers returning to Canada, and she has also been the favorite ship for most of the notable people who have crossed the Atlantic on national business during the war.

"Since she became a troopship the Olympic has been under the command of Captain Hayes, and her crew swear by the skill and luck of their commander, who is probably the most popular Captain, among his own men, who has ever had charge of a great liner.

"It would not be correct to say that Captain Hayes has brought her through without a scratch, but her scars are marks of honor. She bent and fractured some of her plates when, in the darkness early one morning, she 'strafed' one of Germany's finest U-boats. Perhaps some of the twenty-eight survivors will give their experiences when they are released. At any rate, they can boast that it took the biggest ship in the British Navy to defeat them.

"In the Mediterranean the Olympic was fired at on one occasion, but the torpedo arrived just in time to get into the back wash thrown up by her great propellers just after her ladyship had turned and had begun to travel at right angles to her former course. That seems to have been the only occasion on which the ship was actually fired at.

"The Olympic had her adventures while she was carrying American troops. During March, April, and May this year the German submarine commanders made at least seven attacks on her. Not once did the enemy have time to launch a torpedo, for in every case he was either greeted by a six-inch shell or one of the destroyers was on his track with her depth charges. Perhaps some of Germany's missing submarines are now lying below the track of the Olympic.

"The most thrilling experience which the Olympic had took place in the darkness of early morning last May, near the entrance to the English Channel. It was just about 4 o'clock when look-out man Bennett (who afterward received the D. S. M.) picked out of the darkness the outline of a lurking submarine which was lying on the surface. Immediately after his warning shout one of the ship's forward guns blazed out, and the ship, with her helm hard over, spun around like a great racing yacht and crashed into the enemy.

"The blow was, of course, not a clean one, or there would have been few survivors from the submarine which would have been cut in two and smashed and rolled under the great mass of the Olympic. Judging from the damage on the bows of the ship when dry docked a few days later the blow cut off one end of the submarine. The rest drifted past the stern of the Olympic, and one of the gun crews on the poop planted a shell squarely into it. One of the destroyers in the escort dropped behind, and by the light of star shells picked up thirty-one survivors, (four officers and twenty-seven men,) three of whom died on the way to port. The total crew of the submarine was over sixty.

"The excitement for that day was not over even then, for three hours later another periscope was sighted and fired at, and depth charges were also dropped by one of the destroyers. Captain Hayes, who was in personal charge at the time of the sinking of the submarine, received the D. S. O."

WRECKS BIPLANE IN YARD.

Mineola Flier Drops 100 Feet, but Escapes Unhurt.

Sergeant John G. Stoll, flying in a Curtiss biplane, which became unmanageable because of oil leakage, dropped 100 feet into the front yard of Henry Kahl in Grant Avenue, Cypress Hills, yesterday morning. The machine was wrecked, but Stoll escaped unhurt.

Stoll denied that he was attempting to deliver a Christmas gift through the air to a young woman member of the Kahl family. He said he started out from Mineola, where he is a member of the 84th Aero Squadron, merely on a regular practice flight. He said the oil leakage developed when the machine failed to come promptly out of a tail spin.

"Don't let weakness 'get' you"

WEAKNESS usually is unnecessary. It is generally based on poor blood, and poor blood can be made rich and red.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan helps to increase the number and capacity of the red blood cells to carry oxygen from the lungs to all parts of the body and brain. And, wherever oxygen goes in your system, it goes laden with health, energy and vigor for the cells and tissues. Gude's Pepto-Mangan is a splendid general tonic, easy to digest, promptly assimilated by the blood, exceedingly pleasant to taste, universally recommended by the medical profession, and wonderfully beneficial for the weak and run-down of all ages and conditions.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. Breitenbach Co., Manufacturing Chemists, New York

GUDE'S
PEPTO-MANGAN

FRIENDLY WARNING
There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Sold in bottle and package as shown here. Sold by druggists everywhere.

GREAT FLEET HERE RIDING AT ANCHOR

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

have to return via the New Jersey shore route.

The harbor will be closed to shipping during the hour when the fleet will be coming in, that is, from about 10 A. M. until the last of the ships have anchored in the North River. From Fifty-seventh Street north to Fort Washington Point the order will remain in effect until about 1 P. M., or until the ship units which are to parade have been landed. Twelve of the largest submarine chasers in North Atlantic waters will patrol the harbor and North River during the reviewing exercises.

The 5,000 sailors of the overseas ships who will parade this afternoon will be landed between noon and 1 o'clock, in time for the head of the marching column to arrive at Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue at 1:30 P. M., at which time the parade will get officially under way. The men will march to Twenty-third Street and then march in Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Streets to the North River, where they will re-embark for their ships.

It was shortly before noon yesterday that Admiral Mayo sent a wireless message that the ten dreadnoughts under his command would arrive off the Ambrose Channel Lightship about nine hours ahead of scheduled time. The ships had been expected to arrive about 3 o'clock this morning.

Patrol in the Air.

Twenty-one seaplanes and two dirigibles will form the Air Patrol. The seaplanes and dirigibles will leave Rockaway Air Station by divisions. They will join when the leading ship reaches the entrance to Ambrose Channel and will accompany the fleet until it reaches its anchorage. The seaplanes will fly at about 1,000 feet and the dirigibles at 1,500 feet. Kite balloons will be flown at about 800 feet. The Preble will follow the fleet and rescue air craft if disabled. No pyrotechnic rockets or fireworks will be permitted to be fired from any vessel or from any locality during the review and while the aircraft are in the air.

Shortly after the last vessel in the fleet has passed the Mayflower, the latter vessel will get under way and be followed by the Xarifa, the Aztec, and the Patrol, and will steam by the fleet on the New Jersey side of the river, leaving the battleships of the fleet on the starboard hand. The Mayflower, the Xarifa, the Aztec and the Patrol, when they reach the northernmost battleship, will turn to the right and pass down to the eastward of the fleet. All other vessels except the above must turn to the left upon reaching the northernmost battleship and return keeping to the westward of the fleet and clear of the column approaching in the opposite direction.

The Mayflower will anchor at the foot of Ninety-second Street. The Aztec will go to the Ninety-seventh Street pier and discharge her passengers and get away from the pier as soon as possible. As soon as the Mayflower has anchored, the flag officers and commanding officers of the battleships will call on the Secretary on the Mayflower.

Arrangements have been made to take the landing force of each ship by vessels furnished from the Third Naval District, transporting the men to the Ninety-sixth and Seventy-ninth Street landings and returning them to their vessels from the Twenty-third Street landings according to the following table:

Battleship and Steamer.	Landing.
Arizona—Newburg	96th St.
Oklahoma—Penguin and Fulton	96th St.
Nevada—Robin and Freehold	96th St.
Utah—Canby and Hodgson	96th St.
Pennsylvania—Williams and Normoyle	96th St.
New York—William J. Gillen and Gillen Brothers	79th St.
Texas—Holyoke and Gosnold	79th St.
Arkansas—Ossining and Newark	79th St.
Wyoming—Sanderling and Aurora	79th St.
Florida—Postmaster General	79th St.

Location of Navy Floats.

The floats for the use of the boats of the battleships anchored in the North River have been placed at the foot of Fifty-eighth Street, foot of Eighty-second Street, foot of Eightieth Street, between Ninety-sixth Street and Ninety-ninth Street, and at 129th Street, and at 158th Street.

The Columbia Yacht Club, through the courtesy of Dr. T. A. Harris, Commodore of the club, has extended the privileges of its club and its landing to officers of the fleet during its visit. Two floats in front of the yacht club at the foot of Eighty-sixth Street are available.

The Dispatch, with Vice Admiral Grant on board, is moored to the north side of the pier at the foot of Ninety-seventh Street. Telephone Riverside 7000. At each landing there are telephone booths for the use of officers and men of the fleet. It is intended that a telephone watch be established at each of these landings for the purpose of handling messages. Also at each of these landings an official telephone is installed for the handling of official business.

Telephones to the Fleet.

At the Ninety-seventh Street landing a switchboard is installed, operated by the Communication Service, for the purpose of furnishing official telephone communication for the Commander in Chief and Staff. To this switchboard there will be connected a telephone extension from the flagship Pennsylvania, from Vice Admiral Grant's office on shore, from the Fleet Supply Officer's shore office, from the Shore Radio Station on the Granite State, and from the landing at Ninety-ninth Street. The telephone numbers of these stations will not be published.

Arrangements have been made with the Telephone Company so that the general public will be able to get in touch with the above landings by asking information. These numbers are as follows:

Landing at Fifty-eighth Street—Columbus 10095.

Landing at Eighty-second Street—Riverside 9000.

Landing at Ninety-ninth Street—Riverside 3680.

Landing at 129th Street—Morningside 7830.

Landing at 158th Street—Audubon 10324.

A telegraph connection will be established with the flagship Pennsylvania, and a direct telegraph line will be established to the shore radio station on the Granite State. Both of these telegraph lines will be connected with 44 Whitehall Street, New York City, communication office of the district.

The public floats will be located at Seventy-ninth, Eighty-fifth, Ninety-sixth, Ninety-seventh, 129th, 130th-131st Streets bulkhead, 131st-132d Streets bulkhead, 132d, 133d, 134th, 135th, and 157th Streets. At each of the public floats the Captain of the Port will designate officers to see that the rules and regulations governing the loading and unloading of launches engaged in carrying passengers from public floats are complied with and that such launches will not carry more than the number of passengers which they are authorized to carry. Each launch must display the permit pennant adopted for use during the sojourn of the fleet, which pennant is swallow-tail in shape and bears the number of the permit and the capacity of the launch. Operators of launches are required to charge not more than 25 cents for passage in each direction.

At the approach to each float the Police Department will have sufficient police officers detailed to aid the port officials in carrying out the regulations. The usual rules and regulations governing passenger steamers will be rigidly enforced. In all other respects the rules and regulations as issued by the Department of Docks will be in force and effect.

The ships will be open to visitors from 1 o'clock to 4:30 P. M. Launches will not be allowed to leave the public floats to carry passengers to the fleet after 3:30 P. M., and all visitors will be required to leave the ships of the fleet by 4:30 P. M.

The Marine Division of the Police Department will patrol the territory in and about the fleet and will be ready to respond to distress signals of any craft. In the daytime the boats will be known by the usual green flag with the letters "P. D." marked thereon.

Battalions from the battleships Pennsylvania, Utah, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Arizona are to form on Ninety-sixth Street, head of column on Broadway, facing east. Battalions from the Florida, Wyoming, Arkansas, Texas, and New York to form on Seventy-ninth Street, head of column on Broadway, facing east.

Upon arriving at Twenty-fourth Street the battalions from the Arizona, Oklahoma, Nevada, and Utah are to march west to the North River and embark on transports from Erie Pier 63. Battalions from all other vessels in the parade continue down Fifth Avenue to Twenty-second Street, then march west and embark on transports alongside the American Line Pier 62.

Christmas on Shipboard.

More than 10,000 marines and bluejackets, who are of the personnel of the ships now in the North River, enjoyed Christmas dinner on board those ships yesterday. On every ship there was from one to a dozen Christmas trees, and all of them the relatives and friends of the men were welcomed yesterday afternoon. Turkey was the feature of every menu. Last night about 60 per cent. of the men from each of the crews were given shore leave with orders to be back on their ships by midnight.

A 9 o'clock this morning all the ships will full dress and prepare for the welcome to the overseas units. Each ship will fire seventeen guns in honor of Admiral Mayo, the Commander in Chief, as soon as the flagship Pennsylvania comes to anchor off Seventy-ninth Street.

A dance at the 71st Regiment Armory, Thirty-fourth Street and Madison Avenue, given by the New York War Camp Community Service, will be the chief feature of tonight's entertainment for the men of the "Victory Fleet." There will be several bands, and arrangements have been made to provide partners for between four and five thousand men. Dancing will commence at 8 P. M. and will last until after 11 o'clock.

In addition, the War Camp has arranged to take care of all the sailors and marines who wish to spend the night in New York. Several thousand additional beds have been prepared and it is expected that no men will be turned away. Extra beds have been placed in the various "sleeping units" of the War Camp, and the barracks at Columbia University will also be utilized. The War Camp has also provided the Y. M. C. A. with 500 additional beds which will be scattered about in their various buildings.

Men of the fleet desiring beds or other accommodations are asked to register at five great War Camp centres and there state their needs. These are: The Brooklyn Headquarters, 123 Schermerhorn Street; the Trinity Service Club, 90 Trinity Place; the Hotel Earlington, 55 West Twenty-seventh Street; the Riverside Club, Riverside Park at Ninety-seventh Street, and War Camp Unit No. 2, at 70 Manhattan Street and West 126th Street.

The War Camp will provide thousands of theatre tickets for the men and will see that none are without accommodations. To make this certain, the five centres will remain open all day and night until Jan. 2, and buses will run from them to the various clubs, canteens and sleeping units for the convenience of the men.

SEAPLANES FLY TO REVIEW.

Six Make Trip Safely from Hampton Roads to Rockaway Beach.

Donald B. MacMillan, the arctic explorer, told last evening of his flight to this city from Hampton Roads, Va., in a seaplane. Six of the newest types of "flying boats," each supplied with two of the latest style Liberty motors, left the naval station yesterday morning and four hours later landed safely at Rockaway Beach, a distance of more than 280 miles. These seaplanes are the H-16, H-12, and F-5 models, each carrying a crew of five men.

The fleet, in charge of Lieut. Alexander Strong, flight commander, will accompany the parade of the battleships this morning up the bay and Hudson and will fly over it in "V" formation. The pilots of the seaplanes are Lieutenant Alexander Strong, Lieutenant Benjamin Johnson, Ensign S. M. Terrier, Lieutenant N. Stillwell, Ensign Edward Huntington, and Ensign James Clark. Besides Ensign MacMillan, Lieutenant Louis Barin, one of the best aviators in this country, and the first one to loop-the-loop in a seaplane, came with the fleet.

These seaplanes, the latest model hydro-aeroplanes that the navy has, were formerly known as "flying-boats" or "float-seaplanes," and were made at the Naval Aircraft Factory at Philadelphia. The H-16, largest of the six that flew to New York, can attain a speed of 100 miles an hour, but did not go more than seventy-five miles an hour in its flight yesterday. The seaplanes will return to Hampton Roads on Friday.

DR. PARKS QUITS COMMITTEE.

St. Bartholomew's Rector Declines to Welcome Troops with Hearst.

The Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, rector of St. Bartholomew's Church, at Fiftieth Street and Park Avenue, has written to Grover A. Whalen, Secretary to the Mayor, that he cannot, as a member of the committee appointed by Mayor Hylan to welcome returning soldiers from Europe, accept a ticket for the naval parade or continue longer as a member of the committee in view of the letter recently sent by the Mayor to Mr. Hearst, in which the Mayor asserted that only "profiteers" and "predatory wealth" opposed Mr. Hearst's appointment to the committee. Dr. Parks, in his letter, repudiates the Mayor, as well as Mr. Hearst. The letter follows:

St. Bartholomew's Rectory,
New York, Dec. 24, 1918.

Grover A. Whalen, Esq.,
Hall of Records, New York City.

Dear Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the ticket to the naval parade, which I return herewith.

I did not feel called upon to withdraw from the Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops on discovering that a man whom I cannot respect, and whose political activity I believe to be pernicious, was also a member of such committee. But since the publication of the Mayor's letter to Mr. Hearst, in which he vituperates the men who protested against such appointment and attributes to them sinister motives, I do not see how any self-respecting man can serve on a committee appointed by such a Mayor.

I beg therefore that my name may be removed from the Committee of Welcome.

Yours truly,
LEIGHTON PARKS.

Frederic C. Tanner, formerly Chairman of the Republican State Committee, resigned from the Mayor's Reception Committee yesterday. In doing so he sent the following letter to the Mayor's secretary:

"Will you please tender to the Mayor my resignation as a member of his committee. There has been a great deal of discord and very little welcoming of the soldiers. The Mayor's letter appearing in Tuesday's press attacks some people and attempts to vindicate others. Feeling as I do that the only business in hand is a welcome that benefits men who have risked everything for their country, I am constrained to resign from a committee that seems less and less calculated to accomplish that result."

The Upholstery Association of America, at its fourth annual meeting, held here on Dec. 23, unanimously adopted a set of resolutions deprecating the appointment to the welcoming committee of "any one who has not unfalteringly and whole-heartedly supported the cause for which our soldiers fought shoulder to shoulder with our allies," and asserting that "our association does not believe that any man who listened appreciatively to the insidious tongue of German propaganda when aimed against this country's allies can properly represent our city in expressing its welcome."

GREETS COLUMBIA MEN.

President Butler Calls on Fighters to Work for Just Peace.

In anticipation of the Christmas festival, Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, prepared a greeting to all Columbia men on duty in France, to be delivered today.

"We are now to prove by our bearing in the presence of the problems of the future," said the greeting, "that freedom is also safe on the foundations of reasonableness, of sympathy and of justice.

"Those who have offered their lives are now called upon to offer their minds and souls. The sacrifices of war are over, but the sacrifices of peace are only now to begin. These are sacrifices that will put behind us selfishness, greed, with a willingness to exploit the souls and the bodies of other men. These are sacrifices that will turn our minds away from bigness, from numbers, and from accumulations to character, to quality, and to spiritual power. We should no longer think of large nations and small nations, but only of free nations, joyfully competing together in service to mankind in revelation of new and unsuspected powers of helpfulness and progress.

"You have aided, and powerfully aided, in giving to the world a peace that is to be based on justice, and that will last so long as justice rules the hearts and guides the conduct of men. There can be no lasting peace without justice, and justice is the only sure, the safe and the quick path to durable peace."

Benjamin Franklin says:
"A good example is the best sermon."

Keep Your Liberty Bonds
where they will be safe

Absolute protection in the fireproof and burglar proof vaults of the FRANKLIN SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY. Boxes for Bonds, Deeds and other valuable papers. Special arrangements for *safe keeping* Liberty Bonds for individual holders of less than $200. par value.

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THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form
For infants, invalids and growing children.
Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body.
Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged.
More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc.
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Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

IN tailoring our *Dress Suits* and *Tuxedos*, we "snatch a grace beyond the rules of Art". True, there are no muss-fuss measurings, no trying try-ons and no princely prices—but in every other respect they are of strict Custom Quality.

Dress Suits: $40 up
Tuxedos: $35 up
(Consisting of Coat and Trousers)
Dress Vests: $3.50 to $12

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

Men's Clothing Section—Fourth Floor

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Store Open 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

After Christmas Sale of High Grade Clothing

Men's and Young Men's Suits and Winter Overcoats

$32.50

That were $35, $37.50, $39.75, $40 and $45

Every year after Christmas we offer a special to the men of New York and suburban cities.

So Thursday, Dec. 26, 1918, we start our Big Sale of Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats.

A big assortment of the season's newest models and fabrics of the best.

Light and dark shade, as well as plain Oxford Greys, Blacks, Blue, and Brown. Many fancy mixtures.

All sizes to fit any man. An early call will insure the best selection. High Grade Clothing.

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Beginning today store hours will be 9 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.

Did You Do Your Christmas Shopping On a D.A.?

If so, the comfort and convenience of the system have made such an impression on you that you will never return to the old way of doing such things.

If you did not make use of a Deposit Account talk the matter over with a friend who has one, and the chances are that you will forthwith join our army of D. A. customers.

It Makes Shopping Easy

Shopping ceases to be a task if you have on deposit funds with which to make purchases. You are not obliged to square your desires into the amount of cash in your pocket.

How often has it happened that an unpremeditated visit to this store has brought you face to face with an imperative need at a price which you had thought beyond your means.

Usually these discoveries are made at a time when your purse is at home, or the funds at your command inadequate. How comforting and satisfactory it would be if on such occasions you could buy with the money to your credit in a Depositors' Account.

Open an Account Today

Talk the matter over with the folks at home, and then come here and ask for information at the Depositors' Account Department, Main Floor, Balcony, 34th Street.

There is no red-tape about opening an account. Deposit any sum you wish. You will be handed a card bearing a number. That number belongs to you and you alone.

Make your selections in shopping in the usual way, giving your D. A. number instead of cash. There is no waiting for change.

The D. A. is a charge account with this important difference: At the end of the month instead of receiving an itemized bill with a request to "remit" you receive a statement of the purchases made, and the amount still to your credit in this store.

Ask for Particulars.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Depositors' Account Dept., Private Bankers, under the supervision of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York.

Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 34th St.

Books for Our Heroes.

Books are needed for wounded men in hospitals. Send good recent fiction to the Public Library for our Soldiers and Sailors.

4,002 MORE CASUALTIES IN THE ARMY ANNOUNCED

Only 24 Dead in the Latest Lists; 3,866 Wounded and 110 Missing Named

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today, which contained the names of 4,002 men, bringing the total for the army up to 197,738. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued, but the total previously reported for that arm was 5,280. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 203,018.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 24 died of disease, 909 severely wounded, 1,406 wounded to a degree undetermined, 1,553 slightly wounded, and 110 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Dec. 25.	Total.
Killed in action	27,693	..	27,693
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	10,955	..	10,955
Died of accident	2,167	..	2,167
Died of disease	16,219	24	16,243
Total	57,766	24	57,790
Wounded	117,630	3,868	121,498
Missing	18,340	510	18,450
Total	193,736	4,002	197,738

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ALPERT, MORRIS, 299 Broome St....(WL)
ANDERSON, ROY A., 180 Hatfield Place, Port Richmond....(WS)
ARMOUR, S. E., East 29th St....(WU)
AUMILLER, FRANCIS G., 98 Troutman St., Brooklyn....(WS)
BALCOM, W. S., 2,440 Crotona Av....(DD)
BALZARINI, F. C., 634 Vanderbilt St., Brooklyn....(WL)
BARBALAT, A. J., 213 East 21st St..(WU)
BAUM, CHARLES, 1,075 Home St....(WU)
BENNETT, ED. R., 219 West 63d St..(WU)
BENZING, FRED L., 1,147 Longfellow Av....(WL)
BLAU, SAMUEL, 33 Cannon St....(WU)
BLOOM, H., 104 Orchard St., Brooklyn.(WL)
BOCCIA, BARNEY, 346 Cleveland St., Brooklyn....(MA)
BOTHE, H. A., 1,480 60th St., Bklyn..(WL)
BRADY, MATHEW, 439 58th St., Bklyn.(WL)
BRAND, MORRIS, 2,120 8th Av....(WS)
BRANDON, PATRICK, 579 Washington St....(WL)
BRANDENBURG, OTTO A., 102 West 81st St.—Corp....(WS)
BRAVO, MORRIS, 958 Prospect Av....(WL)
BRESLAUER, B., 800 Fox St....(WL)
BROWN, HERMAN, 100 West 141st St.—Sgt....(WS)
BURDEN, EDWARD F., 453 Hamilton St., Long Island City....(WL)
BURKE, WM. E., 545 Franklin Av., Brooklyn—Wagn....(WU)
BURNS, T. J., 293 East 136th St....(WL)
BUSH, H. D., 886 Union St., Brooklyn.(WL)
BUSH, J. A., 629 20th St., Brooklyn...(WL)
CALLAHAN, JOHN C., 207 East 74th St....(WU)
CARAGLIANO, G., 1,048 Ogden Av., High Bridge....(WS)
CARAVELLO, C., 827 3d Av., Brooklyn.(WU)
CARBERRY, PETER, 720 Bergen St., Brooklyn....(MA)
CARLUCCIO, HARRY, 2,746 Mott St...(WL)
CATALDO, P., 182 Sands St., Bklyn..(WU)
CAULFIELD, C. K., Jr., 434 East 57th St.—Lt....(WS)
CLARKE, JOHN W., 141 Henderson Av., New Brighton, Staten Island....(WU)
CLARKE, M. F., 128 Henry St., Bklyn.(WL)
COHEN, J., 206 Grafton St., Brooklyn.(WU)
COHEN, M. J., 313 West 11th St....(WL)
COLONNA, B. ALLISON, 601 W. 137th St.—Capt....(WU)
CONNELLY, JOHN F., 594 Sterling Place, Brooklyn....(WU)
COONEY, JOHN J., 1,513 Leland Av., Far Rockaway....(WU)
COONEY, WILLIAM L., 193 Bay 20th St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WS)
CORBETT, WM. A., 539 E. 144th St..(WU)
CORIGLIANO, A., 92 Thompson St....(WL)
CORMIER, JOSEPH A., 1,647 E. 12th St., Brooklyn—Lt....(WL)
CRANE, LEWIS W., 802 Ashland Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
CRAWFORD, JOHN, 153 Freeman St., Brooklyn....(WU)
CULLEN, JOS., 437 W. 54th St....(WL)
CURTY, GEO., 233 W. 26th St....(MA)
CUTLER, MAX, 25 Montgomery St....(WS)
DELANEY, HAROLD F., 707 Carroll St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WU)
DENENMARK, BENJAMIN, 1,585 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn....(WL)
DENNISON, C., 491 Lexington Av....(WL)
DIGIOIA, ALFREDO, 530 Milwood St., Brooklyn....(WS)
DOHERTY, GEORGE, 2,521 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn....(WL)
DOLAN, MICHAEL, 32 W. 98th St....(WS)
DOLOWICH, MORRIS, 97 Monroe St..(WS)
DOUGHERTY, HUGH A., 384 Manor Av., Woodhaven, L. I....(WU)
DRZEWIECKI, F., Oakland St., Bklyn.(WU)
DUNN, R. T., 518 W. 146th St—Corp..(WL)
DWYER, WILLIAM A., 683 Van Nest Av.—Corp....(WU)
EDELSTEIN, JACK, 91 Bay 29th St., Brooklyn....(WS)
EVENCHICK, ABRAM, 156 2d St....(WL)
EPSTEIN, J., 2,116 Lexington Av....(WL)
FEIN, A., 1,600 Pacific St., Brooklyn..(WS)
FERGUSON, WM., 263 W. 144th St..(WU)
FERNS, WILLIAM, 20 1st St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
FINLEY, JOHN, 116 Fosdick Av., Glendale, Brooklyn....(WL)
FISCHETTI, ANTHONY, 197 Gold St..(MA)
FLONGE, PIETRO, 176 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn....(WS)
FLYNN, JOSEPH P., 218 E. 27th St..(WL)
FORD, DANIEL, 348 W. 45th St....(WS)
FORNARA, M., 236 N. 5th St., Bklyn.(WL)
FRANK, JOSEPH I., 850 E. 161st St..(WU)
FRANKEL, JULIUS W., 502 Elton Av.(WU)
FREERS, WILLIAM C., 1,317 Decatur St., Brooklyn....(WL)
FRIEDMAN, HERB., 780 Prospect Av.(WL)
GALGANO, ANGELO, 1,516 Broadway, Brooklyn....(WU)
FUNKE, FRED R., 371 10th Av., Astoria—Corp....(WL)
GAY, JAMES J., 112 W. 91st St....(WU)
GARLAND, W. D., 122 W. 102d St....(WS)
GILL, THOMAS E., 735 WashingtonSt.(WL)
GOBER, Samuel, 821 Caldwell Av....(WS)
GORBERG, GETS, 202 S. 2d St., Bklyn.(WL)
GOLDBERG, NATH., 202 Franklin St.(WU)
GOLDSTEIN, E., 601 McDonough St., Brooklyn—Maj....(WL)
GOODIN, ALEXANDER, 25 South St...WU)
GOODMAN, MORRIS, 49 E. 100th St..(WU)
GRAHAM, W. J., 1,253 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
GRANDIN, EDWARD, 703 President St., Brooklyn....(WU)
GRANT, PETER, 315 West 119th St..(WL)
GRANT, W. R., 2,040 Valentine Av...(WU)
GREENBERG, MICHAEL, 120 South 4th St., Brooklyn....(WS)
GREGORY, GEORGE, 372 Parkside Av., Brooklyn....(WL)
GROGAN, T. J., 7 Macon St., B'klyn..(WU)
GROMETSTEIN, B., 570 W. 156th St.—Lt....(WL)
GUARNACCIA, P., 37½ St. Mark's Pl.(WU)
HANDY, A. R., 163 E. 75th St.—Wagn.(WU)
HARRISON, W. T., 516 E. 83d St....(WS)
HAUGHEY, JOHN, 11 Hick St., Bklyn.(WU)
HAUSER, A. W., 284 9th Av., Astoria.(MA)
HENRY, WILLIAM R., 228 Av. A....(WL)
HERTFELDER, H. C., 752 Marcy Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
HICKS, M., Bayview Av., Inwood....(WU)
HILLER, J., 62 Striker Av., Woodside.(WU)
HINCH, J. HUTTON, 340 Broadway...(WL)
HULSMAN, HARRY, 2,494 8th St....(WL)
HUTTER, T. B., 221 Hall Av., B'klyn.(MA)
IEMMA, PETER C., 225 E. 111th St..(WL)
IRVINE, F. D. H., 100 Berkeley Pl., Brooklyn....(WU)
JACOBS, M., 1,746 Union St., B'klyn..(WU)
JACOBS, S. M., 615 Livingston St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WU)
JONESHEFSKY, W., 247 Driggs Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
JONESKI, J. J., 228 Norman Av., Bkn.(WU)
JOSEPHS, A. F., 313 W. 40th St....(WU)
JUCHNOWICZ, J., 3,052 Park Av....(WL)
KAHN, W., 284 S. 2d St., B'klyn....(WL)
KEELY, A., 54 Hubbard St., B'klyn....(WL)
KENNEDY, T. J., 997 Richmond Turnpike, Silver Lake, S. I.—Corp....(WL)
KIELY, J., 496 E. 162d St....(WS)
KITCHENKA, A., U. S. S. Alabama, care of Postmaster....(WU)
KRAKAUER, T., 1,484 Hoe Av....(WS)
KRAUS, H. A., 1,600 Shakespeare Av.(WL)
KREUTER, G. E., 185 E. 80th St—Corp....(WL)
KRUG, A., 10 Ingraham St., B'klyn.(W.U)
KRUKOSKY, L., 1,887 2d Av....(WU)
KRYSIAK, J., 68 Diamond St., Bkn..(WU)
LACKAS, J., 476 Central Av., B'klyn..(WL)
LASKY, S., 923 Kelly St....(WS)
LEIBHOLZ, H., 438 E. 159th St.—Corp.(WL)
LENHART, G. H., 175 Harmon St., Bkn.(WS)
LOGAN, E. A., 120 2d St., B'klyn....(WL)
LOUIS, P., 63 W. 14th St....(WU)
LUCEY, C. J., 369 W. 28th St....(WL)
McCOLLUM, W., 435 W. 33d St—Corp.(WL)
McDONOUGH, E. J., 383 Stratford Road, Brooklyn....(WU)
McJIMSEY, J. B., 1,112 Dean St., Bkn.—Lt....(WS)
McSHERRY, J. T., 339 E. 43d St....(MA)
MACKINTOSH, J. F., 994 E. 35th St., Brooklyn....(WS)
MANNING, J. M., 136 E. 7th St....(WL)
MARINO, A., 493 E. 138th St....(WL)
MARUM, A. B., 224 72d St., B'klyn...(WL)
MASON, H. M., 417 W. B'way....(WL)
MASTERSON, J. A., 252 W. 148th St.—Corp....(WS)
MEAD, J. H., W. 8th St., 169th Precinct, Coney Island....(WU)
MELTZER, A., 363 Alabama Av., Bkn..(WL)
MENNO, TONY, 229 E. 29th St....(WL)
METRICKAS, JOHN, 40 Hudson Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
MIGILORE, FRANK, 356 E. 32d St...(WU)
MONTEMAGNO, C. J., 213 E. 106th St.(WU)
MORGAN, F. P., 1,675 76th St., Bklyn.(WL)
MOYN, AUGUST, 1,389 Av. A....(WS)
MURPHY, P. J., 425 W. 214th St.—Sgt.(WL)
NANNARONE, ANGELO, 338 Leonard St., Brooklyn....(MA)
NASH, GEORGE, 619 Morgan Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
NEGLIA, PETER, 80 Stanton St....(WU)
NESBITT, J. J., 88 Classon Av., Bklyn(WU)
O'CONNELL, MAURICE, 444 E. 137th St.—Corp....(WL)
O'LEARY, J. A., 101 Monroe St....(WU)
OLIVER, J. G., Sylvester Av. and Baltic St., Jamaica....(WL)
O'NEIL, B. F., 560 Lexington Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
O'ROURKE, JOHN E., 59th St.—Wagn.(WS)
OSSWALD, W. E., 40 Euclid Av., Bklyn(WL)
OTTO, A. C., Jr., 2,667 Briggs Av.—Lt.(WL)
PARKER, G. J., 1668 Park Av....(WS)
PEPE, CHARLES S., 602 E. 138th St...(WS)
PERCIA, SALVATORE, 1,080 St. John's Place, Brooklyn....(WU)
PETERSON, PETER, 635 Park Av....(WU)
PETTIT, G. F., 625 Hamilton Av., Richmond Hill....(WU)
PFEUFER, A. W., 402 Evergreen Av., Brooklyn....(WS)
PIERCE, FRANK G., 2,101 Mermaid Av., Coney Island—Sgt....(WS)
PIPER, ANGELO, 1,025 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn....(MA)
PISANO, JOHN, 32 Spencer St., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WU)
POLING, CHESTER A., 5,612 4th Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
PRENDERGAST, J. A., 341 1st Av....(WL)
PRICE, S. G., 304 173d St....(WL)
PROBST, JOHN, 198 Jefferson St., Brooklyn....(WU)
PROSTICK, J. J., 52 E. 104th St....(WU)
PROVISIERO, CARMINE, 57 Waldron St., Carona, Long Island....(WU)
PRUDENT, A. J., 789 E. 180th St....(WL)
PUGLIESE, JOHN, 137 Union St., Brooklyn....(WL)
PULLING, H. E., 220 W. 98th St....(WS)
PULVERMACHER, T. L., 594 7th St., Brooklyn—Lt....(WU)
RAGE, N., 664 Jefferson St., West New York....(WS)
RANKE, FRED, 175 E. 75th St....(WU)
RATTEL, J., 131 Stockholm St., B'klyn.(WL)
REICH, OTTO, 93 Columbia St....(WS)
REYNARD, H., 171 Van Buren St....(WU)
ROBINSON, M. LE ROY, 11 Schaeffer St., Brooklyn....(WU)
ROCKER, E., 1,711 Myrtle Av., B'klyn.(WL)
ROMANOKSKI, ADOLPH, 489 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn....(WS)
RUCK, JOSEPH F., 1,687 Gates Av., Queens, L. I....(WL)
RYDER, F., 416 37th St., Brooklyn....(WL)
SALIG, CARL, 554 Linwood St., B'klyn.(WU)
SALZANO, LOUIS, 486 Tinton Av....(WU)
SAPPIO, G. J., 534 39th St., Brooklyn..(MA)
SCAGLIONE, FRANK, 762 5th Av....(WL)
SCANLON, T. J., 354 West 12th St...(WL)
SCHACHNER, SAMUEL, 55 Thatford Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
SCHADE, RUDOLPH J., 162 Beach St., Stapleton....(WU)
SCHAIN, WILLIAM, 236 E. 7th St...(WU)
SCHLUETER, B. M., 925 E. 216th St..(WL)
SCHMID, JOSEPH G., 2,575 8th Av....(WL)
SCHULMAN, GEORGE, 167 Norfolk St.—Corp....(WS)
SCYDLORDKY, STANLEY, 254 George Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
SHAPIRO, PHILIP B., 150 Rodgers Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
SHEAR, C. A., 249 W. 13th St.—Corp.(WU)
SILOVITCH, SOLOMON, 87 S. 4th St., Brooklyn—Bgl....(WS)
SKODNIK, SAMUEL, 1,009 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn....(WL)
SLATER, GEORGE J., 94 W. 103d St..(WU)
SMITH, B. U., 56 E. 132d St.—Sgt....(WU)
SMITH, JAMES, 113 W. 62d St....(WL)
SOHN, E. J., 247 Meserole St., B'klyn.(WS)
SOLEMACHER, HYMAN, 41 Sigel St., Brooklyn....(WU)
SOUKOP, JOSEPH W., 745 14th St., College Point—Corp....(WU)
SPIELMAN, GEORGE F., 320 Suydam St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
SPOZEL, JAS., 185 York St., B'klyn...(WL)
STAIB, PERCY J., 259 Sumpter St., Brooklyn—Mch....(WS)
STAIR, DAVID, 909 Beck St....(WU)
STARK, LOUIS, 1,076 Faile St—Corp..(WL)
STEIGELMAN, C., 139 Forsyth St....(WU)
STEINDLER, CARL, 545 West 164th..(WU)
STEINHARDT, JACOB, 387 6th Av., Brooklyn....(WL)
STERN, BENJAMIN H., 109 Walton St., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WS)
STERN, EDWARD, 7 East 101st St....(WL)
STEVENS, J. F., 268 West 123d St....(WL)
STEWART, JOHN, 108 West 142d St...(WS)
SURLAR, GEO., 303 East 32d St....(WL)
SZCZEPANIAK, CAZIMIR, 159 23d St., Brooklyn....(WL)
TAUB, PHILIP A., 67 East 104th St...(WS)
TEDESCHI, R., 41 Halsey St., B'klyn..(WU)
THEISINGER, FRED, 603 East 13th...(WU)
THOMPSON, JEROME, 46 Bank St....(WL)
TUPPER, JOHN L., 304 Linden Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(WS)
VACHINO, F., 110 East 41st St....(WL)
VANDERBECK, WM., 309 E. 44th St..(WL)
VAN GLAHN, T., 324 W. 103d St....(WS)
VAN STY, LOUIS, 421 E. 52d St....(WU)
VIOLA, DAVID, 84th Place, Brooklyn..(WU)
WAGNER, D., 764 Park Av., Brooklyn.(WS)
WAGNER, FRANCIS J., 830 Union St., Brooklyn....(WL)
WALLACE, JOSEPH, 474 Bergen St., Brooklyn....(WL)
WARE, FRED'K C., 291 Broadway...(WU)
WEG, LEONARD, 541 W. 142d St....(WU)
WEIGAND, MICHAEL, 276 Jefferson St., Brooklyn....(WL)
WEILER, E., 651 St. Ann's Av.—Sgt...(WS)
WEIMAN, J. L., 800 E. 11th St....(WL)
WEINGARTEN, JACK, Racquet and Tennis Club, 370 Park Av....(WL)
WEINSTEIN, MAX, 1,647 Washington Av....(WS)
WEITZEL, HENRY, 709 Guion Place, Richmond Hill....(WS)
WEITZMAN, A., 49 Stanton St.—Sgt...(WL)
WEIMER, JOHN P., 742 E. 9th St...(WL)
WILSON, HOLT C., 50 Broad St....(WL)
WILSON, J. A., 505 W. 164th St....(WL)
WINEG, MAX, 265 Madison St....(WU)
WOLFBURGER, WILLIAM, 1,082 Honeywell St....(WL)
WOLFERMANN, HORACE D., 209 W. 98th St.—Maj....(WS)
WOODWARD, BELMONT H., 188 Hale Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
WURTZ, JOSEPH, 78 Suydam St., Brooklyn....(WU)
ZACHTER, ISIDORI, 191 Henry St....(WL)
ZAMORE, JOHN, 525 E. 146th St....(WS)
ZEVIN, HYMAN, 159 E. 106th St....(WU)
ZILBERMAN, HERMAN, 76 Ft. Greene Place, Brooklyn....(WL)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

ADSIT, HENRY, Buffalo—Lt....(WL)
ALBERICI, ZENO, Auburn....(WL)
ALLEN, HARRY J., Canandaigua....(WU)
ALLEN, JOHN, Philmont....(WL)
BAISLEY, VINCENT, Garnersville....(WU)
BALL, RONALD L., Yonkers....(WL)
BARKER, GEORGE W., Lackawanna.(WL)
BEHAN, JOSEPH C., Jr., Troy—Lt....(WL)
BILLINGTON, K. H., Ossining....(WU)
BISSELL, GEORGE S., Norwich....(WU)
BLACK, DONALD J., Niagara Falls.(WL)
BLUME, LEO H., Troy....(WS)
BOGGIO, A., North Bergen....(WL)
BOORMAN, JULIAN, Spring Valley...(WU)
BRADFORD, EUGENE G., Kingston..(WL)
BRINK, ALBERT, Kingston....(WU)
BROTELLO, LOUIS, Peekskill....(WL)
BROWN, LEVERITT R., Good Ground.(WU)
BROWN, ORVILLE S., Selkirk....(WL)
BULLUCK, ERIC, Stratford....(WS)
BURR, ROY, Middletown....(WL)
BURY, RAYMOND E., Buffalo....(WL)
BUTLER, LYNN F., Rochester....(WU)
BUSCH, CHARLES, Buffalo....(WS)
CAMBARBARI, N., Pleasantville....(WL)
CARRUS, EDWARD, Clyner....(WL)
CASE, EDGAR R., White Plains—Lt.(WL)
CHAMPLIN, H. C., East Randolph...(WL)
CHRISTOPHER, D., Ludingtonville...(WL)
CLAPPER, M., West Fulton—Corp....(WU)
CLARK, WALTER A., Altona....(WS)
COMFORT, ARCHIE, Pine City....(WU)
CORNPLANTER, JESSE J., Lawtons.(WL)
COVERT, C. N., Canisteo—Corp....(WL)
COX, HERBERT M., Monroe....(WU)
CROMIE, RAYMOND S., Cadyville....(WS)
CRONIN, JAMES D., Yonkers....(WU)
CUNNINGHAM, J. L., Saratoga SpgsCErin
CUNNINGHAM, JOSEPH L., Saratoga Springs—Sgt....(WS)
DAVIS, HENRY V., Sheridan—Lt....(WS)
DEGRAY, H. L., White Plains....(WU)
DELGUIDICE, C., White Plains....(WS)
DELMONACO, GIUSEPPI, Rome....(WU)
DELSHAY, GEORGE, Beacon—Corp...(WU)
DEMEIS, PASQUALE, Rochester....(WS)
DI BOTANICA, PAULO, Rochester....(WU)
DODGE, LEVI S., Andover....(WL)
DOWD, WILLIAM M., Cortland....(WU)
DREMEL, KASIMIR, Hudson....(WL)
DUCA, JOSEPH, Niagara Falls....(WU)
DUNWOODIE, R. H., Buffalo—Corp..(WU)
ENOS, WILBUR, Utica....(WU)
ETES, A. R., Saratoga Springs—Corp..(WS)
FELTER, JACOB W., Readburn—Corp.(WS)
FISHER, FOREST C., Glens Falls....(WL)
FISHER, JESSE J., Rexville....(WL)
FLOWER, GEORGE, Blissville....(WU)
FORD, JOHN, Jr., Groveland—Corp....(WL)
FRANCIS, JOHN, Jr., No. Bloomfield.(WU)
FREDERICKSON, GUY C., Portland..(WL)
FRISBIE, EARL T., Auburn....(WU)
GAILIE, LEO A., Chester....(WL)
GARDNER, IRWIN, Buffalo....(WL)
GERARD, FRANCIS S., Glens Falls..(WL)
GILCHRIST, DAVID M., Argyle....(WL)
GOODING, FRANK L., Yonkers—Sgt...(WS)
GRAHAM, JAMES, Jr., Syracuse....(WU)
GREEN, WM. P., Sacket Harbor....(WU)
GREENE, SAMUEL R., Suffern....(WU)
GRIFFIN, WM. D., Richfield Springs..(WU)
GROSS, JOHN C., Utica....(WL)
HANKIN, ALFRED E., Buffalo....(WU)
HANSEN, C. C., Buffalo—Cook....(WL)
HARDY, WILLIAM, Syracuse....(WU)
HAYDEN, JOHN J., Albany....(WS)
HAYES, HARRY, Cohoes....(MA)
HEFFERMAN, B. J., Cazenovia....(WL)
HELLER, I. C., Sag Harbor—Sgt....(WS)
HENDERSON, EVERETTE, Warwick.(WL)
HESS, MAURICE A., Deposit....(WU)
HEVENER, EVERETT, Slingerlands..(WU)
HEZMALHALCH, A., Buffalo—Corp...(WS)
HICKEY, A. F., Watertown—Sgt....(WL)
HURLBUT, HAROLD, Mannsville....(WL)
HUTCHINSON, BERNARD W., Elmira.(WU)
JABINE, THOMAS, Yonkers—Lt....(WL)
JACOBS, WALTER E., Buffalo....(WS)
JACOBSON, MAX, Parksville....(WU)
JAKONES, JOSEPH, Blissville....(WL)
JAKUBOWSKI, JOHN, Buffalo....(WU)
JOHNSON, CHARLES E., Jamestown.(WU)
JORDAN, WALTER S., Palisades....(WU)
KAHL, FREDERICK, Albany....(WU)
KALETA, JOHN, Buffalo—Sgt....(WU)
KAPPA, ALPHONSO, Amsterdam....(MA)
KELAFANT, FRED. M., Schenectady..(WU)
KIERNAN, J. J., Westchester—Bgl....(WS)
KRETZ, ALBERT F., Buffalo—Corp...(WL)
KRUG, FRANK, Floral Park....(WU)
KUKON, JOHN J., Jr., Clermont....(WS)
LAUDAN, HOWARD J., Buffalo....(WL)
LOEWSKI, JOSEPH, Utica....(WU)
LONG, CLARENCE L., Lockport....(MA)
LOWERS, HAROLD, Newburg....(WU)
LOYCHE, THEO. W., Schenectady....(WL)
McADAMS, CHARLES N., Syracuse—Lt....(WU)
McCAFFERY, WILLIAM EDWARD, Bayshore—Corp....(WS)
McCULLOCH, WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Rensselaer—Maj....(WU)
McCULLOUGH, WILLIAM, Ogdensburg—Corp....(WU)
McGLYNN, THOS. WM., Rochester....(WU)
McLEAN, GEORGE F., Buffalo....(WU)
McMANUS, JOHN E., Rochester....(WU)
MALEZEWSKI, FRANK, Maspeth....(WL)
MANNING, FRANK C., Cortland....(WU)
MANZELLA, ANTHONY, Silver Creek.(WS)
MARRIOTT, C. P., Herkimer—Corp....(WU)
MASON, HAROLD S., E. Bloomfield...(WL)
MECHLINSKI, WALTER, Buffalo....(WL)
MELCHIERRE, LUIGI, E. Rochester..(WS)
MINISCI, GEORGE, Greggsville....(WU)
MIOTK, JOHN T., Stony Point....(WL)
MOORE, JOHN CLARK, Waddington..(WS)
MORAN, FRED, Stanley....(WL)
MORRIS, RICHARD H., Newburg....(WU)
MUNTIAN, GEORGI, Binghamton....(WU)
NOLAN, GEORGE, Au Sable Forks—Corp....(WL)
O'CONNOR, JOHN J., East Peru....(WU)
ODACKOWSKY, HARRY, Buffalo....(WS)
ODIO, NICK, Rochester....(WL)
ODOMSKI, ROMAN, Niagara Falls....(WL)
OLIVER, CHESTER A., Hanuet....(WU)
OLSZIEWSKI, JOE, Molo....(WU)
OTTOWAY, WALDO F., Syracuse....(WU)
PARO, EARL R., Canton....(WU)
PARRAMORE, CARLOS, Gloversville..(WU)
PEARSALL, FRANK W., Jr., Mount Vernon—Corp....(WU)
PERRY, RAYMOND, Rushville....(WS)
PETERSON, NELSON, Schenectady...(WS)
PETTEE, C. S., Durham—Capt....(WL)
PICKETT, GEORGE J., Albany....(WL)
PIERRI, ANGELO, Rochester....(WL)
PONIATOWSKI, J., East Syracuse...(WU)
PRIOLI, STEFANO, Niagara Falls....(WL)
PROVOST, NELSON, Cadyville....(MA)
PRYLL, FRANK F., Dunkirk....(WU)
PUNTURIERO, FRANK, East Buffalo.(WL)
RAYMOND, GERALD, Onoville....(WU)
REDICK, E. J., Albany....(WS)
REITER, ARNULF J., Syracuse....(WS)
RILEY, HUGH F., Binghamton....(WL)
RODE, ARTHUR, Buffalo....(WU)
ROLLS, C. A., De Ruyter—Corp....(WL)
ROMANDI, JOHN, Carthage....(WS)
ROWLAND, AMBLER C., Saratoga Springs—Corp....(WL)
RUCZYNSKI, WITOLD, Binghamton..(WL)
SANDS, T. G., Schenectady....(WU)
SATTERLY, WILLIAM, Binghamton..(WU)
SAVAGE, PATRICK J., Friendship—Corp....(WL)
SAXTON, E. N., East Rochester....(WU)
SCAVONE, ANTONIO, White Plains...(WU)
SCHEPLER, ARTHUR F., Hawley....(WL)
SCHOPF, GEORGE J., Buffalo—Lt....(WS)
SCHWARTZ, JAMES B., Rock Tavern.(WL)
SEAGLE, G. A., Syracuse—Corp....(WL)
SERRAINO, PAUL, Schenectady....(WU)
SHERMAN, CHARLES E., Troy....(WU)
SICKLER, PHILIP, Stone Ridge....(WU)
SINELL, HARRY C., Suffern—Sgt....(WL)
SINSKI, JOSEPH F., Garfield....(WS)
SOMMO, CARMINE, Rosebank....(WL)
SOPER, ADELBERT C., Wadhams...(WU)
SORAGHAN, OWEN J., Albany....(WU)
SPADE, EMILIO, Hulburton....(WL)
SPOSATO, PAOLO, Mount Vernon....(WU)
SPRAGUE, C. W., Johnson City....(WL)
STEARNS, E. H., Kingsbury....(WL)
STILES, ROSWELL M., Watertown..(WU)
STOPSKI, ANTHONY, Kingston....(WU)
STURGESS, LYLE M., Norwich—Sgt..(WS)
SWATLING, HOWARD, Troy....(WL)
TATER, C. S., Northport—Capt....(WU)
THOMAS, WILLIAM M., Glen Park...(WU)
TILLSON, MARK D., Rochester....(WS)
TREMBLAY, LAWRENCE H., Buffalo.(WL)
VACANTI, CHARLES J., Buffalo....(WU)
VALLELA, CARMENO, Utica....(WS)
VOLKMAN, JAMES, Rochester—Lt....(WL)
VUOTTO, COSTANZO, Katonah—Corp.(WS)
WEAVER, HERBERT D., Wilson....(WS)
WECCHEIDER, H. J., Buffalo—Corp..(WS)
WHITE, THOMAS J., Hoosick Falls...(WS)
WHITMARSH, H. D., Oneonta—Corp..(WU)
WILLETT, LOUIS H., Tupperlake....(WL)
WILLIAMS, CHARLES F., Syracuse..(WL)
WILLIAMS, E. C., Adams Centre....(WU)
WILLIAMS, JOSEPH, Schenectady....(WL)
WILSON, JAMES E., Burt....(WL)
WIRKE, JOHN, Glen Cove....(WL)
WOLFF, LESTER E., Buffalo—Sgt....(W
WOODHOUSE, ALLEN C., Elmira...(WS)
YALE, LEON W., Binghamton....(WU)
YOX, CLARENCE L., Holland—Corp..(WU)

CONNECTICUT.

ALLEN, CORNELIUS, New Haven....(WS)
BACHAND, THEOPHILE, Collinsville.(WL)
BARBER, HERBERT M., Glassboro...(WU)
BERG, ALBERT, Clinton....(WU)
BIRDSELL, JOHN, Stamford....(WL)
BLANCHARD, FRANK J., South Manchester....(WU)
BOYLE, MICHAEL, South Manchester.(WL)
BUTLER, JAMES R., Hartford....(MA)
CALLAHAN, D. J., Bridgeport....(WS)
CAREY, JAMES, Bridgeport....(WU)
COSTELLO, CHAS. J., New Haven....(WU)
DEE, FRANK E., Waterbury—Sgt....(WU)
DE MARCO, M., New Haven—Corp....(WS)
DENZEL, EDWARD P., Bridgeport....(WS)
DOOLITTLE, HOWARD A., Bethany..(WL)
DOWETT, C. J., Jr., New Haven....(WS)
DUBOURGE, M. J., Torrington....(WU)
DUGAN, ANDY, Bridgeport....(WU)
GORDON, W. A., New Haven—Lt....(WL)
GRABOWSKI, S., New Haven....(WL)
GRASSO, S., Bridgeport....(WU)
GREER, FRANK E., Rockville....(WS)
HAYWARD, W. J., Hartford....(WL)
HIGGINS, WM. J., New Haven....(WS)
HOFFMAN, GEO. K., Hartford....(WU)
HURLBURT, CHAS. A., New Britain..(WL)
IMHOFF, HENRY, Bridgewater....(WU)
IOAKIM, PETER, New Haven....(WS)
JACOB, PETER, Livingston....(WL)
JOHNSON, CHARLES F., New Milford.(MA)
JOHNSON, JOHAN H., Bridgeport....(WU)
JUDD, HARVEY S., Southbury....(WS)
KAPLAN, SIMON, Hartford....(MA)
KNAPP, RAYMOND W., Hartford....(WU)
KRZIZEWSKI, ALEXANDER, Ansonia....(WU)
LAWRENCE, W. E., Meriden....(WU)
LENTOWSKI, STEVE, New Haven...(WS)
LOUKIDES, GEORGE, Derby....(WU)
LYNCH, THOMAS, New Haven....(WL)
McCANN, J. J., South Manchester—Corp....(WL)
McGUIRE, P. J., Manchester....(WU)
McKIERMAN, THOMAS, New Haven..(WU)
MEANEY, M. A., Waterbury....(WU)
MORAN, G. J., Waterbury....(WU)
MUELLER, HENRY, Irvington....(WU)
MURRAY, J. H., Bridgeport....(WU)
OLSEN, H. L., Oakville....(WS)
PETKUS, ANTHONY, Bridgeport....(WU)
PILKIERUS, ISIDOR, New Britain...(WU)
POW, JOSEPH, Jr., Bridgeport....(WL)
PRACZUKOWSKI, MICHAEL, Gewett City....(WL)
REALE, DOMENICK, Plainville....(WU)
RINOLDI, JOSEPH, Hartford....(WU)
ROGERS, R. P., Scotland....(WS)
RUBELMAN, STEPHEN, Seymour....(WU)
SANDERS, J. C., New Britain....(WU)
SAVAGE, G. W., New Haven....(WU)
SIMONS, A. M., Hartford—Lt....(WU)
SODA, J. R., Derby....(WL)
STEVENS, A. W., Derby....(WU)
SUTHERLAND, E. J., Waterbury....(WL)
THOMAS, FRANK, Waterbury....(WU)
YENKAUCKAS, K. J., Bridgeport....(WU)
YORK, G. V., Waterbury....(WU)

GEORGIA.

STRICKLAND, H. G., Watkinsville....(DD)

INDIANA.

BRANHAM, R. R., Osgood....(DD)

IOWA.

GLEIM, WILLIAM R., Nemaha....(DD)

MAINE

DEMERITT, LESLIE P., Sanford....(DD)
GREEN, ALDEN B., Winterville....(DD)

MICHIGAN.

DE VRIES, GUSTAVE, Holland....(DD)

MINNESOTA.

JOHNSON, GILLMAN, Brooten....(DD)
NISSEN, JOHN A., Hutchinson....(DD)

MISSOURI.

BRITT, ALVIN K., Macks Creek....(DD)
BROWER, FRED L., Kennett....(DD)

NEBRASKA.

WEST, ROGERS C., Comstock....(DD)

NEW JERSEY.

ALLARD, CHARLES E., Paterson....(WU)
ANGELO, MALONE, Newark....(WU)
ARMSTRONG, CLARENCE, Riverton..(WL)
BALINSKI, ANTHONY, Jersey City...(WS)
BARNES, CHARLES, Paterson....(WL)
BARRICELLI, P., Granville....(WU)
BARTUSH, ANDREW, Perth Amboy...(WL)
BATTITA, TONY, Irvington....(WU)
BELLANY, P. E., Hoboken—Corp....(WL)
BERZAK, MANUEL, Newark....(WU)
BICE, HARRY V., Wharton—Corp...(WL)
BIRCH, LEON, Elmer....(WU)
BLATZ, WILLIAM, West New York...(MA)
BLOCK, ALEXANDER, Jersey City...(WU)
BLUMBERG, HARRY, Atlantic....(WL)
BOVE, GENMORE, Newark....(WL)
BOWEN, HALSTEAD, E. Rutherford.(WL)
BRADY, FRANK P., Bloomfield....(WL)
BREEN, ARTHUR, Bloomfield....(WL)
BROWNE, DUDLEY M., Ramsey—Lt..(WS)
BRUCCULEIRI, C., Trenton....(WL)
BURKE, HARRY D., Camden—Sgt....(WS)
BURNS, WM., Harrison—Corp....(WS)
CALCHEZA, JOHN, Jersey City....(WL)
CAPODICI, GIUSEPPE, Jersey City...(WU)
CAPOR, PETER, Passaic....(WL)
CARELS, HERBERT E., Merchantville.(WL)
CARROLL, BERNARD J., Bayonne....(WS)
CARUSO, ANTONIO, Rocky Hill....(WS)
CHAMBERLAIN, WM. H., Hamilton Square....(WL)
CHAMPION, MAURICE, Millville....(WS)
CHANIN, ABNER, Newark....(WL)
CHARASKA, WALTER, Matawan....(WL)
CHRISTINO, WILLIAM, Bloomfield...(WL)
CLARK, JAMES A., Camden....(WS)
CLEVELAND, J. S., Newark—Corp....(WL)
COE, LEONARD W., Merchantville....(WL)
COLABELLI, TONY, Orange....(WS)
COLEMAN, JOHN F., Exeter....(WU)
COLLINS, W. B., Montclair—Lt....(WS)
CONLON, JOHN O., Englewood....(WU)
CONOVER, HOWARD R., Trenton....(WU)
COSENTINO, F. R., Jersey City....(WS)
CUNNINGHAM, WM. S., Elizabeth....(WL)
DARNELL, ARTHUR, Herbertville....(WU)
DELGUIDICE, CIRO, Paterson....(WL)
DEL TUFO, ANTHONY, Newark....(WU)
DEMPSEY, MARK T., Paterson....(WL)
DE YOUNG, EDWARD, Paterson....(WU)
DOUGHERTY, RAYMOND J., Newark.(WL)
DOWD, A. A., Jersey City....(WL)
DUGAN, JOHN L., Trenton—Sgt....(WU)
DUFFY, JAMES J., Perth Amboy....(WL)
DUNLAP, WM. O., Elizabeth—Sgt....(WL)
EGBERT, LEO, Newark—Sgt....(WS)
ELLIS, HYMAN, Jersey City....(WL)
EMERSON, ROBERT E., Hoboken....(WU)
EMMONS, WM. A., South Amboy....(WL)
FAULK, HENRY, Jr., Newark....(WU)
FEBIK, EDWARD, Jersey City....(WU)
FOLEY, EDWARD W., Hoboken....(WS)
FOYE, THOMAS, Jersey City....(WU)
FRANK, LEOPOLD, Bridgeton—Sgt...(WS)
FRIEDMAN, JAMES, Newark....(WL)
GALLAGHER, CORNELIUS, Bayonne.(WS)
GALLAGHER, DENNIS J., Harrison..(WU)
GALLAGHER, HUGH, Bayonne....(WL)
GIAMMARCO, SALVATORE, Cliffside.(WS)
GILLEN, JOSEPH F., Jersey City....(WU)
GILROY, EDWARD F., Newark—Corp.(WU)
GOLDERE, FRANCESCO, Morristown.(WL)
GOODWIN H. V., Jersey City—Sgt....(WS)
GOZZOLO, SAMUEL L., W. Hoboken.(WU)
GREEN, RUSSELL B., Newark....(WL)
GREENWALT, B. R., Hoboken—Sgt...(WS)
HEER, EDWARD A., Newark....(WU)
HEIDORF, CHARLES, Hackensack...(WL)
HEIN, ILLO, Weehawken....(WU)
HEITMANN, J. H., Ridgefield Park..(WU)
HERMANN, VICTOR, Newark....(WU)
HERRITY, JOHN F., Burlington....(WS)
HEYMER, LOUIS R., Hoboken....(WS)
HILS, FRED, Union Hill....(WL)
HOGAN, EDWARD J., Passaic....(WL)
HOLLES, JOSEPH, Garfield....(WU)
ILVENTO, DAVID, Newark....(WU)
JACKSON, CHESTER, Mountainview..(WU)
JADWIN, JEAN S., Plainfield....(WS)
JOHNSTON, ROBERT V., Passaic....(WL)
JOHO, ERNEST C., Elizabeth—Sgt....(WU)
JONES, WILLIAM R., Clifton....(WU)
JOSKEY, FRANK H., Passaic....(WU)
JOYCE, HENRY R., No. Arlington....(WL)
JOYCE, Lyndon W., Newark....(WU)
KAETZ, G. E., Jersey City—Sgt....(WU)
KAHRAR, CHARLES, Jersey City....(WL)
KAMMERER, RAY G., Paterson....(WL)
KENNY, JOHN, Burlington....(WL)
KIRCHNER, HAROLD C., Newark—Lt.(WS)
KIRSCH, WILLIAM R, Newark....(WL)
KOPLOWITZ, LOUIS, Perth Amboy....(WU)
KRANZO, ALBERT, Jersey City....(WU)
KRUG, EDWARD P., Irvington....(WL)
KRUESI, CARL, North Bergen—Corp..(WL)
KUNZ, F. H., Jersey City—Corp....(WL)
LADIKAS, MIKE, New Brunswick....(WU)
LEARN, ELBERT F., Belvidere....(WU)
LEESON, CHAS. W., Camden....(WS)
LEWIS, EDGAR F., Bayville—Mch....(WU)
LOGAN, JOSEPH, Newark—Corp....(WS)
LOMBARDI, G., Cliffside Park....(WL)
LONGINOTTI, T., West Hoboken....(WU)
LYNCH, DANIEL, Harrison....(WL)
McDERMOTT, WM., Guttenberg....(WL)
McDONALD, AIDAN, Bayonne....(WS)
McDONALD, John J., Jersey City....(WL)
McGEE, FRANK J., Newark....(WU)
McMAHON, ROY J., Wallington....(WU)
MAJOR, GUY L., Sicklerville....(WU)
MASEK, PAUL J., Perth Amboy....(WU)
MASTERSON, C. R., Hightstown....(WS)
MATHEWS, CHARLES A., Glenville..(WU)
MILDENBERG, O. V., Jersey City....(WU)
MILLER, ARTHUR, Newark....(WL)
MILLER, FRED B., Atlantic City....(WL)
MITCHELL, JAMES F., Passaic....(WU)
MULHERN, WILLIAM, Harrison....(WL)
NICHOLLS, JOHN J., Hoboken....(WU)
OBER, CHAS. E., West Orange....(WL)
O'CONNOR, THOS. F., Jersey City....(WU)
O'HARA, PATRICK, Newark—Sgt....(WS)
OLIVA, JOSEPH, Newark—Mas. Elect.(WU)
OLIVO, ANTONIO, Camden....(WU)
OSTRANDER, A. C., Jersey City—Sgt.(WL)
PATETE, MICHAEL, Elizabeth....(WL)
PATTERSON, EDWARD, Paterson....(WL)
PETRIE, WILLIAM F., Jersey City..(WU)
PIERCE, RUSSELL, Camden....(WU)
POLHEMUS, E. D., Oceanic—Corp....(WL)
POLHEMUS, FRANK, Paterson....(WL)
PONTRELLI, GIOVANNI, Newark....(WS)
POPEFKA, C., Atlantic City....(WU)
POST, GEORGE H., Carney....(WU)
POWERS, JOHN B., Newark....(WL)
PRINGLE, JOHN, Newark—Corp....(WU)
PULVERITIS, ARTHUR, Hoboken....(WS)
PEALE, ALBERT, Newark....(WL)
RIGGINS, WALTER F., Camden....(WL)
ROADTY, LUKE J., Hoboken....(WU)
ROBINSON, JOHN, Paterson....(WU)
ROCINO, GIUSEPPE, Paterson....(WU)
ROSKOSZ, HENRY, Newark....(WS)
NOTHAUSER, HARRY, Newark....(WU)
ROUGHGARDEN, F., Warrenpoint—Mch....(WU)
RUNYON, JOHN C., Irvington....(WU)
SALZBERG, ISAAC, Paterson....(WL)
SAUNDERS, CYRIL, Paterson....(WU)
SCARR, F. J., Hasbrouck Heights—Capt....(WL)
SCHELL, HENRY A., Newark....(WL)
SCHROEDER, A., North Bergen....(WL)
SCHULTZ, A., Orange—Corp....(WL)
SCHURR, JOHN, Belleville....(WS)
SEBRING, RUSSELL, Somerville....(WU)
SEE, THEODORE D., Jersey City....(WS)
SHADWELL, C. C., South Orange....(WL)
SHAFFER, WILLIAM, Trenton....(WU)
SHARP, M. W., Lumberton....(WS)
SIANO, JOHN, Port Redding....(WU)
SIDEBOTHAM, J. P., Camden....(WU)
SIER, JACOB, Clifton....(WU)
SIMPSON, F. J., Orange—Corp....(WS)
SMITH, ANDREW, Perth Amboy....(MA)
SORG, HARRISON T., Newark....(WU)
SORRENTINO, A., Paterson—Sgt....(WL)
SPATCHER, A., Paterson—Sgt....(WL)
STEVENS, F., Florham Park—Corp..(WL)
STUCKEY, EDWIN O., Bayonne....(WU)
SUTTON, HARRY W., Califon....(WU)
TERHUNE, JAMES, Newark....(WU)
TOINE, FRANK J., Paterson....(WL)
VAN HOCK, JOHN, Paterson....(WU)
VAN PEER, NICHOLAS, Paterson....(WU)
VERTUNOFF, A., Helmetta—Mch....(WS)
WALKER, WALTER W., Summit....(WS)
WANNEMACHER, S. L., Arlington....(WL)
WIELE, A. L., South Orange....(WU)
WEIMER, C. F., West Orange....(WU)
WILLIAMS, JOSEPH D., McAfee....(WS)
WISE, E. L., Hudson—Mch....(WL)
WISE, JOHN B., Elizabeth—Lt....(WS)
WOJTOKOWSKY, A., Bayonne....(WL)
WOLFMAN, ALBERT, Newark....(WU)
WORTENDYKE, R. J., Jersey City—Lt.(WS)
WYNNE, DENNIS, Weehawken—Corp.(WS)
YABLONSKY, JACOB S., Newark....(WL)
YEAGER, LEWIS R., Dobbins....(WL)
YEATES, SAMUEL T., Garfield....(WL)
YELLIN, MORRIS, Bayonne....(WL)
YEO, CHARLES, Union Hill....(WL)
YOUNG, A., Atlantic City—Wagn....(WL)
YOUNG, ARTHUR O., Newark....(WL)
YURKUTAT, HERMAN, Newark....(WU)
ZABRISKI, JOHN, Dundee Lakes....(WU)
ZOOLE, CHARLES D., West Creek...(WL)

OHIO.

VINCENT, THOMAS, Cambridge....(DD)

OKLAHOMA

JENNINGS, GEORGE, Muskogee....(DD)

PENNSYLVANIA

BOOSEL, RALPH L., Chicora....(DD)
GROFF, WILLIAM, Embreville....(DD)

TEXAS.

SHERRILL, VIRGIL A., Girard....(DD)
TITSWORTH, HARRY E., Beardstown(DD)

UTAH.

MARTINEZ, SAMUEL, Beaver City....(DD)

WEST VIRGINIA.

CLARK, GEORGE L., Willowbend....(DD)

GREECE.

POPOTHEDORON, F., Richee, Arcadia.(DD)

ITALY.

CAPPABINCA, S., Carbousa, Province of Bari....(DD)
GLIOZZO, PETER, Cesaro Messina....(DD)

SWEDEN.

ARVIDSON, R. W., Tofp Or Daleland..(DD)

Revised Report of Casualties.

The War Department has issued the following revised report of casualties under date of Dec. 25:

	Now Rptd.	Prev. Rptd.
ARRISON, E. L., Palmyra, N.J.	(WU)	(MA)
BACA, E., Panablanca, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
CASSADY, C. H., Paterson, N.J.	(WU)	(MA)
DISPENSA, JOS., Corona, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
DONNER, P., Amherst, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
FEINER, MORRIS, 304 E. 8th St., New York, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
GINTY, P., 398 3d Av., New York, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
HENNESSEY, C. G., Hamlen, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
HOCKMAN, JACOB, 1,054 Simpson St., New York	(WU)	(MA)
HULL, E. C., Schuyler Lake, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
IACHETTA, A., Rochester, N.Y.	(WU)	(MA)
ISAACS, A., 845 Beck St., N.Y.C.	(WU)	(MA)
JONES, R. D., Lyndhurst, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
KALLEY, N., Inwood, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
KREILS, T., Hartford, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
NAUM, GEORGE, Syracuse, N.Y.	(WU)	(MA)
NEGREPONT, CONSTANTINE, 100 Cherry St., New York	(WU)	(MA)
O'CONNOR, JOHN A., Mineola, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
O'RAWE, A., Elmhurst, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
PAULUOCY, JOHN, New Haven, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
PHOLAN, JOHN J., North Tonawanda, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
ROSENBLUM, MORRIS, 379 South Third Street, Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
RUZZANI, THOMAS, North Tonawanda, N. Y.	(WU)	(MA)
SMITH, ROBERT J., South Manchester, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
SPURLING, WALTER J., 1,699 Broadway, Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)

ON THE CASUALTY LIST.

Lieut. C. S. Montgomery Left College and Won a Commission.

Lieut. Charles S. Montgomery, who died from wounds, enlisted in the Quartermaster's Corps, was later transferred to the infantry, and won his commission in France. At the time of his enlistment, Montgomery was attending Pennsylvania College. He lived at 26 Union Avenue, Roselle Park, N. J.

Lieut. Theodore L. Pulvermacher of the Medical Corps, who was wounded on Oct. 24, lived at 594 Seventh Street, Brooklyn, where he formerly practiced. He was graduated at Boys' High School and the Long Island Medical College.

Lieut. Otis Davey of the 104th Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop died of pneumonia the day before the armistice was signed. He lived with his mother, Mrs. Julia O. Davey, at 650 Central Avenue, East Orange.

Sergeant John Butler, the first Glen Cove man to enter the army, died in France on Nov. 4, according to information received by his aunt, Mrs. Thomas Butler of Glen Cove. He was a member of the 165th Infantry.

LIEUT. ROPER RECOVERING.

Son and Namesake of Revenue Commissioner Wounded in Argonne.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has received word that his son, Lieutenant Daniel C. Roper, Jr., Company A, 18th U. S. Infantry, who was wounded in the Argonne Forest on Oct. 9, is recovering in a hospital at Mesvres, France. After he had been wounded he had an attack of influenza. He was struck by fragments of a high explosive shell while leading his men in the Argonne fight.

Lieutenant Roper was a student of Bowdoin College when the United States entered the war. He was trained at Plattsburg, and went to France in September, 1917.

Mr. Roper has three sons in the service.

WHAT IS THE "MOST USED AND MOST USEFUL BOOK IN NEW YORK?"

Do You Want More Business In 1919?

THERE seems to be no doubt about it. 1919 will be the big year for business. It will be an index year—the first of the readjustment period—the year that will determine whether you get a real start or not.

Are you going after the big New York market? Are you going to take full advantage of the unusual opportunities for business right here in the metropolis?

Then you will, of course, advertise. You will drive home your sales message day after day, and week after week, and you will surely use the medium that goes into practically every home, every office, every store, every factory, every club—the medium that reaches all New York and is consulted two and one-half million times daily.

For the NEW YORK CITY TELEPHONE DIRECTORY, with its circulation of nearly a million copies an issue, is a distinctive advertising medium used by more than 1,000 advertisers who are getting results at a low cost.

May we have an opportunity soon to tell you how you can use the Telephone Directory to reach the New York Market?

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY
Directory Advertising Department
Room 1106, 15 Dey Street, New York City

What New York Advertising Medium is Consulted Two and One-Half Million Times Daily?

B. Altman & Co.

A Remarkable Offering of
Women's Dresses
(of velveteen, serge, satin and crepe de Chine)
at the greatly reduced price of
$18.50
will begin to-day, in the Ready-to-wear Department, on the Third Floor.

Other Special Offerings
Commencing to-day, will consist of
Women's Laced & Buttoned Boots
and Cotton Dress Fabrics

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

Begin—today—their
After-Christmas
Sales
Offering Very
Pronounced Values
in
Furs---Gowns---Hats
Wraps---Coats---Suits
Including Imported Models

A&F Co

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

Madison Avenue and Forty-Fifth Street

Captains Courageous

Welcome home again!

Our holiday greetings are as unbounded in their whole-hearted warmth as our pride in your great achievements!

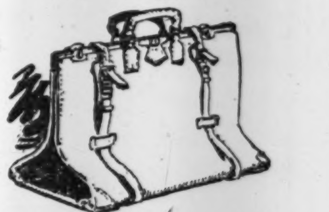
To the officers and the men on every ship—to every friend who comes to welcome you, we extend the hospitality of the establishment.

There are many things of interest—the implements of sport, as well as those conveniences and necessities we have furnished Navy and Army men during the war.

Topside, on our roof, is our Sportsmen's Snug Harbor—a log cabin with a big old fireplace, before which you are invited to rest and unfold to your friend your most thrilling story of the sea!

Come as our guests—not necessarily to buy, but to look and enjoy yourselves.

Abercrombie & Fitch Conveniences for the Wayfarer



Kit Bags and Travelling Bags.
Suit Cases, fitted or unfitted.
Port Cases, to be used on your trip ashore.
Fitted Toilet Cases.
Thermos Bottles and Flasks.
Cameras—large assortments.
Luncheon Kits for your motor trips.
Wrist Watches and Compasses.

Meeting Every Sporting Requirement

From a shot gun to a complete outfit for a Polar expedition—from a skate-sail to a full tarpon equipment.

A building that is one of New York's famous sights, filled to repletion with sporting goods of every description.

A fishing tackle department which covers to a nicety the most exacting requirements of the fisherman, for either salt or fresh water.

For the big game hunter and the small game hunter—everything known to the sportsman.

For the camper, the golfer, the tennis player, the card player, the skater, all the needed paraphernalia, in its very best form.

Clothes for Sportsmen and Sportswomen

The most complete assortments to be found anywhere in the world.

Skating sets, sweaters, golf jackets, lamb-lined coats, leather coats and waistcoats, motor coats.

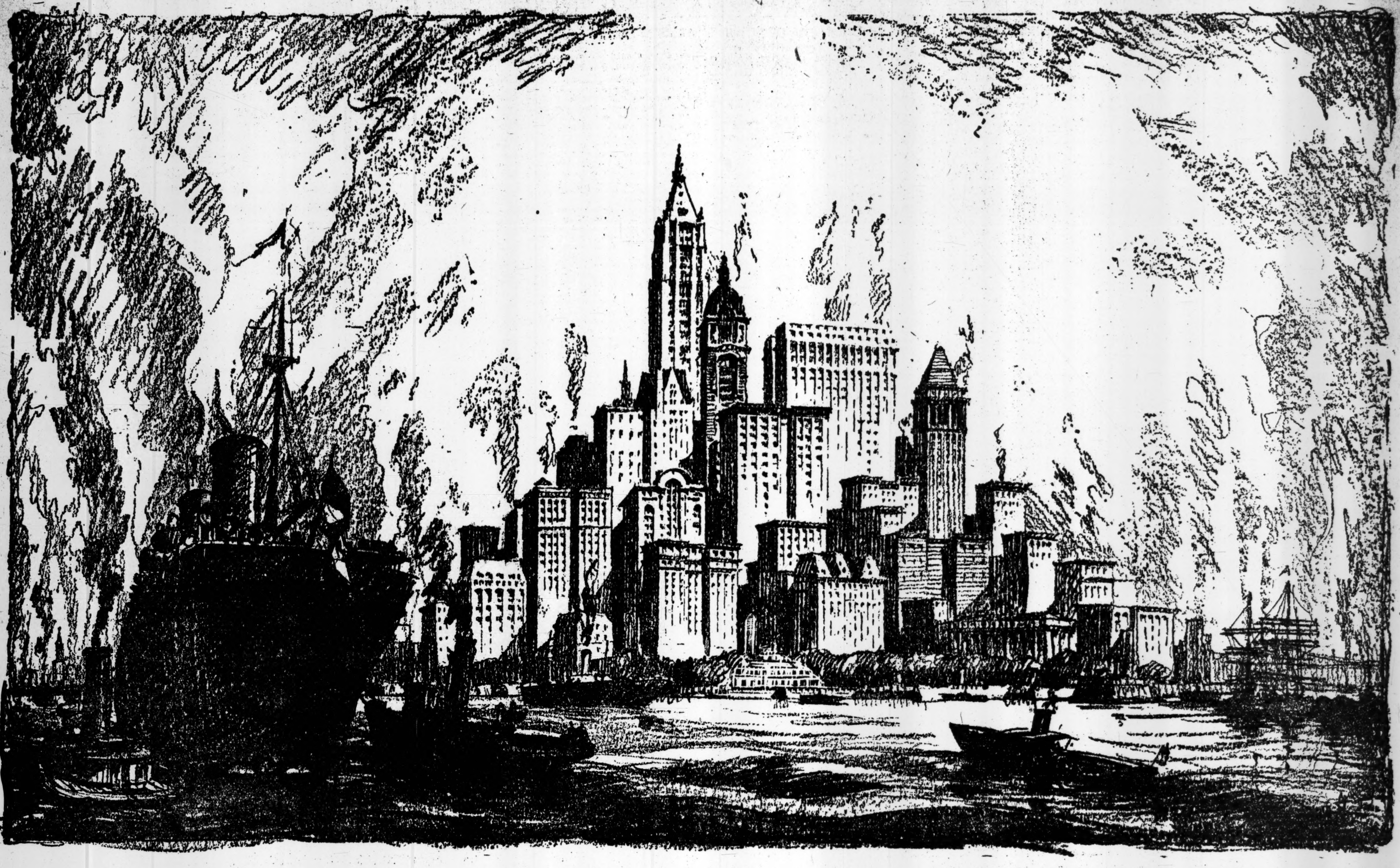
Tweed town and country suits, golf suits, riding suits, hunting suits, skating and snow sport suits.

Flannel shirts, stocks, gloves, stockings, caps and hats.

And the largest and most complete assortments of sporting and town and country shoes in the world.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President.
Madison Avenue and 45th St.
New York

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard."



A Great Port, A Great Industry and—the New York Fur Auction Sales

GREAT WARS have been waged to secure for other nations what nature gave America—a great port. Political geography went nature one better and gave to America a great port, perfectly accessible to all other great world ports and a natural market for the raw products of the universe. That port, that market is New York, the home of The Fur Auction Sales.

The International Influence of New York

NEW YORK has always been a big factor in the domestic fur industry. From the days of the original John Jacob Astor, New York was the receiving point for the rich pelts of the great Northwest Territory, on their way to the money markets of the world. New York was the gateway to London.

Where raw material collects, manufacturing thrives. So has it been with furs. New York developed a great industry—the manufacture of furs. Today, New York manufactures 85% of the furs manufactured in America and more furs than are manufactured in London, Paris, Berlin, Leipzig, Vienna and Petrograd combined. Truly a great industry.

The War and Fur Markets

Then some one pried the lid off the Inferno by starting the World War. Conditions of trade and traffic reduced the importance of European fur markets. Auction Sales were started at New York. The return of peace shows that such sales should have been here long ago. We have the port and the location. We have unparalleled manufacturing establishments which necessitate bringing to New York vast quantities of furs for actual consumption. On what better foundations could a great industry be builded?

Not a Local Make-Shift—An International Permanence

The return of peace means a definite challenge to American business supremacy. The reconstruction period necessitates efficiency in every line of industry.

Applied to the fur industry this means that it is highly advisable to hold fur auction sales at a point central to the world.

The institution of The New York Fur Auction Sales at New York was a logical business step not a war time make-shift. Her unparalleled port, her daily contact with the entire world and her regular receipt of raw furs from all over the world, stamp New York as the fur market of the world, and localize America's Fur Auction Sales in New York.

Fur Auction Sales at New York are not a local make-shift to meet the conditions of war. They are an international permanence. If America is to compete with foreign fur auction sales it must be through New York. If America is to maintain her fur leadership New York must be supported.

Ever since the outbreak of the great World War America has ceased buying back her own furs at foreign auctions or from Germany dressed or dyed and then reshipping them to America, with a duty on them, for manufacture and sale. She buys them where she first finds them and her great avenue of supply is The New York Fur Auction Sales.

The New York Fur Auction Sales have transformed New York from a domestic to an international fur market. They have brought to the port of New York raw pelts from every fur producing nation of the world. They deserve the support, for reasons other than civic pride or sentiment, of every one who is interested in the fur industry in America whether a raw fur merchant, a manufacturing or retail furrier, a fur dresser or dyer, a shipper or large collector of raw furs, or indeed, a woman buying the finished product for personal wear.

The fur industry of America is entitled to your support. The Fur Market of America is New York. The Fur Market of the World is New York. Support New York and keep American fur leadership in America.

Next Sale February 3rd

Catalogs will be issued and the warehouses at 48-50-52 Great Jones Street opened for the inspection of merchandise, January 29.

Support New York!

NEW YORK FUR AUCTION SALES CORPORATION · NEW YORK · U.S.A.

OWNERS OF BASEBALL CLUBS SAY CONTRACTS STILL BIND PLAYERS

SAY PLAYERS ARE NOT FREE AGENTS

Owners Think Reserve Clause Still Holds Men, Despite Early Closing Last Fall.

MAGNATES ARE ALL AGREED

Cobb and Other Stars Must Return to Their Teams Next Season.

Numerous ball players who have taken the stand that their contracts were automatically canceled by the failure of their clubs to play out the schedule last season and pay them the usual six months salary are apparently soon to learn that there is no such thing as a free agent in the big leagues. Quite on the other hand, the sixteen clubs are preparing to enforce again the reserve clause to hold their players for next year, and this week will send out notices for claim of services to all men on their reserve lists, in accordance with baseball law.

These notices are required to be sent out by Jan. 1 each year and the club has until March 1 to send out contracts, though these are usually sent out during January and February. This year the clubs are encountering some difficulty because many players are in the various branches of the service and may not be reached, but notice sent to the last address is considered sufficient under the rules of baseball.

Undoubtedly many players will object to the attempt of the clubs to hold them to their contracts. When the season was brought to an early close in September because of the work and fight order most of the players were served with ten days' release notices contained in their contracts, and which release is supposed to make them free agents. This was done to forestall any legal claims for salaries for the remaining month of the normal baseball season. But at the same time the club owners entered into a gentlemen's agreement not to tamper with each other's players when the game was resumed, and consequently players must return to the clubs which formerly employed them or remain out of the game, for no other club will deal with them. It is an open question whether the claims of the clubs under the reserve clause would hold in a court of law, but, legal or not, there appears little chance of the players becoming free agents.

Ty Cobb, upon his return from France a few days ago, raised the question of the free agent. He asserted that the Detroit Club no longer held a claim on him and that he was free to deal with the highest bidder for his services. However, Cobb will find it difficult to deal with any other club owner. The same is true of other players. Because of the position he occupies in baseball as a drawing card Cobb may be able to force terms to suit his demands, but lesser lights will be less fortunate.

The matter of contracts which the clubs canceled so suddenly last season, has been the subject of much discussion among the club owners during the off-season. However, they feel that there is justice in the stand they have taken, as is explained by Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia Athletics, and one of the smartest men in the game.

"I was rather surprised to read about Cobb claiming to be a free agent," said Mack, "for he knows better. The club owners did all they could to carry the game along as far as possible last season, and they only closed when they were forced to do so. It was only natural that we should enter into an agreement to protect our interests, and, of course, we are bound to respect each other's rights. It would be the ruination of baseball next year were the players free to dicker with any one who wished their services, and there is no chance of such a condition arising."

In spite of the attitude of some of the players who are demanding the right to accept terms from the highest bidder, there will probably be little trouble on the part of club owners in rounding up their talent. Except for the men who are still in the army, the familiar faces will all appear again with the opening of the season. The only trouble the club owners anticipate is that of the usual holdouts, players in a position to demand more salary. But these will be handled individually in each instance.

It is also evident that the club owners are not going to make any attempt to hurry the release of any of their men from the army or navy. They have taken the stand that it would be unpatriotic to request the release of these men. It is quite probable that most of the ball players in either branch of the service will be able to return to their clubs by the opening of the season, but no plans are being made based on them.

The Chicago Cubs have retained Grover Cleveland Alexander on their reserve list and will send him a notice of claim of service this week, but Manager Fred Mitchell has refused to make any request to the War Department for his release. Alexander cost the Cubs $50,000 and the club would like to have him on hand to get back some of the money. "We hope Alexander will be with us at the opening of next season," said Mitchell recently, "but we will take no steps to get him out of the army."

BOXING BILLS MAY PASS.

Measures in Illinois and Nebraska Bid Fair to be Enacted.

Advocates of professional boxing in Illinois and Nebraska are making every effort to have the sport established legally in both States, according to reports from the West. In Nebraska it is believed that a bill known as the Melady bill, sponsored by Gene Melady, has an excellent chance of being accepted when it is introduced before the Legislature at Lincoln. The Melady bill is said to have more attractive points and stronger backing then previous measures which were defeated by small votes, and followers of the sport in the corn-husking State are hopeful boxing will be permitted.

The support of soldiers returning from France and from camps in various parts of the country is seemingly assured, and it is expected that the incoming Governor, S. R. McKelvie, will approve the bill providing it passes both houses of the Legislature.

One of the latest supporters of the bill which will be submitted to the Illinois Legislature is Robert W. McKinley, a County Commissioner and former State Representative. McKinley, in a statement, declared in favor of the sport mainly because he believed in teaching the youth of the nation the art of self-defense, and regarded training of this nature as being highly beneficial not only from a physical but also from a mental standpoint. The readiness with which soldiers and sailors took to the sport during the war is regarded as a point in favor of the bill. It is probable that representatives of the army and navy will be appointed to positions on the body governing the sport if it is established lawfully.

BOXERS IN CRESCENT RING.

Amateur Pugilists of 165 Pounds or Under to Have Chance.

Amateur boxers weighting 165 pounds or under will have a chance for competition in the Crescent A. C.'s tournament, scheduled for the New Moon organization's gymnasium in Brooklyn, Jan. 14 and 16. This class has been added to the program, making the first time in more than a year that boxers of this poundage have been presented with an opportunity to perform.

There are many capable boxers at this weight who have in the past been compelled to box in the heavier classes for a chance to gain a prize. With the provision made for them it is expected that a heavy entry will be received.

The other classes in which bouts are scheduled are 110 and 130 pounds. The 130-pound division will be for boxers who have never won a first or second prize in Crescent A. C. tournaments.

JACKSON KNOCKS OUT ERNE.

Four New York Boxers Win Bouts in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.—Four New York boxers won their bouts, one of them with a knockout, and two were defeated here today at Christmas matinées. The knockout blow was delivered by Willie Jackson, who sent George (Young) Erne of Buffalo down for the count in the sixth round with a right to the jaw. Up to that time the fight was about even.

Other bouts went the six-round limit and resulted as follows:

Frank Britt, Boston, won from Johnny Mealey, Philadelphia; Frankie Brown, New York, defeated Young Robideau; Johnny Murray, New York, won from Wally Nelson; Harry (Kid) Brown defeated Johnny Gray, New York; Harlem Eddie Kelly, New York, defeated Eddie Wagon; Dick Stosh, Cleveland, won from Freddy Reese, New York, and Bennie Valger of France and Frankie Clark fought a draw.

BOUTS TONIGHT AT N. Y. A. C.

Amateurs of Four Classes Will Appear in Ring.

Preliminary bouts in the monthly amateur boxing tournament of the New York A. C. will be held this evening in the gymnasium of the Mercury Foot organization. Contests have been scheduled in four classes. The entry lists contain the names of a number of the district's leading boxers, and it is expected that a series of interesting bouts will result.

Novices will hold sway in the 110-pound division. This class is for boxers who have never won a prize in open tournaments. A number of newcomers will display their abilities in the struggle for this prize, among them being Francis Sperduto, unattached; Gabe Benahte, unattached; Francis Sinclair, Union Settlement A. C., and Louis Beck, Clark House A. A.

WOLVERINES MISS MEDALS.

Michigan's Players Must Get Along Without Gold Footballs.

Members of Michigan's football eleven of last season are dissatisfied, according to reports from Ann Arbor, Mich., because of a ruling that the players must this year forego their coveted gold footballs. Awarding these trinkets for the services the moleskin wearers rendered during the gridiron season has been an annual addendum of the team's activity in the past, so that the abolition of the distribution furnishes a departure from a long established custom.

The Michigan authorities have decided that the players shall be awarded only the "M." Eighteen of the team's stars have already received their letters. The players, however, are disgruntled, particularly in view of the fact that both Illinois and Michigan Agricultural College authorities have followed precedent and distributed gold miniature footballs in addition to the letters. The decision is further aggravated for Michigan's stars by the fact that Michigan Aggies' second team members were rewarded for their part in the season's play with silver footballs.

Michigan's players point to the fact that Illinois went down in defeat twice and the Michigan Aggies were set back decisively in two games during the season. In view of the fact that both these institutions distributed their usual tokens to the gridiron heroes, Coach Yost's charges are considerably peeved.

Levinsky Wins Bout Handily.

LANCASTER, Penn., Dec. 25.—Battling Levinsky defeated Leo Houck here today in six fast rounds. A clean knockdown in the fourth round that followed when Levinsky landed a left swing to the point of Houck's jaw gave him the decision. Houck used a left jab with good results, but Levinsky was too clever for him.

NEW YORK ELEVEN WINS CLOSE GAME

Defeats Morse Team by a Single Goal in Hard-Fought Tussle at Soccer.

A large Christmas Day crowd of soccer enthusiasts turned out yesterday to watch the match between elevens representing the New York Football Club and Morse Dry Dock, two of the strongest clubs in the metropolitan district, at Lenox Oval, and the onlookers were treated to a good exhibition of fast play, which ended in a victory for the New York F. C. by 1 goal to 0.

The New Yorkers had possession of the ball most of the time and forced as many as ten corners, but the defensive work of the team from Brooklyn kept the score down. Ten minutes from the start Koelsch, from a cross by Young, succeeded in netting the ball for New York, after which the best efforts of the attack were nullified by the fine defense.

The lineup:

New York, (1.)	Position.	Morse D. D., (0.)
Porter	G.	Renzulli
M. Vandeweghe	R. B.	Bell
Ferguson	L. B.	O'Donnell
Kohler	R. H.	Mackie
Kelly	C. H.	Holmes
J. Vandeweghe	L. H.	McCann
O'Halloran	O. R.	Daley
Wyatt	I. R.	Brown
Petrie	C.	Beardsworth
Koelsch	I. L.	Boyle
Young	O. R.	Cullerton

Referee — T. Cunningham. Linesmen—Messrs. Ferro and Campbell. Goal—Mr. Koelsch, New York F. C. Time of halves—Forty-five minutes.

Rivals for soccer supremacy in Brooklyn, the Robins Dry Dock team and the Longfellows, tried conclusions at Todd's Field yesterday, the Robins eleven finally getting the verdict by 3 goals to 1. Mitchell shot all three of the goals for the winning side, the first off a pass by Duffy and the second off a pass by Laverty. With the score at 2-0 Walsh scored from a mixup for the Longfellows. After twenty minutes of play in the second half Mitchell, taking a pass from Garside, shot the Dry Dock team's third and last goal. Next Sunday the Robins will meet Paterson in the re-play of the U. S. F. A. cup tie at Todd's Field.

In the re-play of the cup tie match from the second round of the U. S. F. A. competition between the Federal Shipbuilders' F. C. and Team B of the Merchants' Shipbuilders' F. C. at Clark's Field in East Newark yesterday, the Federals won by the score of 3 goals to 2. Ingram shot the first goal for the Federals after eight minutes of play, and Nolan equalized a quarter of an hour later. Soon after Fisher recovered the lead for the Federals, but a penalty given against Stewart enabled the Merchants, through a shot by Graham, to even up the score once more. Moran won the game for the Federals in the last minute of play.

WILL BREAK TIE TONIGHT.

Gardner Has Chance to Gain Ground in Billiard Tourney.

Gus Gardner will oppose C. Steinbugler in the N. A. A. B. P. metropolitan Class C championship 18.2 balk line billiard tournament this evening at the Broadway Academy. This contest will break a tie now existing for second position: Gardner and Louis A. Servatius are deadlocked for the runner-up classification, each with two victories and one defeat.

George Spear, the present title-holder, has what is considered a safe lead. He has competed in three games and has won all of them. His performances have caused followers of the play to predict success for him in defending his laurels.

STARS IN PAULIST RANKS.

Club Strengthened by Advent of Spear, McNeil, and Others.

Bob Spear, former Cornell cross-country runner, will soon be seen competing under the emblem of the Paulist A. C. of West Sixtieth Street, according to an announcement made yesterday by Al Hulsebosch, track captain of the west side organization. Spear, who is now a chief petty officer in the navy, has requested the local A. A. U. authorities to transfer his registration to the Paulist Club. When the formality is completed the former Cornell star will be eligible to represent the Paulist Club in open competition.

James McNeil, a former member of the Presentation Club of Brooklyn, is another new member whose services the Winged Club has enlisted. The Presentation Club has abandoned its membership in the Metropolitan A. A. U., and as a result McNeil found himself without affiliation. Captain Hulsebosch has landed the former Brooklyn star, and McNeil will shortly make his début as a member of the West Sixtieth Street organization.

The officials of the Paulist Club are exerting every effort to strengthen the organization's athletic representation. It is expected that when track and field sports return to a pre-war basis the club will take its place among the leaders in the local A. A. U. Association. This transformation will become a reality with the addition of new stars, the return of members who are in the nation's service, and the development of numerous youngsters who have joined the club since the war.

Philip K. Walters, one of the club's leading sprinters, has retired from active competition for business reasons. Walters is attached to the foreign staff of the International Banking Corporation and is scheduled to sail Jan. 17 for Panama. He will remain in Panama for at least two years.

New Jersey Wants Longer Bouts.

Boxing promoters in New Jersey have not abandoned hope of twelve-round bouts despite the fact that the Boxing Commission recently refused to consider the extension asked for. The promoters are preparing to urge a bill in the next Legislature at Trenton which will legalize twelve-round bouts. Though the Commissioners would not take it upon themselves to make any change, the Legislature may legalize longer bouts.

COLLEGE CHESS FRAY ON.

Annual Tournament of Triangular League Begins Today.

Cornell, Pennsylvania, and City College, members of the Triangular College Chess League, will start the twentieth annual tournament of that organization at 10 o'clock this morning at the rooms of the Stuyvesant Chess Club, 201 Second Avenue. The tournament will also be open to Brown and New York University, if they choose to enter teams of four men each.

Last year, Pennsylvania was the winner, with City College second, and Cornell third. Of the nineteen tournaments held so far, Pennsylvania has won eleven, and Cornell six. In addition, Pennsylvania tied once with Brown and once with Cornell.

The following teams are listed for the fray beginning today:

Cornell—H. Adelsberg, '21; H. Garfinkel, '22; G. A. Polacio, '21; F. Thomas, '21; substitutes, B. Leifer, '21, and H. Kroin, '20.

Pennsylvania — Meyer Schimselewitz, Ch. E., '19; S. N. Gerson, C. E., '20; A. Tobias, Ch. E., '22, and C. A. Wishek, Wh., '19.

City College—H. Borochow, '20; E. Finkelstein, '21; C. D. Franz, '21; A. Weisbord, '21; substitutes, A. Zemlock, '21; N. Stern, '21, and H. Sternberg, '21.

EXPECT RAY TO RACE HERE.

Crack Chicago Athlete Likely to Run in Millrose Games.

Joie Ray, the Illinois A. C.'s record and title holding athlete, will probably make his first competitive appearance of the indoor season at the games of the Millrose A. A. to be held at Madison Square Garden during the week commencing March 9. From Chicago have come reports that Ray is training hard for future meets and that he is in excellent shape. The sturdy little champion's foot is reported to have completely recovered from the injury caused by a shell falling on it some time ago.

Ray will probably compete in all three of the elaborate meets scheduled for the Eastern part of the country during March. In addition to the Millrose games there will be the annual Meadowbrook Club meet, scheduled for Philadelphia March 15, and subsequently the National A. A. U. indoor championships, which are to be held here during the latter part of March. The date for the latter competition has not been definitely decided, although it is probable the games will be conducted March 22.

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Party clothes — evening suits, dress overcoats, everything from silk hats to silk socks—ready-to-wear to-night.

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Broadway at 34th St.
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

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It is a motion picture. It has educated more persons to a fondness for the Silent Drama than everything else put together. Eight years ago when the word "movies" was used in contempt the great men of the nation were wont to visit the theatres where it was showing. Through it the uneducated were taught the personalities of the great men of the world; visited the great cities of the earth; by it were broadened, educated; ceased to be provincial and came to know the people of other lands.

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It is shown twice a week in the best motion picture theatres everywhere. Just as it was the *first* of all motion picture news weeklies, so it always has been, and now is, the *best*. Twenty-two years of successful picture making are behind it.

Now it promises and *will attain* an even wider usefulness.

You should not miss a single issue. Ask the manager of your favorite theatre the days on which he shows it!

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WHITE TRUCKS

DRAMA

By John Corbin

EAST IS WEST, a comedy in a prologue and three acts, by Samuel Shipman and John B. Hymer. At the Astor.

Attendant	William J. Kline
Proprietor	Edwin Maxwell
Billy Benson	Forrest Winant
Lo Sang Kee	Lester Lonergan
Customer	William Tennyson
Hop Toy	Harry Huguenot
Ming Toy	Fay Bainter
Chang Lee	Charles Mussett
Servant	Arthur Ginson
James Potter	Hassard Short
Charlie Yang	George Nash
Mildred Benson	Ethel Intropidi
Mrs. Benson	Martha Mayo
Thomas	Martin Wells
Andrew Benson	Forrest Robinson
Miss Claybrook	Louise Seymour
Miss Fountain	Marta Spear
Mrs. Davis	Eva Condon
Mr. Davis	Walter Hart

"East Is West."

According to Kipling, East is East and West is West; but the authors of Fay Bainter's new vehicle at the Astor have undertaken to provide that these twain shall meet. Such encounters have happened before, as when factory towns in New Jersey turn out vast quantities of Oriental art which is always preferred by our public to the original.

If anybody is misguided enough to take "East Is West" as a sincerely meant representation of life and character in China (where the prologue takes place) or even in San Francisco Chinatown, his wrath and rage are likely to be intense. The heroine is just another version of the pretty, coquettish, adorably slangy, and swearing little heathen in trousers which has been familiar to our musical comedy stage for a quarter of a century, and which was exploited dramatically fifteen years ago in "The Darling of the Gods." Compared to her the heroine of "The Willow Tree" of two years ago afforded Miss Bainter an opportunity for elevated, legitimate art.

But it may well prove that this Ming Toy is the more popular heroine. With a face of pristine innocence, she bats her eyelids at any chance male like a painted harridan. When she wants her young American lover, she turns her back upon the Chinese Joss and breathes prayers of slang and profanity upon a silver crucifix—and he comes! She mixes cocktails with the unction of a professional bartender and devours the cherries with the vivacity of a schoolgirl on a spree. And, finally, when she is pursued by the villainous Chinatown dandy, who has "bought" her, she rises to "the big scene of the third act" with the impetuosity and aplomb of a scenery-devouring tragedienne.

If there is any other stunt dear to the patrons of the Orientalism of the New Jersey factory, she doubtless achieves it in the last act—as to which the present deponent knoweth nothing except that the so-called Ming Toy appears therein to be no Chink whatever, but a Spaniard who was lost, strayed or stolen in infancy upon the shores of the Yang-tse Kiang. As China is east of Spain as Spain is west of China, it thus appears that, maugre Kipling, the Orient has become the Occident. Incidentally Ming Toy is enabled to marry her San Francisco lover, Forrest Winant, without any appreciable shock to his parents.

The play has, in short, all the rapidity, variety, and overwhelming romance of a moving picture scenario—and also the verisimilitude! It has, in addition, a charming song or two and much excellent scenery. The "love boat" of the prologue on the Yang-tse is gorgeous in atmosphere and color.

The first act, set in Chinatown, is rich in embroidery and carving; and the drawing room of a San Francisco residence, where the drama culminates, (designed by Livingston Platt,) is one of the most original and decorative stage interiors in recent memory.

The casting also is excellent throughout. At least one of the performances, the Chinatown dandy and Tong leader of George Nash, is an artistic creation of great originality and gayety, the excellence of which is limited only by the preposterous melodrama of the scenes in which he moves and by the wild impossibility of the lines he utters.

ROCHESTER MAN IS SLAIN.

James M. Rodger Believed to be Victim of a Burglar.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 25.—Robbery is believed to have been the motive back of the murder of James M. Rodger, proprietor of the New York Automobile Tire and Supply Store, whose body was found in living rooms over the store late today with the head badly crushed.

Rodger was reputed to be worth many thousands of dollars and was known always to carry a large amount of money on his person. No money was found on the body.

Airman and Wife Hurt in Auto.

Lieutenant Hal C. Sanborn of the 15th Aero Squadron, stationed near Garden City, with his wife, Margaret, drove into Brooklyn yesterday morning to finish their Christmas shopping, and on their return the automobile in which they rode was struck by a trolley car at Decatur Street and Central Avenue. Mrs. Sanborn may lose the sight of her left eye as a result of the accident. Both she and the Lieutenant were taken to the Wyckoff Heights Hospital suffering from cuts and other injuries. Several hundred men and women leaving the Church of the Martyrs, at Covert Sreet and Central Avenue, witnessed the crash. Motorman John Powers tried to stop his car, but it struck the auto and hurled the occupants into the roadway. The machine was wrecked.

"Mayor" Simon Steingut Very Ill.

Simon Steingut, known as the "Mayor of Second Avenue," is seriously ill in Bellevue Hospital of cancer of the tongue. When a party of friends made their usual annual visit to his home Tuesday, which was his sixty-second birthday, they were surprised to learn that he had been taken to the hospital, so grave had his condition become. Some years ago "Mayor" Steingut was a political power on the east side.

Rhodes on Way to Recovery.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—The condition of Maj. Gen. Charles D. Rhodes, head of the American Armistice Commission, who was injured in the fall of an airplane near Paris on Monday, continued to show improvement today. Unless unforseen complications occur his complete recovery may be expected shortly.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The Hippodrome's back stage employes, numbering about 400, gave a performance at the Hippodrome last night at midnight, with the "Everything" company as an audience. A similar performance was given last season.

"Keep It To Yourself" was produced last night in New Haven, prior to its New York premiere at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre next Monday night. The piece is a farce by Mark Swan.

Hamilton Revelle will be Mrs. Fiske's leading man in "Mis' Nelly of N'Orleans," soon to be produced. Joseph Dunn and Eva Benton also will be in the cast.

The performance of "Dear Brutus" to be given at the Empire on Tuesday, Jan. 7, will be in aid of the Lafayette Fund.

COHAN'S PLAY FITS OLCOTT.

"The Voice of McConnell" Is Brisk and Rich in Humor, Not All Irish.

THE VOICE OF McCONNELL, a comedy with songs in three acts, by George M. Cohan. At the Manhattan Opera House.

Hendricks	Roy Cochrane
Bell Boy	Arthur Shields
J. Austin Severard	Edward Fielding
Waiter	H. P. Woodley
Tom O'Connell	Chauncey Olcott
Miss Giles	Edna Leslie
Miss Hemingway	Agnes Gildea
Mr. Jackson	Fletcher Harvey
Mr. Sullivan	David V. Wall
Miss Embree	Wilda Marie Moore
Mrs. Dwight McNamara	Mrs. Alice Chapin
Evelyn McNamara	Gilda Leary
Barry	Edward O'Connor
Susan	Elsie Lyding
Harry McNamara	Richard Taber
Douglas Graham	Harold de Becker
Miss Collinsby	Constance Beaumar
Mr. Smithers	Bert Dunlap
Miss Drake	Mae Jennings
Miss Copeland	Ruth Price

The trick of tailoring a comedy to the talents and requirements of Chauncey Olcott never has been more deftly turned than in George M. Cohan's "The Voice of McConnell," played here for the first time last night at the Manhattan Opera House. It is a mere shell of a play, of no more weight than a feather, but for Olcott it is a perfect vehicle. Last night's audience, keenly in sympathy with the star from the beginning, greeted the play enthusiastically, and it is certain to draw the Olcott fans by the thousands.

Mr. Cohan's central character is an Irish ballad singer—and there you have all the Olcott songs worked into the play at one fell swoop. He is a singer who has just made his mark in New York as the play begins, and the three acts, passing all within the space of a few days, have him straightening out a bit of a domestic tangle for the brother of the girl, and, of course, winning the girl for his own in the end. There is no more story than is necessary to hold the acts together, yet the play is so expertly contrived that it is excellent entertainment throughout. It is peopled by various amusing types, chief among them the large-hearted Irish singer, and it is rich in humor. Much of the humor is Irish, but not all of it. One of the marks of Mr. Cohan's triumph, in fact, is that, although the play is Irish, one does not have to be Irish to enjoy it.

Mr. Cohan's sure touch is unmistakable at every turn. There is the brisk movement which is part and parcel of the Cohan play, even when nothing is happening; there is the happy turn of line, and there is the unfailing skill with which the maximum is extracted from every trivial incident. Technically the play is almost perfect, a whole textbook for the aspiring playwright.

Olcott, always a good comedian, is at his best as the Irish singer, and his support is unusually capable. Harold de Becker and Richard Taber, in particular, are excellent. There are three new Olcott songs and several of the old ones, and to the dyed-in-the-wool Olcottians they were, of course, the high spots of the evening. The new ones, it might be added, are the work of Cohan.

CARUSO PLAYS SANTA CLAUS

Gives His Day's Pay, $2,500, in Gold Coins to Opera Employes.

Signor Caruso played Santa Claus behind the scenes at the Metropolitan yesterday, when he sang his rôle in "Pagliacci" to a crowded matinée house, and gave his day's pay of $2,500 to some of his less high-salaried associates. There were $20 gold pieces for each of the eighty orchestra players and handfuls of little $2.50 coins for the chorus. The tenor gave scarfpins to members of the opera house executive staff.

Mmes. Easton and Braslau, Messrs. Althouse and Chalmers, sang in "Cavalleria," while among those with Caruso in "Pagliacci" were Miss Muzio and Mr. Montesanto, Mr. Maranzoni conducting. Another holiday audience last evening greeted "The Daughter of the Regiment," with Mme. Hempel, Messrs. Diaz and Scotti, and Mr. Papi at the baton.

Santa Claus in costume appeared yesterday at the Park Theatre, where the Society of American Singers wound up its matinée of "Pinafore" with a real Christmas tree and a gift for every child in the house. Last evening "The Mikado" introduced a new Ko-Ko, when Frank Moulan, the comedian, made his first appearance with the society in his famous rôle.

GIBBONS' MESSAGE TO CAMP

Exhortation to Brotherly Love Read to Meade Soldiers.

CAMP MEADE, Md., Dec. 25.—An appeal for brotherly love was made by Cardinal Gibbons in a Christmas message to the soldiers at this army cantonment, which was read at the masses this morning and issued in the form of a memorandum to be read to all soldiers in the usual manner in which military matters are brought to their attention.

The message was sent to the men by the Cardinal through Bernard J. Flynn, director of activities for the Knights of Columbus at this camp. It read:

"Who is it that gladdens today the heart of young and old, of rich and poor, and of pilgrim, and that knits again the bonds of family love? All are warmed by the rays that emanate from the Babe of Bethlehem and may he bless you and make you regard each other as brothers, recognizing Christ as your older brother."

Charged with Attempted Suicide.

Mrs. Anna G. Bell, wife of Clarence Bell, a broker living at 601 West 115th Street, was taken to Bellevue Hospital last night a prisoner charged with attempted suicide. While the Christmas dinner was in progress Mrs. Bell excused herself and shortly after was found lying on the floor of the bathroom, blood flowing from a cut on her right wrist. It was said that Mrs. Bell had lately become ill from an incurable malady, and that this preyed upon her mind.

AMUSEMENTS.

LEXINGTON THEATRE 51ST ST. & LEX. AVE.
With the musical comedy sensation
"ATTA BOY"
WITH
Capt. Frank Tinney
and company of 150 enlisted men.
Tickets now on sale, 50c to $2. Exempt from War Tax
Mat. Today 2:15. Eves. 8:15.

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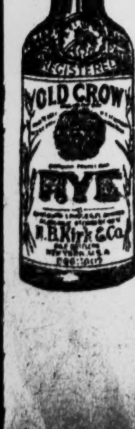

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WHISKEY
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STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS
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AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00.
MATINEES TODAY & SATURDAY
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in
38th Week in New York. SINBAD Extra Matinee New Year's.
Sunday Night Concert
A GRAND HOLIDAY BILL

CENTURY GROVE Roof of Century Thea. at 11:30. Ph. Col. 8800.
NEW CENTURY | A SENSATION!
MIDNIGHT WHIRL

CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bryant 17. Evs. 8:15 Matinees Sat. & New Year's, 2:15.
Arthur Hammerstein's Newest Musical Play.
Somebody's Sweetheart
GETS THEM ALL

PLAYHOUSE WEST 48TH STREET Evenings at 8:30.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER
Mats. Sat., New Year's & Thurs., Jan. 2

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri. & Sat. 2:30.
3 Mats. This Week: Today, Tom'w & Sat.
MARY NASH IN
THE BIG CHANCE

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in
ROADS of DESTINY

ELTINGE West 42d Street. Evenings 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2:30.
UNDER ORDERS

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD
in FRIENDLY ENEMIES

SELWYN THEATRE
West 42d St. Tel. Bryant 47. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. This Week: Tomorrow & Sat.
Jane Cowl
IN
The Crowded Hour
BEST COMEDY DRAMA SINCE "WITHIN THE LAW"
Selwyn Concert De Luxe Sun., 9 P. M. Ornstein-Barstow-Torpadie

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S
West 39th St. Tel. 1476 Bryant. Eves. 8:30. Mats. This Week: Tomorrow & Sat.
Tea for 3
A TONIC FOR THEATRE-GOERS.

BELMONT Thea., 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30
WHITESIDE "Intensely Dramatic."—World.
in THE LITTLE BROTHER With TYRONE POWER.
Mats. Next Week: Tues., New Year's, Fri. & Sat.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST.
SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS
Gilbert & Sullivan's Gayest Comic Operas.
Tonight, 8:30, & Sat. Night & Sat. Mat. MIKADO
Friday Night at 8:30 PINAFORE
NEXT MONDAY, THE GONDOLIERS

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. & New Year's, 2:15.
SOME TIME with ED. WYNN.
MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & N. Year's, 2:30
JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents "COMPLETE SUCCESS"—World.
H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners | with IRENE BORDONI

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier
65 W. 35th. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Today & Sat. 2:15
This Week | Les Romanesques and La Jalousie Du Barbouillie
Seats 50c. to $2. Saturday Night Popular Prices.

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Eves. 8:15. Mat. Today, Best Seats 50c
Highest Price Orch. Seats, Evgs., $1. | Mr. & Mrs. Sidney Drew, "Keep Her Smiling"
Next Week......"Business Before Pleasure"

Little Thea. West 44th, Beg'g Tonight 8:30 Sharp
Rachel Crothers' New Play, A LITTLE JOURNEY
with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley
Matinees This Week: Tomorrow and Saturday.
Next Week: Tues., New Year's, Fri. & Sat.

ASTOR 45th St. & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Sat. & New Year's, 2:15.
EAST IS WEST A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

BROADHURST 44, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.
NORA BAYES
IN HER JOYOUS PLAY LADIES FIRST
Moves to the NORA BAYES THEATRE, Across the Way, Next Monday.

Broadhurst Theatre MONDAY, DEC. 30 Seats Now.
New Musical Comedy Presented by LEE & J. J. SHUBERT
THE MELTING OF MOLLY with Chas. Purcell.

NORA BAYES THEATRE 44th St., W. of B'way.
Beginning MONDAY, DEC. 30. Seats now.
NORA BAYES In Her Joyous Play, LADIES FIRST.

SHUBERT West 44th St. Tel. Bryant 8439. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & N. Year's
SPECIAL POP. PRICE MAT. TOMORROW
BETROTHAL
By Maeterlinck, author of "The Blue Bird"

COMEDY Thea., 41 St., nr. B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. & N. Year's, 2:30
HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY.
NORMAN TREVOR | CYRIL HARCOURT | PEGGY HOPKINS
IN A PLACE IN THE SUN By Cyril Harcourt

The Holiday Show of New York
LITTLE SIMPLICITY
at the
44TH STREET THEATRE Evenings 8:15.
MATS. TOMORROW & SAT.
Mats. Next Week: Tues., New Year's, Fri. & Sat.

PRINCESS Matinees Sat. & New Year's. Evenings at 8:25.
"OH, MY DEAR" A Sparkling Medley of Fun and Music.

John Barrymore
in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION
PLYMOUTH W. 45th. Evs. 8:30.
Phone Bry. 40. Mats. Sat. & Thurs.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY

PLYMOUTH THEATRE—SPECIAL THIS SATURDAY MORNING 10:30.
WALTER HampdeN AS HamleT
"Chorus of approval from New York Newspaper writers."—Literary Digest.

39TH ST. Thea., Beg'g Next Mon. Seats Now
GEORGE BROADHURST Presents
THE LAUGH PLAY KEEP IT TO YOURSELF
By MARK SWAN

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & New Year's, 2:30.
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers.
Not a War Play THE The Season's Hit.
UNKNOWN PURPLE
With RICHARD BENNETT.

WILLIAM COLLIER LONGACRE West 48th St.
in "NOTHING BUT LIES"
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:30.

FULTON West 46th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
KALICH Anson Herne Baker Bruning "THE RIDDLE: WOMAN"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
FLORENCE NASH
in "REMNANT" 2nd Month
With ORRIN JOHNSON and GREAT CAST.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:45. Mats. Sat. & Fri. at 2:30.
EXTRA MATINEE TOMORROW
BE CALM, CAMILLA Clare Kummer's New Comedy.
with Lola Fisher and Walter Hampden
"PURE GOLD."—Corbin, The Times.

Loew's 7th Ave. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25c & 50c
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM MAXINE ELLIOTT
in "LORD AND LADY ALGY"
Next Week—"The Man Who Came Back."

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight at 8:15. Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; McCormack, Chalmers, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.
Fri. at 8. Samson et Dalila. Homer; Caruso, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. at 2, First Time, Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Reiss, Althouse, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky.
Sat. at 8:15 (75c to $3), La Traviata. Hempel; Crimi, De Luca, Bada, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c. to $2. Levitzki, Pianist. Muzio; Couzinou. Orch. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8:15, Marta. Hempel, Homer; Caruso, Didur, Malatesta. Cond., Bodanzky.
New Year's Day, Wed., Jan. 1, at 2. Special Matinee, (Prices $1 to $5) Aida. Muzio, Homer; Crimi, Montesanto, Mardones. Cond., Papi.
Wed. Night, 8:15, Tosca. Farrar; Martinelli, Scotti, Malatesta. Cond., Moranzoni.
Thurs. at 8, Cavalleria Rusticana. Easton, Perini; Althouse, Chalmers. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or. Garrison; Diaz, Didur, Galli, Bolm. Cond., Monteux.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
New Year's Eve. at 7:45, Faust. Alda, Delaunois; Martinelli, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

A SMASHING SUCCESS
Was scored last night at the Manhattan Opera House by CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in George M. Cohan's newest comedy, with music "THE VOICE OF McCONNELL." It was an evening of rare delight with Mr. Olcott at his best and George M. Cohan in his happiest vein. On account of the vast capacity of the Manhattan Opera House, the schedule of prices has been arranged from 25c to $1, with a few front orchestra seats at $1.50.

SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42d St. SUN. EVE. at 9
First Concert De Luxe
SEATS NOW
LEO ORNSTEIN
VERA BARSTOW
GRETA TORPADIE

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way. Every Evg. at 8:15.
8 Dominoes, Chas McDonald & Co., Hubert Dyer & Co., and Six Other Big Acts. | All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15. | Popular Prices.
HELLO AMERICA, with Lewis & Dody.

Carnegie Hall, New Year's Eve. (Dec. 31)
Russian Symphony
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor
SOLOIST MISCHA ELMAN
Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. Stieff Piano.

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HENRI CASADESUS
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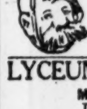

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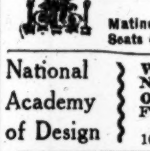

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ANNALIST ANNUAL REVIEW.
Trade prospects in the United States dealt with in the Annalist Annual Review, Monday, Jan. 6, 1919. Tables of quotations of transactions on the leading Stock Exchanges and the Curb. The Annalist, published by The New York Times Company. On news stands, 10 cents—$4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DEC. 26, 1918.

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THE LEAGUE OF DEMOCRACIES.

From Charing Cross to Buckingham Palace today Mr. Wilson will pass on a Triumphal Way to the League of Nations. For, whatever be the strong or modest beginnings and bases of an agreement among the Powers, large and small, for some check upon international disturbances, some veto upon wanton war, the elements of such an agreement are to be found in the good feeling, in the common respect, of peoples who have fought against and side by side with one another. The Tricolor, with which London streets are bright today, is a witness to hundreds of years of war and jealousy forgotten in the sacred association of Great Britain and France for four years of suffering and valor in a cause, not France's, not Great Britain's alone or primarily; the cause of Belgium, of Serbia, of Armenia and Czechoslovakia and Jugoslavia and Italia Irredenta; the cause of justice and freedom and nationality against military power used cruelly and without conscience to extend that power and make it rich by conquest; the sword for the pocketbook, scientific plunder.

The old quarrels of the United States with Great Britain are but creatures of a day compared with the secular wars of Great Britain and France. The Stars and Stripes, more frequent than any other flag along London streets today, symbolize, if any symbolization be needed, the reconciliation of two branches of one race. Our ancestors of the eighteenth century fought to preserve against the absolutism of a crazy German King the rights of Britons everywhere. The eye of memory sees, along the miles of Mr. Wilson's journey, past crowds that honor in him the American achievement for the freedom of the world, the old defenders of the rights of Englishmen in England and America—Chatham, Burke, Fox, Barre, Conway, all the generous protesting spirits of our Revolution and the twenty years before it—escorting a greater victory of their principles than the most liberal and far-sighted of them could have foreseen. President rides with constitutional King. Democracy salutes democracy.

We have heard a good deal too much about the presumed frictions between Mr. Wilson and the representatives of British democracy. That democracy will acclaim the leader of ours today, and in their sympathy and enthusiasm, as in that of France and Great Britain, are the essentials of future arrangements and understandings for the peace and order of the world.

NEW JERSEY'S UNREASON.

New York has assented to the interstate treaty endowing New Jersey with all the goods it is able to acquire from the use of the quarter of a billion dollars New York City and State have spent in betterments of the interstate port to be united in the bonds of fair trade under the treaty. It might be thought that New Jersey would be prompt in its acceptance of the proposal, but it is prompt only in criticism of it, if it may be assumed that the Newark Evening News has claim to speak for New Jersey. The News objects to the equal division of the burdens of the plan, and objects to the proposal of a veto power by referendum to the localities concerned of the proposals of the new authority. What would New Jersey propose to make up its lack of either wealth or population to contribute equally to the joint undertaking?

New York is not asking anything in partiality in consideration of its overwhelming past and future contributions. The joint commission is not proposing that the profits or the authority shall be apportioned according to money contributions or population. That would make the port a one-State matter practically, and New Jersey would not be the State. New Jersey's contribution is little more than the large natural advantages which it has rather mismanaged than developed. The national port needs those advantages, and New York contributes greater natural advantages, with costly betterments, but without asking exception from rules imposed upon both alike. Would New Jersey contribute equal shares of cost in order to obtain an equal electoral representation? Would New Jersey enlarge its population in order to have equal strength in the referendum? Does not New Jersey consider itself protected sufficiently by the provision that the reasonableness of the regulations may be referred to the courts for consideration and adjustment in case of non-acceptance by the local authorities and popular referendum?

It would be interesting to consider the sort of proposal that New Jersey would offer for the acceptance of New York instead of the proposal, not of New York, but of a joint body representing neither, and the nation above either or both. New Jersey has heretofore given a sample of what it thought fair. It wanted to divide the port, and to lay a discriminating rate against all trade done on New York's side of the port. That would have been an offense against the nation as well as against New York. It would have penalized New York for its enterprise and expense, favored New Jersey for its economy of both, and deprived the nation's chief port of the advantage of a rate covering all parts of it alike. It is not surprising that New Jersey regrets that it is not New York, but it is surprising that it obstructs an opportunity to unite its fortunes with New York's on terms which will profit both, and cannot prejudice either.

THE HOMECOMING OF THE BATTLE FLEET.

This is Navy Day in New York. It is well for our people to understand the character and significance of the spectacle of sea power which they are privileged to behold. Our New York has never heard the roar of hostile guns; never has a shell exploded in its streets. This morning the town will echo with the boom of many guns saluting a fleet of dreadnoughts which have returned from the battle area in European waters. The great ships under the command of Admiral Rodman, a fleet ship for ship without a superior for gun power and efficiency in the world, have been a powerful factor, not in sea fight, but in vigilant readiness to go into action, in bringing the war to an end and insuring the security of the Atlantic seaboard.

But for the menace of sea power the armies of America and her allies could never have triumphed in the field. If the roar of hostile guns has not been heard off the port of New York in the last eighteen months it has been because the navies of the Western allies have not only commanded the sea, but kept it clear of every surface ship of the enemy. The smoke of not a single enemy funnel has been seen upon it. When our people view the flagship New York and consorts passing up to their anchorage in the Hudson River, while the peace guns reverberate, they will see their saviors, they will understand why sea power decided the war and why New York was always safe. It will be a spectacle of great historic value, with a thrill that no Fourth of July review in the past has ever given beholders.

Fortunate are the men and women and youth of this period to witness so inspiring a demonstration of American naval strength. The lesson should not be lost upon them. But the significance of the occasion will fade if regarded only with the eyes of provincialism, of what may be termed domestic Americanism. Admiral Rodman's fine fleet played a distinguished part in the drama that ended with the surrender of the German warships, the downfall of German sea power; but it is the co-operation of the American and British navies in the cause of civilization that should be emphasized and always kept in mind. Secretary Daniels expressed this in the illuminating statement which he issued at Washington on the eve of his departure for New York to review the home returning ships:

> There never was a fleet in being that could have had a chance of victory against the British and American fleet, working together with the same signals and the same strategy as if they were of the naval power of a single nation. Their mission was as single as if they had represented only one instead of the two great English-speaking nations. Their united service typified and cemented the ties between our country and Great Britain.

But this consideration of the harmony of an alliance which has proved so potent will not lessen by a single pulse beat the pride of our people in the great dreadnoughts commanded by Admiral Rodman, and in the welcoming ships of Admiral Mayo. Where in the world can you find more powerful and impressive warships than the leviathans Pennsylvania, Arizona, New Mexico, and Mississippi, with their displacement of 32,000 tons and their great batteries of 14-inch guns? In armor, even more than in gun power, they can challenge comparison with the first line of battle ships of any other sea power. No super-dreadnoughts are better constructed, finer models in exterior lines and interior mechanism. And almost as much can be said for the New York, Florida, Wyoming, Arkansas, Nevada, and Oklahoma.

The people have a right to cheer as long as their lungs hold out for these splendid ships and the beloved emblem streaming over them. And the 10,000 sailors who will parade, returned from the vigils, the exacting duty, and the dangers of the war zone—what finer body of men in uniform does the sun shine on, superior in physique, of a high order of intelligence, representative of the flower of American citizenship? If New York does not "go wild" over the marching columns of sailor veterans, it will not be the old New York that loved the navy in days before the war. But of course the welcome will be tremendous. It is the day of the bluejackets, and our people will show by their enthusiasm that the deeds of the Navy and the great war did not pass unnoticed and will never be forgotten.

KARL AWAITS HIS CUE FOR THE GRAND ENTRANCE.

Throughout the war Austria has displayed a curious and inexplicable density of mind about what has been happening, and it is still with her in her fallen estate. Germany has at least received the impression that if she wants anything she has got a most terrific fight on her hands to get it, and that all her resources of subtlety, hypocrisy, and that evil talent for setting her enemies at loggerheads by "propaganda" apparently unrelated to the subject in hand have got to be called into use as they never were before. But what is this we read about Austria in Mr. Grande's dispatch?

> The Clerical Party still dreams of replacing him [ex-Kaiser Karl] on the throne, and hope that should President Wilson be induced to visit the Vatican the Pope would succeed in enlisting his sympathies for Karl. Meanwhile Clerical agents, Austrian, Hungarian, and German, are working for this end in Switzerland and trying to influence the Roman Catholics of the allied countries.

Further, we are informed that Karl "never abdicated and was never deposed, but merely resigned from participation in the Government." This is a more important disclosure than the other. It will be remembered that Wilhelm tried to play the same trick, and that he continued to play it until insistent demands forced him to write a formal abdication, long after he had taken up his residence in Holland. Crown Prince Frederick William, too, was saying, "I have not renounced anything, and I have not resigned anything," only a couple of days before he was at last forced to renounce his rights to the throne. Now that we learn that Kaiser Karl was and still is playing the same game, it is impossible to believe that he did it by accident. Evidently he and Wilhelm had agreed on this policy, with the participation of statesmen in their respective countries, so that at the first available moment, probably after the signing of the Treaty of Peace, when the Allies would no longer be able to control their course, they could march into their countries proclaiming that they had never abdicated and seize upon their Governments again. "Resigning from participation in the Government" is a fine phrase, which merely means "lying low until the storm blows over."

As for the notion that the Pope would ask President Wilson to lend himself to any such scheme, or that the President would enter into it if asked, they betray a hopeless inability to understand what is going on in the minds of statesmen and peoples outside of Austria, and of the fact that the peoples have anything to do with the war. We may call it characteristically Austrian. Germany is a young country, and is able to understand something of modern civilization; but Austria is not only an old country, but a country so old as to remember the Roman Empire, and actually, for a long time, believed that its Hapsburgs were the unbroken succession of the Roman imperial line. Some men who are not long dead actually lived under the Holy Roman Empire, as the Hapsburg royalty called itself, for that empire only came to an end in 1806.

So not only the Clerical Party, but all the upper classes of Austria, are unable to understand the twentieth century. The thirteenth is about as high as they can go, and they are not on familiar ground higher than the tenth. They are going about the making of the peace as a Hapsburg might have done in one of those centuries, after a defeat in the field and a rising at home. They still think this war can be settled by poor Michaelis's "peace of understanding and give-and-take," or even by a friendly agreement among kings. They cannot imagine such a thing as a King being put off his throne without another King succeeding him, or without the aid of other rulers, even enemy rulers, in restoring him. The idea that the people have anything to do with it does not enter their minds, in spite of the fact that "every one possessing any wealth has already left Vienna, for there is no security for property and little for life." Times have changed, but upper-class Austria does not know it, and it weaves its little plots for the Kaiser to remain "merely resigned from participation in the Government," for the Pope to become a prey to its schemes, and for President Wilson to champion the cause of Karl before the Peace Conference. It sounds as if these people had gone mad, but they are merely reasoning, according to their lights, in the terms of the early Middle Ages.

LABOR RECONSTRUCTION.

The readjustment of labor seems to be proceeding more smoothly and quickly than many have feared. The Federal Director of the United States Employment Service for this State, Henry Bruere, says that not 5 per cent. of the war workers released from war industries lack work. For the last week 15,251 registered for work and were offered 19,000 jobs. Three-fourths of the returning soldiers are placed within a fortnight of their return. One example is that of the Remington arms plant at Ilion. Last Monday it shut down on war work, and announced that it would start on sporting goods next week. The plant employs 18,000 men. At the great munitions centre, Bridgeport, the Remington Cartridge Company stopped at the same time, and asked all its old employés to report the day after New Year's for preference in re-employment.

The reports from Washington are better yet. Telegraphic reports from forty-one States say that there are vacancies for seven times more men than women workers, and that there are more jobs than workers. During the week 132,798 asked for work, and there were 273,636 calls for workers. The department offered employment to all asking, and employers accepted 94,026. It is true that the cantonments discharged more men than there were jobs available, but 50,000 of the discharged men placed themselves, and there was an actual shortage. The survey of the Merchants' Association resembles the Federal reports. "In some cases there is an actual shortage of labor of all kinds, while in other cases there is simply a shortage of skilled labor, or even a surplus."

Individual cases of unemployment do not show in the labor market a situation like that in the commodity markets, where great Government accumulations threaten price stability, and contract settlements are delayed for billions of dollars. There is no such sentiment in the adjustment of commodity troubles as in the re-employment of the men who made sacrifices to serve their fellow-men over here and over there. Everybody expects the Government to take its losses in the commodity market without reluctance, but nobody is or would be heard to say that preference should be given to unemployed workers who have enjoyed the highest wages ever known at home over the soldier lads who put all that behind at their country's call. The heart of the West is at least as warm for the returning soldiers as the heart of the East, which has been mentioned in some detail because there is more information here about it. For example, in Indiana all employers were canvassed, and 99 per cent. of the country districts said that places would be made for all old workers. In the city districts there were like replies from only 95 per cent. Many of the 5 per cent. exceptions were explained on such natural causes as alteration in the business, and in other cases there was reconsideration on the ground that war experience had made the worker a better man. The Government itself has not made as good progress in returning commandeered properties to their old activities.

The wish is father of the hope that these reports are true and will continue to be true. While it is idle to deny that labor is a commodity in a market sense, few wish the labor and commodity markets to be alike in lack of human feeling. Employers whose heads and hearts are both used find better response from the "hands" which are needed to make factories productive. Welcomes home by parades, flags, and lights are excellent, but no substitute for open doors to work. Glad hands are not to be disparaged, but places on the payroll are better. Employers will find profit in taking the advice to Christmas shoppers, that early buyers find best assortment and fullest supplies.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Administrative Expenses Considered.

Only because the expenditures connected with the discovery of the "Hundred Neediest Cases" and the distribution among them of the money raised for them had been met by four great organized agencies of charity was it possible for The Times to assure its readers that every cent they gave would be applied directly for the relief of the selected beneficiaries. Editorial mention and appreciative acknowledgment of that important fact have already been made, but it is one that should be emphasized, for there exists a too general feeling that there is something wrong about the use for "administrative expenses" of any part of gifts for charity—that none of the money, in other words, should go for salaries to those who do the work of investigation and allotment.

This impression is based partly on the old idea that he who "gives to the poor" is sufficiently rewarded by the acquirement of merit, and therefore should do the incidental work without material remuneration, and partly upon the knowledge that in some instances "administrative expenses" have been scandalously large. These are explanations, however, rather than excuses, for the assumption that "administrative expenses" are without justification. Whether they are or not depends on the circumstances in each case, and by the exercise of reasonable caution the would-be giver to the poor who is not able or willing to make personal inquiry among the city's unfortunates can find out what agents of charity are competent and honest and what are merely conscienceless exploiters of the public's generosity for private profit.

There can be no question on this point as to the four organizations by which the funds collected from The Times readers are to be expended, but it should not be forgotten that they would not have been able to undertake the task they did had they not possessed other funds, also given for charitable purposes, that came from persons who included among those purposes the meeting of proper expenses of administration.

Confronted by This Alternative.

Those whose antagonism is invincible to having any part of charitable funds go for the payment of agents who devote all or most of their time to the investigation and alleviation of social conditions and necessities must do one of two things—either they must undertake the task themselves and perform it as well as they can without any special training or they must resort to that more or less indiscriminate scattering of alms from which the several varieties of professional beggars profit so largely, and by which "the poor" are considerably more likely to be pauperized than relieved. The distribution of largess in that way doubtless has its charm, and it cannot be wholly condemned, but its tendency is to perpetuate the conditions that bring the dime or quarter from well-intentioned pockets, and rarely indeed are the recipients permanently bettered in status by what they get.

It is an old charge that "organized charity" has no heart—is cold. The accusation is sometimes true, but far more often it is based on misunderstanding of the facts and on ignorance of the principles that make charity intelligent instead of blind.

Pacifists Speak for Pacifists.

There would be little danger of injustice in saying that of the people who went to Secretary Baker to plead for the release of the imprisoned "conscientious objectors," not one differed appreciably from those in whose behalf they spoke. If they are not all pacifists and believers in peace at any price, what is their interest in a group of lawbreakers, convicted by due process and suffering the penalties provided by statute for such offenses as they committed?

As claims for mercy they presented only such facts as that one of the prisoners had earned a medal by saving a woman from drowning, that another had etched some good pictures, that a third was a clergyman who had preached to the satisfaction of his flock. These facts are interesting and in themselves not unimportant, but they are about as relevant to the question at issue as is the color of hair of the several prisoners or the length of their respective noses. They are behind bars because they refused to obey the legitimate orders of the Federal Government.

Whether or not they are martyrs to conscience depends upon the point of view, but they made their choice, and though nobody would be much aggrieved if they were freed, now that the war is over, no reason of any weight for letting them go was presented by their friends and admirers.

His Duty Clearly Revealed.

One passage, at least, in the letter of Dr. Stires declining to serve on the committee to welcome returning soldiers is worthy of the Mayor's special and serious consideration. It is that in which Dr. Stires told the Mayor that if the latter, as he asserted, knows of men who are committing grave crimes that endanger the welfare of their fellow citizens, then it is his duty to make formal accusation against them and bring them to trial in court.

This duty the Mayor has as yet neglected to perform, but now that he has been reminded of it he hardly can escape an obligation that rests upon him both as a citizen and as an official. Should he remain inactive, the responsibility for moving in the matter apparently passes to the District Attorney. To be sure, the charges, as made in the letter to which Dr. Stires so strongly objected, contained no names, but it would be well within the powers of the District Attorney to summon the Mayor before him and compel him to reveal the identity of those who to his knowledge are pulling the supports out from under our institutions and trying to replace American liberty with a new form of slavery.

These are serious crimes, and the villains who are guilty of them should not be allowed to hide longer behind a veil which the Mayor by implication declares himself able to tear away.

GOODS IN DUTCH PORTS.

Position of Importers Who Bought German Merchandise Before the War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

According to the President, the war is at an end. Yet it is apparently in full blast as far as those whose means of existence it has paralyzed from the very beginning are concerned. It is notorious that industries employing exclusively domestic sources of supply have prospered. The war has made thousands of persons rich. It has been an unmixed joy to those who have not to make the acquaintance of war trade boards or customs examiners. The war has given them the unearned increment of mere chance. It has privileged them to shout their patriotism without reserve or condition, to wave their sheaves of Liberty bonds in the faces of less fortunate neighbors. Truly these are "the fortunes of war."

What about the man who up to July, 1914, was engaged in the legitimate business of importing from subsequent enemy countries? Up to that time such business carried no stigma with it. No one considered that it reflected upon the patriotism of the importer. An instant's glance at the Collector's files showed many an honored name. But the gentlemen and the ladies cry that they want no German goods. Very well. Let it be agreed that if the mighty opinion of these United States is that we shall not trade with Germany, then all shall abide by the law, if, indeed, it become a law. But today foreign wharves are crowded with merchandise paid for in good American dollars by good American citizens. That money had gone into German pockets years before we entered the conflict.

Further, the Alien Property Custodian holds thousands of dollars in trust for the enemy, paid into his hand by citizens upon his demand, and their goods lie on Dutch piers, as inaccessible as if it were still upon soil of the enemy.

This is the helpless position of the importer today. It is plain confiscation.

IRVING E. DOOB.
New York, Dec. 20, 1918.

WHEN THE GREAT GRAY SHIPS COME IN.

(New York Harbor, Aug. 20, 1898.)

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To eastward ringing, to westward winging, o'er mapless miles of sea,
On winds and tides the gospel rides that the furthermost isles are free,
And the furthermost isles make answer, harbor, and height, and hill,
Breaker and beach cry each to each, "'Tis the Mother who calls! Be still!"
Mother! new-found, beloved, and strong to hold from harm,
Stretching to these across the seas the shield of her sovereign arm,
Who summoned the guns of her sailor sons, who bade her navies roam,
Who calls again to the leagues of main, and who calls them this time Home!

And the great gray ships are silent, and the weary watchers rest,
The black cloud dies in the August skies, and deep in the golden west
Invisible hands are limning a glory of crimson bars,
And far above is the wonder of a myriad wakened stars!
Peace! As the tidings silence the strenuous cannonade,
Peace at last! is the bugle blast the length of the long blockade,
And eyes of vigil weary are lit with the glad release,
From ship to ship and from lip to lip it is "Peace! Thank God for peace."

Ah, in the sweet hereafter Columbia still shall show
The sons of these who swept the seas how she bade them rise and go—
How, when the stirring summons smote on her children's ear,
South and North at the call stood forth, and the whole land answered "Here!"
For the soul of the soldier's story and the heart of the sailor's song
Are all of those who meet their foes as right should meet with wrong,
Who fight their guns till the foeman runs, and then, on the decks they trod,
Brave faces raise, and give the praise to the grace of their country's God!

Yes, it is good to battle, and good to be strong and free,
To carry the hearts of a people to the uttermost ends of the sea,
To see the day steal up the bay where the enemy lies in wait,
To run your ship to the harbor's lip and sink her across the strait—
But better the golden evening when the ships round heads for home,
And the long gray miles slip swiftly past in a swirl of seething foam,
And the people wait at the haven's gate to greet the men who win!
Thank God for peace! Thank God for peace, when the great gray ships come in!

GUY WETMORE CARRYL, (1873-1904.)

FOR OUR OWN SAFETY?

Was That America's Only Reason for Entering the War?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One does not usually overshoot the mark in confessing his own wrongdoing, but when it comes to a vicarious acknowledgment of another's faults the brakes of caution are not always duly applied. Still further, confession for others is especially open to suspicion unless the confessor has been duly authorized by the sinner concerned.

Your special cable from Gertrude Atherton, published in Saturday's paper, records her full and explicit confession to her French host that our entrance into the war was "to save our own skins," with no element of altruism of any sort or quantity worthy of consideration. I submit that this is not merely a confession of littleness and selfishness which Mrs. Atherton had no authorization to make, but also a confession materially out of harmony with the facts. If Americans had been moved in the great mass by no higher motive than concern for the safety of their own skins, to employ Mrs. Atherton's own metaphor, it is not certain that they would finally have been found on the French side of the battleline at all. Germany so soon found her war plans going awry that an Administration at Washington bent on mere national self-interest, backed by a people thinking on the same low level, could easily have come to a bargain with Berlin which would have defeated France and England, given England's power on the seas and a large part of her dominions to us, and added largely to our wealth and power for at least a generation to come. And mere self-interest is not usually apt to look closely into dangers more than a generation ahead of any immediate profit.

Hundreds of thousands of Americans were making sacrifices for the sufferers of France and Belgium and England long before they had begun to realize the material danger looming up for our own country. One of the most hopeful developments of the war has been its proof of the existence of a worldwide moral consciousness, smothered in Germany and her subordinated allies, but able virtually everywhere else to put consideration of the war upon a level distinctly above that of the low type of self-interest which Mrs. Atherton so lightly assumes as the attitude of her own people. We should, of course, avoid any conceited boasting of our virtues, but it is very certain that the best results of our victory are not to be secured by denying or leaving out of consideration any of the higher elements which in any appreciable degree entered into it.

W. H. JOHNSON.
Denison University, Granville, Ohio,
Dec. 23, 1918.

Credit for the Navy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to thank you for your editorial on "Navy Men Feel Slighted," in your valuable paper Monday, Dec. 23. Since last July the Lower Wall Street Business Men's Association have been collecting musical instruments for the men of our navy. They have come in contact with a large number of our sailors who fully coincide with your correspondent from the U. S. S. Leviathan, and as you say they have a "real grievance." There are seemingly but few who "yet know" what the navy has done. They little think our navy has been in the danger zone continually since the beginning of the war. Few knew that from the moment a transport sailed from New York there were hourly inspections both day and night, not only the danger from submarines, but equally as great the prevention of the spreading of contagious diseases. Nowhere have we seen it stated that the officers in command did not remove their clothing from the time they left New York until they reached the other side, so great was their anxiety that they often remained on bridges for twenty-four hours at a time. No one has told us no matter how near a submarine might have been the convoy could go no faster than the slowest ship. Never in the history of the world has there been a more marvelous exploit than the transportation of two million men and their supplies 3,000 miles over the dangerous sea, with little or no loss, and yet many speak of the navy as having accomplished nothing, not realizing in great conflicts between nations the one having the most powerful navy will ultimately be successful.

Let our good Secretary of the Navy lift "the veil of secrecy over the men who have deserved to be known to their countrymen." And we, the people, show on Thursday when our ships come home we appreciate what the navy has done by turning out and giving them a most hearty welcome.

ABRAM WAKEMAN,
Secretary, Lower Wall Street Business Men's Association.
New York, Dec. 23, 1918.

The Convoy Fleet.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems to me that in welcoming back the fleet from the other side they have entirely overlooked the fact that there are others in the navy who deserve at least honorable mention. The papers are full of the returning dreadnoughts, and while I don't doubt they did wonderful work, I think it rather a pity entirely to forget, apparently, all the others. I suppose I feel keenly about it, as my "hero" has made ten trips back and forth, convoyed several hundred thousand men in all sorts and kinds of seas and weather, and he is only one of many. Can't Uncle Sam do something about it in fairness to all?

M. B.
New York, Dec. 23, 1918.

WHERE OUR DEAD REST.

The Cemetery at Rouen—Shall They Be Brought Home?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am inclosing you herewith a letter with a request that you publish the same in the columns of your paper. From the Government I received the formal notice that my son had died from wounds in France, but from the Red Cross nurse who attended him, Bertha Love, an American girl, I learned details of his case, and she also sent the letter referred to, telling me at the same time that he is buried in this same cemetery.

In these days of mental anguish of those at home, who have lost a loved one, and who know not where he lies or of any attention he may be receiving, this letter will be of the same great relief that it was to me, particularly to those who had sons in the 27th Division, for many of them are buried there.

There are other reasons why this letter should be given wide publication, for it shows the wonderful work that the Red Cross is doing, and to those who read it and have not already subscribed to their utmost, surely, if theirs is not a heart of stone, this will help to show them their duty.

Then, too, it touches upon that much discussed subject as to what shall be done with our dead, and to those who have not determined in their own minds as to which is better this letter may help guide them in their decision.

W. WILLARD BABCOCK.
New York, Dec. 23, 1918.

[Inclosure.]
Rouen, Oct. 10, 1918.

[From Rev. Arthur R. Rudd, Chaplain, American Red Cross, Rouen. To Director of Chaplains' Bureau, American Red Cross. Subject: Description of St. Sever's Cemetery, Rouen.]

Today I visited the cemetery where the American men are buried. It is a most lovely and peaceful spot, situated on a high plateau above the City of Rouen and the Valley of the Seine, and surrounded by beautiful forest-covered mountains. It is a part of the city cemetery of St. Sever, as this location is called. Passing through the older part of the cemetery, where both Roman Catholics and Protestants are buried, and where graves are marked with many beautiful monuments, we come to the newer part where rest over fourteen thousand of English and other allied dead. The crosses stand row on row. Some of the temporary wooden crosses have already been replaced by monuments of marble. Everywhere is fresh, green grass, and all the graves are covered with blooming flowers, chiefly asters, marigolds, chrysanthemums, and others. Further on, we come to a still newer section, where the grass has not yet been planted, but the whole section is one vast flower garden, and the air is heavy with the perfume of flowers. White, purple, and yellow are the prevailing colors, and the whole ground is covered between the well-laid-out roads.

The ground is dry and gravelly, and this is carefully overlaid with about a foot of rich garden loam. The whole grading and planting is done by a wonderful organization of your British women, who make this care of the cemeteries their special work. They are working there all day long, and have produced wonderful results.

The American officers and enlisted men are buried side by side, and have special attention by themselves that is as careful as that given the British. I have never seen more reverent care in the conduct of funerals.

The strange thing over here seems to be that men and women do not become hardened to suffering and death that one might suppose, but they become more and more tender as the years go by.

The graves of all except the Jewish boys are marked with a cross bearing the name, rank, cause, and place of death. Very careful records are kept in the books of the cemetery, each grave being marked and numbered.

It is said that the American Government expects to remove to America after the war all the bodies of the American dead, but I think if the friends could see those beautiful cemeteries they would wish to have the boys sleep here with their comrades in the land where they fought so splendidly and died so bravely.

Faithfully yours,
ARTHUR R. RUDD.

The American Model.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The "League of Nations" is supported by so large a portion of the enlightened world that to characterize it as "chimerical" amounts to an impeachment of one's judgment. A world-wide acceptance of it may be slow in coming, but it will come. The original thirteen States of this great country were a little slow in forming the league which has held them together for 130 years, but they finally agreed upon it, and expressed their assent in the Federal Constitution. An international court, the Supreme Court of the United States, was created, and the compact required that all disputes arising between the States should be settled by that court. The scheme worked beautifully, and now forty-eight States are in the league, and all are living happily together. The world seems disposed to follow the example of the United States in many particulars, and the success of this feature in our league of States is commending itself to the world as an example worthy of imitation.

ANDREW B. MARTIN.
Lebanon, Penn., Dec. 16, 1918.

NITRATE WAS SEIZED TO MEET WAR CRISIS

Official Now Tells Why Farmers Did Not Get the Fertilizer Voted by Congress.

OBLIGED TO SUPPLY FRANCE

Diverted Shipments Helped to Stem German Drive — Restrictions Have Been Abrogated.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—The reason why the farmers of this country received only 66,778 tons of nitrate, instead of 109,000 tons, through the $10,000,000 appropriation made by Congress was revealed today by C. H. McDowell, Director of the Chemical Division of the War Industries Board. The remaining 42,000 tons of nitrate were commandeered by the War Department when the German drive became a menace last Spring. Military necessity heretofore kept the details a secret. In telling them, Mr. McDowell remarks that through the sacrifice of the fertilizer ingredient the planters contributed to the supply of explosives on the French front and thus aided materially in winning the war.

There will be plenty of nitrate for fertilizer for the Spring planting of 1919, for the importers, who were required to turn over their consignments to the War Department, were released from that obligation upon the signing of the armistice and are now free to sell to fertilizer manufacturers.

Mr. McDowell gave out this statement today:

"In the Fall of 1917 the Congress appropriated $10,000,000 to be used by the Agricultural Department in importing nitrate of soda to be sold by them to the farmers at cost. This was later made a revolving fund. Under this the War Industries Board procured for the Department of Agriculture some 109,000 long tons of nitrate for shipment from Chile during the Winter and Spring.

Diverted to France.

"Owing to disturbed shipping conditions in the early Spring it was impossible to bring in for February-March arrival the tonnage expected, and with the needs developed by the expected Spring offensive of the Germans it became necessary to divert to France a large tonnage of nitrate for manufacture of explosives in that country and for further increasing production of explosives in this country for use in France. This immediate need made it impossible for the Department of Agriculture to secure boats sufficient to bring in the full 109,000 tons so that 66,778 tons was actually imported in time for use by the farmers for Spring planting.

"Owing to military necessity, publicity could not, of course, be given to the reason of the non-arrival of the nitrate sold to the farmers, and this inability to deliver was the cause of considerable feeling on the part of the users of nitrate of soda. The military necessity was the greatest one and the planters who were unable to get the nitrate were in this way contributing to the supply of explosives in France, which later led to the winning of the war.

"The nitrate of soda situation in the United States up until about Aug. 1 was a serious one, and although every explosive and chemical plant was kept supplied with sufficient nitrate to maintain full operations at all times, this was done by drawing from Government arsenal reserves and transferring stocks from fertilizer manufacturers and other holders to plants where stocks were about exhausted.

"Owing to the shortage of nitrate, it was deemed wise to ask the importers to discontinue sales of nitrate to fertilizer manufacturers other than for the making of sulphuric acid, and after July 1 all consignments of nitrate arriving in the country sold to such manufacturers were commandeered by the Ordnance Department and turned over to munitions and chemical manufacturers. These contracts thus handled were made between the importers and the fertilizer people in the Fall of 1917.

All Restrictions Taken Off.

"Immediately on the signing of the armistice all restrictions were taken off the importers as far as sales of nitrate to fertilizer manufacturers and agricultural users was concerned, so that there will be no difficulty in supplying the entire needs of the United States for agricultural use for Spring planting.

"Nitrate of soda is the foundation of smokeless powder and high explosives as well as of other needed chemicals, and the purchase and importation of nitrate to the United States was controlled by the United States Government through the War Industries Board in co-operation with the importers formerly handling this material, the importers buying in Chile as in times past. The Government received their nitrate through the importers at cost and the profit charged by the importers to private users was controlled by the Government so that uniform cost to all users was secured, this cost being based on the average monthly cost in Chile plus the freight, storage, exchange and other elements of cost.

"A committee known as the Nitrate Committee of the United States was established with offices in New York, and a New York representative of the War Industries Board represented that board in the offices of this committee. Government needs for nitrate were increasing rapidly and the 1919 requirements would have been very large. During the entire period of the war all needed nitrate was secured and there was no let-up in the manufacture of war materials depending upon this article."

DESCRIBES WILSON'S TRIP.

Dreadnought's Newspaper Gives Details of Voyage Across.

The sailors of the dreadnought Pennsylvania, the flagship of the Atlantic fleet, which headed President Wilson's naval escort on his voyage to Europe, published a daily newspaper during that voyage which they called The Pennsy Bulletin. A copy of the issue of Dec. 12, when the George Washington and her escort were nearing the French coast was sent to The Times yesterday by an officer of the Pennsylvania. The vessel arrived off Sandy Hook late yesterday afternoon. The flagship daily, which was published in honor of "the President's voyage to France," was a two-page paper, the editor in chief of which was Musician George M. Small.

The leading article is laudatory of Captain Louis M. Nulton, the commander of the flagship, who is described as an officer "who has won a place in the hearts of all on board the Pennsylvania." Another feature story discloses the fact that on the voyage to France the Pennsylvania, which is an oil burner, consumed more than 400,000 gallons of oil. The average speed, which was also the speed of the George Washington, was 17.1 knots.

With the exception of extremely rough weather encountered in mid-ocean, the President's journey was described as one that was "delightful at all other times." The paper adds: "The Pennsylvania is now passing through waters which were the haunts of German submarines."

Among the special radiograms from the George Washington was this one:

> The President and Mrs. Wilson were interested spectators yesterday afternoon of the Pennsylvania target practice with anti-aircraft guns. They stood on the bridge of the George Washington, which is following a few thousand yards to the rear of the Pennsylvania.

Under "ship gossip" it is said among other things that the "end of the war has not changed the style of haircuts, which remain short according to regulations." There are also news items wirelessed from New York, Washington, Los Angeles, Paris, and London.

$68,390 RELIEVED 100 NEEDIEST CASES AND MANY MORE

Christmas Joy in Added Half-Hundred Homes Came Unheralded.

$6,287 ABOVE LAST YEAR

Fund Provides for Many Burdened by High Prices or Bereaved by Grip.

MORE WILL GET AID TODAY

$1,852 Received on Holiday from Givers Near and Far, Two in Mississippi and Arkansas.

Contributions received since Saturday noon by THE NEW YORK TIMES for the Hundred Neediest Cases, and for other unfortunate families now being aided since the needs of the first hundred cases were fully met, amounted to $1,852.50 yesterday, bringing the grand total so far this year to $68,390.86. The Hundred Neediest Cases, whose individual stories were printed in detail, are typical of hundreds of other cases from which tney are selected, and a large number of bereft and penniless families not included in the list of 100 will receive help.

The contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases have been raised without personal solicitation of any kind. No appeal has been made in any form beyond the publication of the stories of the unfortunate families and the call for aid addressed to the general public by THE NEW YORK TIMES. No solicitors have been sent out for this fund and none is authorized to collect money for it. No deduction of any kind is made for expenses of administration which is furnished without charge by the four societies caring for the cases—the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, the Charity Organization Society, the State Charities Aid Association and the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities.

Christmas was made a day of great and unexpected rejoicing yesterday for about fifty families, in addition to the Hundred Neediest Cases. Mothers and children who had scarcely been able to sustain life on the meagre aid which they had received since bereavement or disease had suddenly rendered them destitute were not only provided with food and warmth, but with the assurance that such aid would continue until the family was again able to maintain itself. Mothers suddenly widowed and left with children could see nothing in the future for them but the removal of their children to institutions, and years of grief and loneliness for all of them, until Santa Claus arrived for them in the form of surplus contributions to the Hundred Neediest Cases, insuring a continued home life for them and in most cases the capacity for self-support within a few months.

In 1917 TIMES readers nearly doubled the amount required for the Hundred Neediest Cases, and the total number of individuals aided was 872. The number receiving relief is likely to be even greater this year, when all of the contributions are in.

Fund Now $6,287 Above Last Year.

The fund this year is now $6,287.39 greater than the total of $62,103.47 which was contributed in 1917. The cost of necessaries of life this year is much greater, so that the total must be materially larger this year to go as far as it did last year. The number of families rendered destitute almost over night by the loss of the breadwinner through influenza and pneumonia is so great this year that the fund must be considerably larger, after allowing for the difference in the cost of living, in order that the number of families helped should bear as large a proportion as in 1917 to the number of families in need.

Two new States were represented among the gifts reported yesterday for the Hundred Neediest Cases and additional cases, one from Mrs. J. C. Stoddart, sent from the Officers' Club at Ebert's Field, Lonoke, Ark., and one from Charles S. Jeffords, of Mayersville, Miss.

C. H. Sanford, whose second gift on Tuesday was $1,200, the largest single contribution received this year, bringing the total given by him to the Hundred Neediest Cases this year to $1,700, wrote as follows from the Laurel House, Lakewood, N. J., in enclosing his second conrtibution:

"Reading in today's TIMES that more money is wanted in order to reach the sum required for the Hundred Neediest Cases, I have gone over the list you so kindly furnish and have decided to augment my former subscription, enclosing check for $1,200 to be applied in the manner given below. I feel the plan of THE TIMES, giving the details of each case, enables one to choose the particular case that is to be helped. I personally thank you for so doing."

Givers Tell of Interest in Cases.

Other expressions in letters accompanying contributions to THE NEW YORK TIMES were as follows:

"Anonymous": "I am sending the inclosed in honor of the memory of a wonderful boy fighter who will never come back, in memory of Corporal Edwin Standring."

J. K. Gwynn, 5 Nassau Street: "While our pockets have been emptied by appeals from Europe, we must not have our own unfortunates in hopeless despair."

Ellen M. Phillips, Principal of Public School No. 188G: "I am sending you a check for $10 from the children of Public School 188G for the Hundred Neediest Cases Fund. The children have saved this money to send. We hope that some family may be made a little happier at this time."

T. Fred Moore, 19 West Forty-fourth Street—I take great pleasure in inclosing check for $100 to be used as you may see fit in connection with The Hundred Neediest Cases, as outlined in your paper. Keep up the good work.

"N. S. M."—Inclosed please find my check for $10. Please apply it to help some family who have suffered in this dreadful epidemic. Both my babies are now ill with the influenza, and I feel for those who have suffered under less fortunate circumstances.

The Rev. and Mrs. Eliot White, Grace Church Clergy House, 92 Fourth Avenue—Please add inclosure to your subscription for the "100 Neediest Cases." We congratulate you upon the work you are doing so effectively for this great cause.

Paul L. Duff, Josephthal & Co., 120 Broadway—Inclosed please find check to your order for $45 to be applied toward any one of the hundred neediest cases which you select. This amount is made up of subscriptions of the employes of this firm, who wish you all success in this splendid work.

"B. P. R."—"I am inclosing you just a mite, which is all I can afford this year, for your Hundred Neediest Cases Fund. God grant you will receive more than the amount asked for and bless those for whom the aid is needed."

Jessie H. Brown, Astoria, L. I.—"I consider it a privilege to contribute and thank you for the opportunity."

James L. Thomson, Hartford, Conn.—"Kindly find inclosed my check for $400 to be used for your 'Neediest Cases,' as outlined in NEW YORK TIMES a week ago Sunday. Divide this up among the charities you consider most worthy."

"Oneonta, N. Y."—"A young friend donates a part of the inclosed amount and you may just list it as from two friends. You are helping the 'cases' and you are also helping the public in this splendid work."

Day with State Charities Aid.

Henry C. Wright, Secretary pro tem of the State Charities Aid Association, has sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES the following resolution, adopted by the Board of Managers of the association:

> Resolved, That this board express to THE NEW YORK TIMES its high appreciation for the publication of the Hundred Neediest Cases. The public is always quickly responsive when it can visualize a real need. Under ordinary circumstances it is difficult to acquaint the public with the misfortunes of an individual, but when descriptions are presented collectively, as is done by THE TIMES, attention is attracted, and the response is immediate and generous.

All of the physically sound children in those cases of the Hundred Neediest which are in charge of the State Charities Aid Association, and scores of other fatherless and motherless children who will be aided by the overflowing response to the appeal for the Hundred Neediest Cases, celebrated Christmas at the offices of the association yesterday, where Santa Claus presided at a big and well-stocked Christmas tree. The tree and a great many of the gifts came from men and women who had been interested in these children through the Hundred Neediest Cases. Santa Claus himself, a man with special qualifications for that amiable rôle, was one of those who called at the offices of the association after reading the appeal. Each of the children received a gift, and for many of them it was an earnest of a happy life with foster parents, a good education, and a wide-open opportunity for the future.

From Charity Organization Society.

Lawson Purdy, Director of the Charity Organization Society, sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES the following statement on behalf of the Society.

> Our men who have come through the dangers of the seas, and on the soil of France, are coming back to us, and Christmas once more has a real meaning of happiness. That this spirit is vividly alive to the readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES is evidenced in the remarkable response to the appeal for 100 families. Never has the Charity Organization Society received letters of stronger encouragement or more friendly interest in the work it is doing and in the welfare of the families under its care. The letters have shown, as nothing else could, that the war experience has presented forcibly to everyone the happiness, satisfaction and broadening of vision that comes through lending a hand in repairing the fortunes of sufferers, here and abroad.
>
> The society has received letters from old people, showing that their experience has taught sympathy for the misfortunes and failings of others, letters from children who saved up their pennies and nickels to help other children, generous letters from those who are fortunate in being able to relieve distress with open hearts and pocketbooks, and letters from modest wage earners sending a multitude of earnest good wishes with gifts that have helped materially toward the funds needed for the families spoken of in the appeal.
>
> Through the year the society takes great pleasure in letting people know how the families that interested them progress. We hope and expect that again this year as last we shall be able to tell a story of progress in happiness, health and well being for every family whose needs have been so generously responded to by TIMES readers at Christmas time.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions for the neediest cases, received after noon on Tuesday by THE NEW YORK TIMES amounted yesterday to $1,852.50. Added to $66,538.36 previously acknowledged, this brought the grand total to $68,390.86. No contributions were announced yesterday by the four charitable organizations in charge of the Hundred Neediest Cases and supplemented cases.

Contributions Received Direct by The New York Times.

K.	$300	H. O. Vincent	5
H. Fahnestock	150	H. L. Plaut	5
P. W. Alexander	100	W. M. Treadwell	5
F. Fred Moore	100	Anna Grau	5
J. S. Lodewick Co.	100	Anonymous	5
P. T. Lincoln	50	Anonymous	5
Mem. of R. L. Greenberg	50	A friend	5
C. S. Halsey & Co.	50	Ethel N. Comfort	5
Mrs. H. L. Thompson	50	D. S. Wolf	5
Mrs. M. C. Aldrich	50	L. P. Bailey	5
Anonymous	40	H. S. Kerr	5
R.	36	Mrs. W. F. Brown	5
H. Ellis	25	In memory of C. J. Gordon	5
E. K. S.	25	Mrs. J. H. Sussmann	5
G. C. B.	25	Tappan	5
Anonymous	20	Hen Hall	5
W. H. Stuart	20	Miss M. L. Post	5
W. F. Wolfe	20	A. E. H.	5
A. E. F.	20	Mrs. T. L. Woodhouse	5
Cornelius Smith	15	E. B. C.	5
J. Cortada	15	Mrs. J. Brody	5
Mem. of Corporal Edwin Standing	15	Mem. of A. C. Bartlett	5
Sarah L. Clepham	10	Mrs. Clishice	5
J. K. Gwynn	10	B. E. Mitler	5
Marjorie and Leo Hirsch	10	Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Haskett	5
F. Bret	10	Gladys and Richard Blun	5
Oscar Kress	10	G. D.	5
E. Lewis Prizer	10	M. T.	5
N. S. M.	10	Mrs. A. Arenson	5
Ruth Weingart	10	Anonymous	3
Anonymous	10	Anonymous Widow	3
From Children	10	C. H. Westbrook	3
J. H. L.	10	M. D. Seaman	3
Mrs. Selina Levi	10	Anonymous	3
H. M. S.	10	E. H. Zachary	3
L. Eising	10	D. H. Baird and D. A. Elliott	3
J. W. Valentine	10	Mrs. A. P. Link	3
D. S. Hays	10	Mrs. M. McGhee	2
J. C. Stoddart	10	Maude L. Lewis	2
Four Little Boys	10	Mary A. Saunders	2
D. W. F.	10	F. R. U.	2
Anonymous	10	A Friend	2
H. D.	10	G. H. Richmond	2
Ida P. Walton	10	Grace Horton	2
A. Forbes	10	W. D. Agnew	2
W. E. Kelley	10	In memory of Sgt. H. A. Von Dohlen	2
W. G. Schanck	10	Mrs. M. B. Banks	2
E. N. Post	10	C. D. and M. C.	2
Mrs. and Miss Winship	10	R. R. Parker	2
Mrs. E. R. Mertens	10	M. and N. A. B.	2
David Harvey	10	M. D. A.	1
H. M. T.	10	R. G. Coulter	1
Mem. of Lillian Crane Eytel	10	Mrs. H. V. Cornwell	1
Mrs. J. F. Carter	7.50	K. E. Wilson	1
Amanda Langdon	7	Pittsfield	1
Dr. W. C. Thro	5	Baby Leila	1
Adelaide M. Balch	5	A friend	1
Mrs. B. G. Cowan	5	Katherine Ellennan	1
E. M. C.	5		
F. S. Cunningham	5		
Miss A. B. Briggs	5		
Mrs. W. Y. Reed, Jr.	5		
Eleanor S. Dody	5	Total	$1,852.50

VICTORY CARNIVAL AT RITZ.

Society to Give Masque Saturday in Aid of Free Milk for France.

Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, head of the committee which is arranging a Carnival de Victoire and Masque de Triomphe at the Ritz-Carlton Saturday night, announced last night that the affair, one of society's most ambitious efforts for charity in recent years, is to be replete with surprises in keeping with the colorful atmosphere of the function. French officers and diplomats are coming from Washington to give the entertainment a semi-official character, and many of the country's notables will participate.

It is planned that after the repression of wartime, the elaborate celebration shall take on, for society, something of the nature of a formal return to old-time jollity. Everything is being done to give a real spirit of holiday merry-making, with joyful thanksgiving at victory the special motive. Plans for the unusually elaborate decoration of the Ritz are complete, and the whole first floor of the hotel is to be given over to the affair.

Mrs. Warren McConihe, President of the Free Milk for France Fund, which is to benefit by the entertainment, announced last night that all the expenses have been donated, so that the large sum which probably will be raised will all be for the use of the fund.

Cotter T. Bride, Old Friend of Bryan

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Cotter T. Bride, former member of the District of Columbia Excise Board and one of the closest friends of William J. Bryan, died at the Washington Sanitarium this morning in his seventy-third year, following a stroke of apoplexy. Mr. Bryan was at Mr. Bride's bedside when he died and will speak a few words over the grave at the funeral on Friday.

Mr. Bride had been active in Democratic and civic affairs of the District for many years. For years he was President of the East Washington Democratic Club. He was the owner of a remarkable watch, given to him by Mr. Bryan when Secretary of State. The people of Nebraska gave the watch to Mr. Bryan when he was first nominated for the Presidency. His initials were studded on the case with diamonds. The testimonial cost more than $1,000.

Miss Wales to Wed Ensign Haines.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Wales of 410 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Katharine Eliza Wales, to Ensign Rowland Bowne Haines, U. S. N., son of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Haines of this city and Brewster, N. Y. Miss Wales is a senior at Smith College. Ensign Haines was a member of the 1919 class at Columbia, and is now attached to the U. S. S. Leviathan.

Dr. Frances Cohen Weds Dr. White.

The marriage is announced of Dr. Frances S. Cohen and Dr. Jacob White of this city, which took place on Christmas Eve at the home of the bride, 954 Prospect Avenue. The bride is a graduate of the New York Medical College Hospital for Women. Dr. White resides at 200 West 136th Street.

Earp-Granet.

Sergeant Edgar B. Earp, son of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene A. Earp, of 1,030 Hudson Street, Hoboken, N. J., who has just received his honorable discharge from Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., and Miss Jennie Granet, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Granet, of 112 Oak Street, Weehawken Heights, N. J., were married at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the Church of the Holy Comforter, Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street, by the rector, the Rev. Dr. Henry Mottet. The couple had planned a large church wedding on Jan. 8.

E. DAY PAGE DIES AT DINNER TABLE

Art Patron, Scientist, and Merchant Stricken at His Jersey Estate, Bygeberg.

PROMINENT IN CIVIC LIFE

He Belonged to 42 Scientific and Civic Societies and Was a Collector of Curios and Paintings.

Edward Day Page, capitalist, scientist, and patron of art, died yesterday afternoon on his estate, Bygeberg, Oakland, N. J., while at dinner with his wife, daughter and two friends. Death was due to heart disease. Mr. Page was just recovering from an attack of influenza and pleurisy.

Mr. Page was born in Haverhill, Mass., May 10, 1856, the son of Henry A. and Maria Clarke Page, and was a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School, Yale, and a patron of Yale. In 1875 he entered the employ of Faulkner, Page & Co., dry goods commission merchants, and was successively manager, 1880-4; partner, 1884-98; senior partner, 1898-1911, when he retired and the firm was liquidated. He then became a special partner of Holbrook, Corey & Co., commercial paper firm, in which he was interested at the time of his death.

Mr. Page had wide business interests and was also much interested in civic affairs. He was President of the South Orange and Maplewood Traction Company; Treasurer of the Montrose Realty and Improvement Company and the Bygeberg Company, Director of the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company, the First National Bank of Pompton Lakes, N. J., and the Colorado Power Company. He was Mayor of Oakland, 1909-11, and Recorder in 1912, and was made a member of the Bergen County Democratic Committee in 1914, holding that office at the time of his death. He was a member of Governor Hughes's Commission on Speculation in Commodities and Securities in 1909, of the New Jersey Commission on the Care of Mental Defectives in 1913, Trustee of the People's Institute, New York, and Chairman of the New York Advisory Committee on Army Supplies of the Chamber of Commerce, U. S. A., 1917.

Mr. Page was also President of the Merchants' Protective Association, Director and Chairman of the Committee on Commercial Law of the Merchants' Association of New York, and a member of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York.

Mr. Page was a Fellow of the Royal Statistical Society of Great Britain, and a member of other scientific and civic organizations in New York and abroad to the total number of forty-two, and was also a member of the Phi Gamma Delta fraternity. He was a member of the Century, Merchants, National Arts, City, and Reform Clubs, of New York, and the Cosmos Club, Washington, D. C.

He was the author of "Morals in Modern Business" and "Trade Morals." He was interested in the publishing business and as a hobby owned and edited The Essex (N. J.) Register, a newspaper. He recently severed his connection with the United States Ordnance Department, which he served as a textile expert.

Mr. Page made his home on his 700 acre estate at Oakland, where he collected works of art, including priceless curios and paintings.

WED UNDER RED TERROR.

British Officer Gets Russian Bride as He Leaves Country.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 30, (Associated Press.)—Romance was intermingled with tragedy in the trying days when the foreign colonies were attempting to get permission to leave Russia. Arrests, searches, and threats of execution were relieved by marriages between men of the Entente Powers and Russian women.

The Bolshevist Government would not grant Russian citizens permits to go abroad. Consequently foreign men who hoped to leave Russia shortly could not hope to see their sweethearts for an indefinite period, possibly never, if they left them in starving, disrupted Russia, where food is denied to persons not regarded as "class-conscious workmen" and all persons not in sympathy with Bolshevism are dispossessed.

Many officials of the French and British colonies married in the last trying days of their stay in Moscow and Petrograd, but the wedding of Captain W. L. Hicks, military aid to Bruce Lockhart, the British diplomatic representative in Moscow, was accomplished in the face of greater obstacles, perhaps, than those of other Entente citizens who managed to marry between jail sentences and searches.

Captain Hicks was one of the French and English officials who were held as prisoners in the American Consulate General at Moscow. He was engaged to marry Mme. Melinina,, but dared not leave the American premises to do so. Most of his official associates were in prisons charged with contra-revolutionary activity and in danger of execution. Russian priests refused to perform the ceremony in the American Consulate, as the orthodox church requires that marriages be celebrated in a church.

Major Allen Wardwell of the American Red Cross, who was looking after the interests of foreign prisoners, interceded with the Bolshevist officials, but Peters, the head of the Commission for the Suppression of Counter-revolution, was firm in his refusal to grant Captain Hicks immunity if he left the American property and walked into the Russian church which stood in an adjoining court. When the hour for the departure of the British officials from Moscow approached, the situation became desperate.

Finally one of the Lettish women who was guarding Captain Hicks became interested in his plight and telephoned to Peters, addressing him in the Lettish tongue. Her appeal was heeded. She assumed responsibility for the delivery of the English officer at the train which was to carry him out of Russia. A priest was hastily engaged and the party stopped in an orthodox church on the way to the station, where the ceremony was performed just half an hour before the bride and groom started for England.

Wilson Honored by Uruguay.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Dec. 25.—Today's Christmas celebration program in Montevideo included the opening this afternoon by the municipality of the street named in honor of President Wilson, the Avenida Wilson, and the unveiling of a marble tablet in honor of the American President. Sailors and marines from Admiral William B. Caperton's squadron were entertained on Christmas eve at a dinner given by the city.

Ex-Speaker Cannon Is Here.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon, former Speaker of the House of Representatives, spent Christmas in New York. He came to town from Washington, D. C., on Tuesday evening and joined his daughter, Miss Helen A. Cannon, at the Hotel Biltmore.

Ex-Gov. D. W. Jones of Arkansas.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Dec. 25.—Former Governor Daniel Webster Jones died at his home here shortly after noon today. He was born in Bowie County, Texas, Dec. 15, 1839. He served two terms as Governor and one as Attorney General of Arkansas. He was a Colonel in the Confederate Army.

ROOSEVELT RETURNS HOME

Christmas Dinner at Sagamore Hill —Greeted by Neighbors.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Dec. 25.—Bundled up in robes and greeted by many of his neighbors, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt returned to his home on Sagamore Hill this afternoon in time for his Christmas dinner, after having been in Roosevelt Hospital, in Manhattan, for seven weeks. As he stepped from the car to the porch of his home he said to his neighbors:

"I'm feeling bully, and I was treated fine at the hospital. The sciatica got the best of me for a time, but I'm all right."

As his neighbors cheered him Colonel Roosevelt entered the house and there was greeted by his wife and the children who are in this country. His two grandchildren, the children of Mrs. Richard Derby, grabbed him by the hand and led him to the Christmas tree which "Santa had left in the trophy room." There the Colonel stood and distributed the gifts which Santa had left.

After this the dinner took place. At the table were Mrs. Roosevelt, Captain Archibald Roosevelt and his wife, Mrs. Alice Longworth, and Mrs. Richard Derby and her children.

In France are the Colonel's other two sons, Lieut. Col. Theodore, Jr., and Captain Kermit. Both cabled messages of greetings. Quentin, the youngest of the family, was killed in the war while flying over the German lines.

HOWARD GOULD BETTER.

He Has Been Seriously Ill in London from Double Pneumonia.

Howard Gould, capitalist and yachtsman, third son of the late Jay Gould, who has been seriously ill in London from double pneumonia, is much improved and is on the road to recovery, so far as the members of the family in this city have been informed, it was said at the home of his brother, George Jay Gould, 857 Fifth Avenue, last night. Frank J. Gould went from Paris to England to be with his brother during his illness.

George Jay Gould is convalescing from an operation which he recently underwent at the Roosevelt Hospital for stones in the kidney.

TO TRAIN RESERVE OFFICERS

Baker Announces Plans for Colleges of the Country.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Secretary Baker today authorized the statement that, with demobilization of the Students' Army Training Corps, the colleges of the country will turn their attention to the Reserve Officers' Training Corps. Before the war there were about one hundred and fifteen units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps in the various colleges. About one hundred of these are now being re-established and applications have been received for about two hundred new units.

One important change in the organization is now being worked out. This will allow the units to specialize in training officer material for the Field Artillery, Engineer, Signal, Coast Artillery, Ordnance, Medical, and Military Aeronautics Corps instead of the uniform training for infantry which was the rule before the war.

In addition to the collegiate units, plans are under way to establish junior units in secondary schools. City High School corps are already established in Boston, Chicago, Denver and other cities.

The administration of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps has been placed in the hands of the Committee on Education and Special Training, which operates under the Training and Instruction Branch of the War Plans Division of the General Staff. The committee will attempt to make available a large amount of scientific and technical material which has been developed by the experience of the war and in all units special emphasis will be placed on physical training and mass athletics.

PROF. HERVEY DIES ON TRAIN

Columbia Professor of German Stricken at Princeton.

William Anderson Hervey, 48 years old, Professor of German in Columbia University, died last night on a train between Princeton, N. J., and Princeton Junction. Professor Hervey had been visiting friends in Princeton, and had to run to catch his train. Exhausted when he took his seat, he was shortly seen to slide and would have fallen to the floor had not other passengers gone to his assistance. A physician said Professor Hervey had died from heart disease.

Professor Hervey, whose home was at 607 West 138th Street, Manhattan, was born at Rossville, Staten Island, the son of Dr. Edwin Addison Hervey and Grace Elinor Moore Hervey. He was educated at Columbia University and at the University of Leipsic. He was University Fellow, 1894-95; instructor German languages and literature, 1896-1904; adjutant, assistant, and associate professor 1904-5, and professor since 1915. He was also registrar at Columbia from 1908 to 1913, and was advisory foreign language expert of the United States Department of Justice since April, 1917.

Professor Hervey was a member of the Modern Language Association of America, Association of Modern Language Teachers of the Middle States and Maryland, American Dialect Society, and Phi Beta Kappa fraternity. He was also a member of the University Club. He was the author of a number of German language textbooks and translations of the works of Goethe and Schiller.

Professor E. J. Fortier Dead.

Edward J. Fortier, Assistant Professor of Romance Languages at Columbia University, died Tuesday at his home, 557 West 124th Street, from pneumonia. Professor Fortier was born 35 years ago in New Orleans and was graduated from Tulane University in that city in 1904. After a post-graduate course at Johns Hopkins University he became an instructor at Yale and later at the University of Illinois. In 1910 he became Assistant Professor of Romance Languages at Columbia. At the time of his death he was working on "The History of French Literature in Louisiana." He was the son of the late Professor Alcee Fortier of Tulane University.

Mrs. Alice Mandelick Flagler.

Mrs. Alice Mandelick Flagler, wife of John Haldane Flagler, the iron and steel man, founder of the National Tube Company of McKeesport, Pa., later merged into the United States Steel Corporation, died Tuesday at her home, 15 Park Avenue. Before her marriage in 1897 Mrs. Flagler was a famous contralto. He was past 50 and she was 22. Their courtship, which was romantic, extended over several years. She won her husband and his vast fortune, estimated at that time at $25,000,000, by her artistic rendering of the world-famous "Flower Song" in "Faust." The funeral will be held Saturday at the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.

Obituary Notes.

Countess VON LINDEN, widow of Count Eberhard von Linden, died Dec. 6 at Stuttgart, Germany, according to cablegrams received by relatives in New York City. Countess von Linden was the daughter of the late Loring Andrews and Blandina Bruyn Andrews of New York City, and before the war began she frequently visited relatives here.

Mrs. KATHERINE MULLEN, wife of David Mullen, of Greenwich, Conn., died yesterday in the Greenwich Hospital, following an operation last Sunday for appendicitis. She was 51 years old.

ISAIAH L. McVOY, 72 years old, an inspector of the Plainfield, N. J., Board of Health, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home in Plainfield. He was a veteran of the civil war.

CHARLES SMYER, 25 years old, of 317 Nevins Street, Brooklyn, who was employed by the Calco Chemical Company of Bound Brook, N. J., died yesterday in Muhlenburg Hospital, Plainfield, of pneumonia.

THOMAS S. WHEATCROFT, 60 years old, for many years engaged in the manufacture of vending machines at 302 Broadway, died Monday. He will be buried tomorrow at Rush, Penn.

WINTHROP V. TAYLOR, head of the note brokerage firm of Winthrop V. Taylor & Co., 27 Pine Street, this city, died yesterday at his home at Bound Brook, N. J., of pneumonia. He was born in New York City thirty-four years ago.

Mrs. ANNIE DEMING BEARD, wife of the Rev. Dr. Augustus Field Beard, editor of The American Missionary Magazine, died yesterday at her home in Norwalk, Conn. Dr. Beard has offices at Fourth Avenue and Twenty-second Street, this city.

DR. J. W. CHAPMAN, EVANGELIST, DIES

Presbyterian Divine, Head of New Era Movement, Succumbs After an Operation.

HIS BODY TO LIE IN STATE

Originator of Simultaneous Campaign of Evangelism Was Former Moderator of General Assembly.

The Rev. Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman of Jamaica, L. I., renowned Presbyterian evangelist, executive head of the New Era Movement of the Presbyterian Church, and one-time pastor of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York City, died yesterday morning at the Rebeau Sanitarium, 156 West Seventy-fourth Street, following an operation on Monday for gallstones, being the third for the same trouble in the last two years. Dr. Chapman had shown marked improvement until yesterday morning, when there was a sudden change for the worse. Mrs. Chapman was at her husband's bedside when the end came.

The body will be taken today to the manse at 631 West End Avenue, where it will lie in state until Sunday, when funeral services will be held at 11 o'clock at the Fourth Presbyterian Church. Among the clergymen who will take part in the services will be the Rev. Dr. Ford Oppman of Stamford, Conn., for a long time an associate of Dr. Chapman, and the Rev. Dr. Edgar W. Work, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church. Burial will take place in Woodlawn Cemetery.

Dr. Chapman was born in Richmond, Ind., June 17, 1859, the son of Alexander Hamilton and Lorinda McWhirney Chapman, and was graduated with the A. B. degree from Lake Forest (Ill.) University in 1879, and the Lane Theological Seminary in 1882. In the same year he was ordained in the Presbyterian ministry, and two years later he became pastor of the First Reformed Church, Albany, N. Y., which he served until 1890. The next three years he served as pastor of Bethany Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia.

Became Evangelist 25 Years Ago.

His first evangelistic work was undertaken in 1893, and he labored in all parts of the United States in this capacity for three years, when he again became pastor of Bethany Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia. In 1900 he resigned to accept a call to the pastorate of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church of New York City, where he served with great success for five years.

In 1903 Dr. Chapman became Executive Secretary of the General Assembly's Commission on Evangelistic Work for the Presbyterian Church. Later he became representative at large for the Evangelistic Commission of the Presbyterian Church. He introduced the simultaneous campaign, which is to say that in addition to the main or central revival meeting in the city visited he would have several, sometimes a score or more, meetings in progress at the same time. He would enlist the assistance of ministers and other church workers of all denominations and the campaign would be citywide.

There was always a big demand for Dr. Chapman and more than one city waited for more than a year in order to have its general revival conducted by him. In his evangelistic work he was greatly aided by Charles M. Alexander, the song leader. Dr. Chapman was also successful in "personal work" and originated the Pocket Testament League, which is very popular now. Some noted evangelists, including Billy Sunday, were greatly benefited by his advice at the beginning of their careers.

Dr. Chapman made one tour of the world and later, on a second trip, spent considerable time in Australia and Japan. In 1917 Dr. Chapman was elected Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, and held the post until May of the present year.

The New Era Movement.

In recent months Dr. Chapman devoted himself entirely to the New Era Movement of the Presbyterian Church, of which he was Vice Chairman and active executive head in charge of the staff at 156 Fifth Avenue. This movement is a re-enlistment of all the members of the Presbyterian Church into a full co-ordination of all the forces of the church, and is especially designed to meet all the reconstruction problems arising out of the war. It plans to spend $500,000 on stricken churches in the war zone and another $500,000 on Presbyterian soldiers and sailors returning from the war, and has prepared a budget for the coming year of nearly $13,000,000 for the entire Presbyterian program.

The title of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on Dr. Chapman by Wooster University in 1898 and Heidelberg University of Ohio conferred the LL.D. degree in 1910.

Dr. Chapman was the author of a number of theological works, including "Revived Ye the Holy Ghost," "And Peter," "Kadesh Barnea," "The Lost Crown," "The Secret of a Happy Day," "The Surrendered Life," "Spiritual Life in the Sunday School," "From Life to Life," "Present-Day Parables," "Life of D. L. Moody," "Present-Day Evangelism," "The Problem of the Work," "Chapman's Pocket Sermons," "Revival Sermons," "When Home Is Heaven."

Besides his widow, who was Miss Mabel Cornelia Moulton of Providence, R. I., whom he married in 1910, he is survived by two sons and two daughters, Captain J. Wilbur Chapman, Jr., now in France with the 311th Remount Division; A. Hamilton Chapman, a student at Williams College; Mrs. Bertha I. Goodson, and Mrs. Fred E. Linder.

Presbyterian Secretary Pays Tribute

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.—The Rev. Dr. William H. Roberts, Secretary of the Presbyterian General Assembly, when informed of the death of Dr. Chapman, said:

"I count the death of Dr. Chapman the greatest loss to the Presbyterian Church that could have taken place at the present time. He was so related to all the activities of the church that it will be extremely difficult to fill his place.

"We were associated together in the work of the Presbyterian Church for twenty years and I can testify to his great ability, unselfish service, and the remarkable results which have flowed from his life. His death will be mourned the world around."

MacCracken Funeral Tomorrow.

The funeral of Dr. Henry M. MacCracken, Chancellor Emeritus of New York University, who died Tuesday at Orlando, Fla., will be held as a university service, in the chapel at University Heights, tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Members of the Council of the University, the committee of women, and the faculties will be present in academic robes. The services will be conducted by the Rev. Dr. George Alexander, pastor of the University Place Presbyterian Church and President of the University Council. The body will arrive here this afternoon and will repose overnight in the University Chapel, attended by a guard of honor.

Married.

BRACH—ROSENTHAL.—Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Rosenthal of 40 West 84th St., New York, announce the marriage of their daughter, Madeline, on Dec. 25, to Mr. Leon S. Brach of East Orange, N. J.

SCHUBART—POST.—On Dec. 25, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schubart, Arrochar Park, Staten Island, Florence Post to William John Schubart.

WHITE—COHEN.—Dr. Jacob White to Dr. Frances S. Cohen, Dec. 24, 1918.

Died.

ALLEN.—At Paterson, N. J., on Wednesday, Dec. 25, 1918, Anne Steele, wife of Henry Crosby Allen, aged 35 years. Funeral service on Friday, Dec. 27, at the home of Mr. John H. Crosby, 289 Broadway, at 2 P. M.

BADANES.—On Dec. 25, Elaine J., wife of Bernard Harry Badanes, and mother of Eileen Jeanne and Albert, at St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, L. I. Funeral Dec. 27, from St. Joseph's Episcopal Church, Far Rockaway, at 2 P. M. Interment at Hewlett Burying Ground, Hewlett, L. I.

BEARD.—Annie Demming, wife of Dr. Augustus Field Beard, after a long illness, Dec. 25, Norwalk, (Conn.,) Syracuse, and Paris (France) papers please copy. Funeral private.

BEEBE.—At Greenfield, Mass., on Dec. 25, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Harry G. Webster, Walton Beebe, aged 81. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, 2:30 P. M., Friday, Dec. 27.

BLAKE—Geoffrey Michael, aged 19 years, son of Michael H. and Ellen T. Blake, (nee O'Shea,) at his late residence, 440 West 43d St., New York City. A solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at the Church of the Holy Cross, West 42d St., Friday, at 11 A. M.

BRAY.—At Greenwich, Conn., Dec. 23, 1918, Susan A. Bray, in her 87th year. Funeral private.

BUCKINGHAM.—On Dec. 24, of pneumonia, at Live Oak, Cal., Charles Luman, beloved husband of Dorothy Page Buckingham and son of the late Charles L. Buckingham.

CHAPMAN.—Rev. John Wilbur, in New York City, on Christmas Day, in the 60th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Fourth Presbyterian Church, West End Av. and 91st St., on Sunday morning, Dec. 29, 1918, at 11 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery. After Thursday body will lie in state in the manse, 631 West End Av., New York.

CLAPP.—Dec. 23, Cornelia Maria Clapp. Services Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Thursday evening, 8 o'clock.

CLUETT.—Suddenly, Tuesday morning, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. R. Clifford Black, Pelham Manor, N. Y., Amanda R., wife of the late George B. Cluett. Funeral Friday noon, St. John's Episcopal Church, Troy, N. Y.

COHEN.—At her residence, 740 West End Av., on Dec. 25, Clara Wolf, beloved wife of Louis Cohen, mother of Pearl Cohen, and sister of Mrs. C. S. Eckstone of New York, Mrs. Abe Goodman, Mrs. Albert Hattendorf, and L. Leo Putzel of Memphis. Funeral services Dec. 26, at 5 P. M. Interment at Memphis, Sunday, Dec. 29.

COLDWELL.—At Newburg, N. Y., Tuesday, Dec. 24, 1918, William Herbert Coldwell. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 196 Montgomery St., Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment at Cedar Hill Cemetery.

DALLY.—At East Orange, N. J., on Dec. 23, 1918, John Horton Dally, husband of Christina Dally (nee Rinn.) Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 77 Glenwood Av., on Thursday, Dec. 26, at 3 P. M. Interment at Rosedale.

DAVIS.—On Monday, Dec. 23, 1918, Mary A., wife of the late John A. Davis and daughter of the late Amos H. and Julia A. Trowbridge. Funeral services at 165 West 58th St., Thursday, Dec. 26, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

DE PUY.—Mary Raymond, wife of Henry F. De Puy, at her home, 440 West End Av., on Tuesday, Dec. 24, after a prolonged illness. Funeral private. Interment at Sleepy Hollow.

DE WILDE.—On Tuesday, Dec. 24, 1918, Arthur De Wilde. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 734 East 176th St., Friday, Dec. 27, at 2 P. M.

DE YOUNG.—Lewis, 654 Beck St., Bronx, beloved husband of Mary, and father of Norman, aged 25. Funeral from Meyer's Chapel, 228 Lenox Av., at 9:30 A. M. Interment Mt. Neboh Cemetery.

DODGE.—William E., at his residence, 4,271 Verio Av., Bronx. Funeral services Thursday evening, 8 o'clock. Relatives, friends, and members of Guiding Star Lodge, F. and A. M., respectfully invited to attend. Funeral at convenience of family.

DONOHUE.—Capt. Walter E., Co. K, 310th Infantry, 78th Division, died Nov. 1, in France, from wounds received in battle, age 23 years. Requiem mass, Holy Cross Church, 331 West 42d St., Friday, Dec. 27, at 10 A. M.

DUFFY.—In France, on Oct. 14, of wounds received in action, Lieutenant Charles A. Duffy, Company K, 11th Infantry, beloved husband of Guenn McCarthy Duffy and son of Catherine T. and the late Charles H. Duffy. Memorial mass at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and 71st St., on Saturday, Dec. 28, at 10 A. M.

ERBE.—Entered into rest, Dec. 23, 1918, Emma Erbe, (nee Graf,) dearly beloved wife of Ludwig Erbe and sister of Mrs. Charles Ottmann. Services Thursday, Dec. 26, 1 o'clock P. M., Grace Lutheran Church, 123 West 71st St. Relatives and friends invited. Interment private.

FERGUSON.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., Dec. 24, 1918, Robert Johnston, oldest son of Dr. William and May Johnston Ferguson, aged 17 years. Services at the home, Rochelle Park, New Rochelle, on Thursday, at 2:30 P. M. Pictou (Nova Scotia) and St. Louis (Mo.) papers please copy.

FERRATA.—On Christmas Day, 1918, Maria Louise Ferrata, age 13 years. Requiem mass Church of Ascension, 107th St., near Broadway, Friday, 9 A. M.

FLAGLER.—Alice Mandelick, beloved wife of John H. Flagler, entered into rest Dec. 24, 1918. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Ascension, 5th Av. and 10th St., on Saturday, Dec. 28, at 2 o'clock.

FORTIER.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, Dec. 24, Columbia University Professor Edward J. Fortier, 557 West 124th St. Services Dargeon's Funeral Parlors, 954 Amsterdam Av., Thursday, 8 P. M.

FRIEDMAN.—Jennie, on Dec. 24. Interment Washington Cemetery, Wednesday, Dec. 25.

GAUTIER.—On Monday, Dec. 23, at 22 East 47th St., Dudley Gregory Gautier, in his 72d year. Funeral service at the Chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, at Park Av. and 50th St., on Thursday morning, 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

GENET.—On Tuesday, Dec. 24, Annie, beloved wife of William H. Genet, Sr. Funeral Friday, Dec. 27, at 10:30 A. M., from Galvin's funeral parlor, 129th St. and Madison Av. Interment Woodlawn. Relatives and friends invited.

GUNDRUM.—On Monday, Dec. 23, 1918, August C., beloved husband of Louise B. Gundrum, (nee Pim,) aged 36 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 780 Jefferson Av., near Patchen Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Dec. 26, at 2 P. M. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

HARTOGENSIS.—On Wednesday, Dec. 25, Henry S. of Baltimore, 89th year. Funeral Friday morning 10 o'clock from his late residence, 1,940 Linden Av., Baltimore, Md.

HAYES.—On Dec. 24, William, beloved father of Carroll and John Hayes, Emma E. Bannon, Rev. Sister Philomine, and grandfather of Margaret and Mary McKeen. Funeral from his late residence, 64 E. 123d St., Friday, Dec. 27, 9:30 A. M.; thence to All Saints' Church, Madison Av. and 129th St. Interment private.

HEBBERD.—Suddenly, on Tuesday morning, Dec. 24, 1918, Grace A., wife of Lester C. Hebberd and daughter of the late James H. and Adelaide W. Weller. Funeral service at the Park Hill Reformed Church, Yonkers, Thursday evening, Dec. 26, at 8 o'clock.

HERVEY.—Professor William Addison Hervey of Columbia University, suddenly at Princeton, N. J., on Christmas Day. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HERRIES.—Corporal Alexander, Jr., beloved son of Alexander, Sr., and late Mary Reid Herries, in France, Oct. 4, from wounds received in action on same date in Argonne Forest.

HOLBROW.—Dec. 23, Teunis Van Arsdale. Services at his late residence, 147½ Grand St., Newburgh, N. Y., Friday, Dec. 27, at 2 o'clock.

ISBELL.—On Dec. 24, 1918, at his residnece, 123 West 81st St., Charles W. Isbell, in his 88th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

JUDGE.—On Dec. 24, at 922 President St., Brooklyn, Gladys Mary, beloved daughter of James P. Judge. Funeral from her late home on Friday, Dec. 27, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn mass of requiem at St. Francis Xavier R. C. Church, 6th Av. and Carroll St., 10 A. M. Interment in Holy Cross Cemetery.

LATHERS.—On Dec. 25, at her residence, 1 West 94th St., Agnes, daughter of the late Colonel Richard and A. P. Lathers. Funeral services at St. Agnes's Chapel, 92d St., near Columbus Av., Friday, Dec. 27, at 10:45 A. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

LONGACRE.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Wednesday, Dec. 25, 1918, Harriet Blake Longacre, beloved wife of Frederick Van Duzer Longacre. Funeral service at her late residence, 40 Greystone Park, Yonkers, Friday, Dec. 27, at 11 A. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

McINTOSH.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Dec. 25, Josephine M., widow of John McIntosh. Funeral services at her late residence, 411 East 5th St., Saturday, 2:30.

McCARTHY.—On Tuesday, Dec. 24, Phoebe I. McCarthy, dearly beloved sister of Anna V. McCarthy. Funeral from the Church of the Holy Trinity, West 82d St., on Friday, Dec. 27, at 9 A. M. Interment private. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

McGRANE.—On Dec. 25, at 120 8th St., Elmhurst, Mrs. Mary McGrane, beloved wife of John J. McGrane. Burial in Troy, train leaving New York 4:30 P. M. Friday. Kindly omit flowers.

McGRAW.—At Memorial Hospital, Morristown, N. J., of pneumonia, on Dec. 25, 1918, Kathryn Decker, wife of James H. McGraw, Jr., of Short Hills, N. J., and daughter of Charles Martin and the late Harriet Decker. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

MAGEE.—Esther Annie, widow of Jonathan Magee of London, Ontario, Canada, on Dec. 25, 1918, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. O. Inglis, 609 West 115th St. Funeral 1:30 P. M., Friday, at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

MAHNKEN.—On Dec. 24, Arthur H. Mahnken, beloved son of Irving S. Mahnken and Emma Mahnken, (nee Kedenberg,) in his 13th year. Funeral services at his home, 1,397 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. Funeral at convenience of family.

MARSHALSEA. — Minnie. Entered into eternal peace, suddenly, Tuesday morning, Dec. 24, 1918, at the residence of her brother, James K. Marshalsea, Closter, N. J., daughter of the late George and Temperance Marshalsea, sister of Mrs. George C. Luebbers of New York, and Mrs. Martin C. Havens of Dover, N. J. Funeral services 10:30 o'clock Friday morning. Interment private. Castle Cary and Ilminster (England) papers please copy.

MATTHEWS.—Dec. 22, 1918, in the service of his country, of pneumonia, at Fortress Monroe, Harold Nixon Matthews, Lieutenant in Coast Artillery, in the 28th year of his age, husband of Irma Small, and only son of Edwin S. and Agnes Rounds Matthews. Services at St. Thomas' Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., Thursday at 11 A. M.

MOLLER.—At the Flower Hospital Tuesday, Dec. 24, 1918, John Moller, Jr., beloved husband of Daisy Baker, and son of John and the late Louise Moller. Services Friday at 12 o'clock in funeral parlors of James E. McLarney & Son, Lexington Av. and 65th St. Interment private.

NAGEL.—On Dec. 24, 1918, Frederick J. Nagel, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Nagel. Services on Thursday, at 2:30 P. M., at Chapel Carleton Winterbottom, 620 6th Av., near 36th St. Newark (N. J.) papers please copy.

O'DONOVAN.—On Dec. 24, Esther G., beloved wife of Alfred J. O'Donovan. Requiem mass St. Ursula's Church, Chester Hill, Mount Vernon, on Friday, Dec. 27, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

PAGE.—At Oakland, N. J., on Christmas Day, Edward D. Page, son of the late Henry A. and Maria Clark Page, and beloved husband of Mary R. Hall. Notice of funeral hereafter.

PARIGOT.—At Allendale, N. J., Dec. 23, 1918, Sophia Caroline d'Azambuja, widow of the late Charles L. Parigot. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, Allendale, N. J., Thursday, Dec. 26, at 8 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Automobiles will meet trains leaving Jersey City 6:24 and 6:34 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

REEDER.—At Hastings-on-Hudson, Dec. 24, May Hewett Reeder, beloved wife of Dr. R. R. Reeder. Funeral services Friday, 2 P. M., at Warburton Avenue Baptist Church, Yonkers. Interment private.

RHINELANDER.—In hospital in Rouen, France, on Dec. 12, from wounds received in action near Le Catelet on Sept. 29, T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, 2d, beloved son of Philip Rhinelander, in the 21st year of his age.

RUGGE.—On Wednesday, Dec. 25, Henry L. Rugge, beloved husband of Helene Rugge (nee Abeling) and father of Anna Rugge, in his 58th year. Funeral from his late residence, 304 West 151st St., on Friday, at 2 P. M. St. Charles (Mo.) papers please copy.

SCHWED.—Rose, suddenly, at Red Bank, N. J. Interment private. No flowers.

SICKEL.—On Wednesday, Dec. 25, 1918, Adele MacLeod, beloved wife of J. Harington Sickel. Funeral from her late residence, 57 West 75th St., Friday, Dec. 27, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, where a mass of requiem will be celebrated. St. Paul (Minn.) and Pasadena (Cal.) papers please copy.

SIMONS.—Martin, in his 75th year, beloved husband of Marie, father of Celia Rosenfeld, Annie Taylor, Max and Melvin. Funeral Thursday, Dec. 26, 1918, at 10:30 from his late residence, 216 West 100th St.

SLEEVE.—On Wednesday, Dec. 25, in his 69th year, Nathan, beloved brother of Mrs. I. Reutter and Mrs. A. Shaneazy. Funeral services at his late residence, 124 East 112th St., Friday, Dec. 27, at 10 A. M.

SMART.—Ada Mary, on Dec. 24, sister of William F. Smart of London. Funeral service at 14A East 39th St., on Thursday, Dec. 26, at 10:30 A. M.

SPEVACK.—Louis, on Dec. 21, 1918, beloved husband of Eva Spevack, and father of Lillian and Edith, after an illness of a few days, at his home, 1,018 East 163d St., New York City.

SPRAGUE.—At Baldwin, L. I., Dec. 25, 1918, Wesley Deacon Sprague, son of W. Edward Sprague. Funeral services from his late residence Friday evening at 7:30. Interment Greenfield Cemetery Saturday, 10 o'clock.

STANSFIELD.—On Dec. 24, Chedell William, beloved wife of William Hinton Stansfield, at her residence, 152 West 72d St. Funeral service will be held in Auburn, N. Y., on Friday, Dec. 27. Interment Fort Hill Cemetery.

STEVENSON.—Louise, Dec. 24, 1918, at her home, 20 Elm St., Morristown, N. J. Funeral services will be held from her late home on Friday, Dec. 27, 1918, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in the Old First Church burying ground.

STUART.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., Christmas Eve, Rebecca B. K. Stuart, widow of Francis H. Stuart, M. D., who preceded her Sept. 4, 1910. Services Friday, 12:15 P. M., Church of the Pilgrims, 109 Remsen St. Interment in Spring Grove Cemetery, Cincinnati, Ohio.

STURGHES.—On Tuesday, Dec. 21, 1918, at 11:30 A. M., of influenza pneumonia, Grace McPhail, beloved wife of Harry Vining Sturghes, in her 35th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 5,426 Wilkins Av., Pittsburgh, Penn., on Thursday, Dec. 26, at 10 A. M.

TAYLOR.—Winthrop V., at Bound Brook, N. J., passed away on Dec. 25, after a brief illness. Funeral services Friday afternoon, Dec. 27, at 2 o'clock, at Frank E. Campbell's Funeral Parlors, Broadway and 66th St. Friends are invited.

THOMPSON.—Dec. 24, 1918, Charles W. Thompson, husband of Ugenia Horton and son of the late Charles H. Thompson of Blooming Grove, N. Y. Services at his residence, 158 West 105th St., this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock.

TITUS.—On 3d day, 12th month, 24th, 1918, Almira P., wife of Edward P. Titus. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, Walnut Road, Glen Cove, L. I., on the 6th day, 12th month, 27th, 1918, at 10:30 A. M. Train leaves Pennsylvania Station 9 A. M., arriving at Glen Cove, 10:14.

TOMBY.—On Dec. 23, Borgfeldt Tomby in his 44th year. Funeral services at 10:30 o'clock Thursday morning, Dec. 26, at his late residence, Woodland Av., Bronxville, N. Y. Conveyances will meet the 9:35 train on the New York Central Railroad. Kindly omit flowers.

TROSTLER.—Minnie, passed away suddenly, Dec. 24. Funeral from her late residence, 228 Audubon Av., on Thursday, Dec. 26, at 1:30 P. M. St. Louis (Mo.) papers please copy.

VAN BEUREN.—Dec. 24, 1918, Edmund A., eldest son of the late John and Adeline Van Beuren. Services Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday, 1:30.

VICKERS.—Ann G., beloved wife of T. L. Vickers. Services at her late home, 568 Henry St., Brooklyn, 2 P. M. Thursday, Dec. 26. Funeral private.

VON LINDEN.—At Stuttgart, Germany, Dec. 6, Countess Isabel von Linden, widow of the late Count Eberhard von Linden and daughter of the late Loring Andrews and Blandina Bruyn Andrews of New York City.

WEEKES.—On Dec. 24, 1918, of pneumonia, Estelle, beloved wife of John A. Weekes and daughter of the late Charles W. and Margaret Lane Durant. Funeral private. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

WHEATCROFT.—Thomas S., 302 Broadway, New York City, Dec. 23. Will be buried Friday, Dec. 27, at Rush, Penn.

In Memoriam.

NIERENBERG.—Kate. In sad and loving memory of our dear mother, who died Dec. 25, 1917.

A year has passed, our hearts are sore,
As time goes by, we miss you more;
Our hearts are just as sad today
As at the hour you passed away.

CHILDREN.

SCHRIER.—Herman. In memory of my beloved husband, who passed into eternal rest Dec. 26, 1913. Gone but not forgotten.

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CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

BOARD ANNOUNCES NEW EXPORT LIST

Revised Schedule for Conservation Effective Since Dec. 20.

EXCEPTIONS FOR CANADA

Commodities Named for Which Individual Shipping Licenses Are Required.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The War Trade Board today made public its new export conservation list, effective from Dec. 20, containing certain modifications and superseding previous lists. In making public the list the board reminds shippers that individual licenses are required for the shipment of all commodities covered by the list to all countries, including Canada and Newfoundland, except that the commodities preceded by a star do not require individual licenses for shipment to Canada and Newfoundland.

The list follows:

*Alloys,
Steel,
*Aluminium,
Ingots,
Amidoazobenzol,
Amidophenol,
Aniline oil,
Aniline salts,
*Anodes,
Nickel,
Apples, dried,
Arsenate of lead,
Arsenate of soda,
Arsenic and compounds thereof,
Arsenite of soda,
Ashwood,
Axle and other mineral oil greases,
Bacon,
Bagging,
Vegetable fibre, except cotton bagging,
Balata,
Barley,
Barley flour,
Barley meal,
*Bars, copper,
*Bars, steel sheet,
Colored beans,
White beans,
Beef loaf,
Canned beef,
Corned beef hash,
Dried beef,
Beef drippings,
Fresh or frozen beef,
Ox tongues,
Beet syrup,
Benzine
*Steel billets,
Birchwood billets,
Block tin,
*Blooms, steel,
Book paper,
Brewers' grain, (except rice,)
Burlap,
Butter substitutes,
Camphor,
Cane syrup,
Carbines,
Cartridges and shells,
Castor beans,
Caustic potash,
Celluloid,
Celluloid articles,
Cheese,
Chestnut extracts,
Chestnut wood,
Chlorbenzol,
Chloride of ammonia,
Chocolate,
Cinchona bark,
Cinchona products,
*Coal,
Coal tar derivatives,
Cocoa,
Cocoanut butter,
Cocoanut oil,
Codliver oil,
Codeine and salts,
Coffee,
*Coke,
Condensed milk,
Copper ingots,
Copra,
Copra oil,
Corn,
Cornflour,
Corn grits,
Cornmeal,
Corn oil,
Corn syrup,
Cornstarch,
Cottonseed,
Cottonseed cake,
Cottonseed meal,
Cottonseed oil,
Crude oil,
Crude rubber,
Cylinder oil,
Degras,
Dental gold,
Dextrine,
Dimethylaniline,
Dinitrobenzol,
Dinitrochlorbenzol,
Dinitrophenol,
Diphenylamine,
Dyestuff intermediates,
Dyestuffs,
Engine oil,
Evaporated milk,
Explosives,
Fat backs,
Feeds,
Ferrocyanide of potash,
*Ferrosilicon,
Firearms,
Fir timber,
Flour,
Fodders,
Fuel oils,
†Garden seed,
Gas oil,
Gasoline,
Glucose,
Gold, manufactured,
Guayule,
Gum lac,
Gutta Joolatong,
Gutta percha,
Gutta siak,
Hams,
Hand lantern oil,
Hemp,
Hemp fibre,
Heroin and its salts,
Indian samp, (corn,)
Invert sugar syrup,
*Iron and steel rails over 50 pounds per yard,
Jaborandi,
Jalap,
Jewelry containing over 5 per cent. fine gold,
Jute and jute products,
Jute fibre,
Lac and all varieties thereof,
Lantern oil,
Lard,
Lard neutral,
Lard compounds,
Lard substitutes,
Linen gillnets,
Linen gill threads,
Linseed meal,
Linseed oil,
Logs,
Lubricating oils,
Mahogany wood,
Maize, (corn,)
Malt,
Malt sprouts,
Mammoth cloverseed,
Maple syrup,
Meal barley,
Metadinitrobenzol,
Metallic tin,
Metallic tin pipe,
Mica,
Mica splittings,
Milk,
Mineral grease,
Mineral oils,
Mirror iron,
Molasses,
Molybdenite,
Monazite,
Monochlorbenzol,
Morphine and derivatives,
Morphine salts,
‡Moving picture and other films,
Naphtha,
Neutral lard,
Newsprint paper,
Nickel ingots,
Nickel,
Oakwood,
Oakum,
Oatmeal,
Oats,
Oil cake,
Oil cake meal,
Oleomargarine,
Olive oil,
Opium gum and products,
Orthonitrotoluol,
Orthotoluidine,
Palm oil,
Paper,
Paraamidophenol,
Paraffin,
Paraffin oils,
Paranitraniline,
Paranitroacetanilide,
Paranitrochlorbenzol,
Paranitrophenol,
Paranitrotoluol,
Paratoluidine,
Peaches, dried,
Peanut meal,
Peanut oil,
Peas, dried and split,
Petroleum,
*Photographic films,
Picric acid,
*Pig copper,
*Pig iron,
Pig tin,
§Plates, iron and steel,
Plywood and veneer,
Barreled pork,
Mess pork,
Hog bellies,
Shoulders,
Spareribs,
Stag bellies,
Postage stamps,
Poster paper,
Potash and compounds,
Potassium and compounds,
Powdered milk,
Preserved milk,
Print paper,
Prunes, dried,
Quebracho extract,
Quebracho wood,
Quinine and compounds,
Quinine salts,
Reclaimed rubber,
Red clover seed,
Revenue stamps,
Revolvers,
Rice, (except screenings,)
Rifles,
Rolled oats,
Rye,
Rye flour,
Rye meal,
Salmon, canned,
Salts,
*Scrap iron and steel,
Scrap rubber,
Scrap tin,
*Shapes, 3 inches and larger,
Iron and steel,
*Sheet bars, steel,
Shellac,
Shells,
Shotguns,
Shot in bulk,
Syrup,
*Slabs, steel,
Soya bean meal,
Soya bean oil,
Soya beans,
Sprucewood,
Stearin, vegetable,
Sugar beet seed,
Sumac extracts,
Tanning extracts,
Terneplate,
Tetranitroaniline,
Tetranitromethylaniline,
Tetranitroethylaniline,
Tin plate,
Toluidin and salts,
Toluidine,
Trinitrophenol,
Trinitrotoluol,
†Vegetable seed,
Walnut wood,
Wheat,
Wheat flour,
Wood pulp,
¶Yellow pine.

†Individual licenses for export to Canada and Newfoundland not required for fifty pounds and under.

‡Unexposed, exposed but undeveloped, and exposed and developed, (individual licenses not required to Canada and Newfoundland for exposed and developed films.)

§One-fourth of an inch thick and heavier and wider than six inches, or over six inches in diameter.

¶Measuring 12 by 12 inches and larger.

Carranza to Suspend Duty on Food.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 25.—The Chamber of Deputies today approved the extension of extraordinary powers in financial matters asked for by the President. It is understood that under this new authority the President will soon issue decrees removing until June 30 import duties on foodstuffs and articles of primary necessity wanted in the country, as well as on agricultural implements and irrigation machinery. The duties on automobiles, it is expected, will be removed for a period of three months.

Paris Lifts Restriction on Oil.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—A decree published today re-establishes the free sale and use of petroleum, beginning Jan. 1. The decree also permits the free sale and use of automobiles, excepting those not licensed for commercial purposes.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., and Ga.—Cloudy and colder Thurs. fair Fri.

Fla.—Rain and colder Thurs, fair and warmer Fri.

Ala., Tenn., and Miss.—Fair Thurs, fair and warmer Fri.

Ky.—Snow Thurs., fair Fri.

Ind.—Clearing Thurs., fair Fri.

Mich.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Ohio.—Snow Thurs, fair Fri.

Legal Investments

Balt. & Ohio R. R. Co.
1st Mtge. 4s, 1948,
to yield 5.25%

Pennsylvania R. R. Co.
Gen. Mtge. 5s, 1968
to yield 5.05%

Northern Pacific Ry. Co.
Gen. Lien 3s, 2047
to yield 4.90%

The above issues are legal investments for Trust Funds and Savings Banks in New York State.

Full details on request

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine Street New York

The Present Market for Investments

It is impossible for any one to prophesy with safety future prices of securities, or when bonds, notes and stocks will show any decided appreciation. It is clear, however, that the present prices cannot continue indefinitely, and those who desire an unusually good income from securities over a long period of years will make no mistake by acting now.

Write for our Securities List No. A-14, which contains a number of choice investments.

CHANDLER & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
35 Pine Street, New York
Philadelphia Boston

What is the Outlook for My Securities?

"Are they sound? Will they continue dividends and interest? Can markets be readily found for them?" These questions our VALUATION DEPARTMENT can answer for you. Our staff of experts is at your service for the asking.

There is no excuse for not knowing the condition of your investments in time to prevent loss.

Send for our letter T-6, on Judging Securities.

J. B. Harris & Co.
High Grade Securities
60 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 3015.

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Payable at Our Office
January 1, 1919
CITIES SERVICE COMPANY
Ser. B 7% Con. Gold Deb.
BARTLESVILLE INTER. RY. CO.
6's, 1947
CONS. CITIES LT., P. & TR. CO.
1st 5's, 1962
DEEP WELL WATER CO.
1st 5's, 1950
DOMINION GAS CO.
Coll. 5's, 1952
MASSILLON ELEC. & GAS CO.
1st 5's, 1956
MONTGOMERY LT. & W. P. CO.
1st Consol. 5's, 1943
ST. JOSEPH RY., L., H. & PR. CO.
1st & Ref. 5's, 1946
TOLEDO & WESTERN RY. CO.
1st 5's, 1926
TOL., FAYETTE & WEST. RY. CO.
1st 5's, 1927
UNION GAS CO.
1st & Coll. 5's, 1935

Henry L. Doherty & Co.
60 Wall Street

Bonds for Investment

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Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

RUSSIAN CURRENCY AND BONDS
Bought & Sold On Order.
Shuman & Seligmann
Members New York Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7270

Lone Star Gas
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Otis Elevator

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 74 Broadway, New York
Private telephone to Boston.

New York City Bonds

Barr & Schmeltzer
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St. Specialists. New York.

EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

CITY OF
ROCHESTER, N.Y.
PARK REG. 4½'s.
Due January 15, 1933

Legal Investment for New York Savings Banks and Trust Funds

PRICE 102¾ and INTEREST
YIELDING 4.25%

R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK
Boston Chicago

Investment Suggestions

A carefully selected list of 15 Bonds, 10 Preferred and 10 Common Stocks is contained in

Special Circular A-37
Sent on Request.

E. W. Wagner & Co.
Established 1887. Chicago

Members—
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
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NEW ORLEANS COTTON EXCHANGE
CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE
CLEVELAND STOCK EXCHANGE
MINNEAPOLIS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
ST. LOUIS MERCHANTS EXCHANGE
MILWAUKEE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

33 New Street (Ground Floor) New York

Marine Trusts

We have ready for free distribution a reprint of an article which appeared in the December issue of the Marine News, describing the investment characteristics of First Mortgage Marine Trusts.

Send for Pamphlet T-6.

Hannevig & Co.
Marine Financing
Marine Securities
139 Broadway, New York
Foreign Exchange Letters of Credit

The Question of Railroad Control

is discussed in current issue of our semi-monthly publication

Securities Suggestions

This with booklet describing

The Part Payment Plan

will be sent free. Write us for "Q."

R. C. MEGARGEL & CO.
Investment Securities
27 Pine Street—*New York*

American Light & Traction
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New Jersey Zinc
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Private Wires to
HARTFORD MONTREAL
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TEL. HANOVER 7474
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
AND N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE.

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WANTED
Clev'd, Painsv'le & Ash. R.R. 5s
Michoacan Power 6s
Guanajuato Pow. & Elec. 5s
St. Joseph Water 5s (Mo.)
New Hamp. El. Rys. Com. & Pfd.

HOTCHKIN & CO.
Incorporated
53 STATE ST.
Tel. Main 460. BOSTON Cable Tockin.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
Columbia Graphophone
United N. J. Railway & Canal

C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6730 Rector

Texas Pacific Coal & Oil Stock

J.K.Rice, Jr.& Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

LIBERTY BONDS
BOUGHT FOR CASH
All Issues and Denominations Bought at Stock Exchange Prices.
DIDRICHSEN & CO.,
Tel. John 8174-5-6-7. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

$10,598,000

St. Louis-San Francisco Railway Company

PRIOR LIEN MORTGAGE 6% GOLD BONDS

SERIES C

Dated July 1, 1918 **Due July 1, 1928**

Interest payable January 1 and July 1 in New York without deduction for any tax the Company or Trustees may be required to withhold. Callable at 102½ and interest on 60 days' notice. Series A and B Bonds are listed and application will be made to list Series C bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

Total Authorized Amount of Prior Lien Bonds $250,000,000
Outstanding in hands of public:
(as reported by the Company, as of Dec. 1, 1918, including this issue):
Series A 4%, due July 1, 1950........... $84,299,175
Series B 5%, due July 1, 1950........... 25,000,000
Series C 6%, due July 1, 1928........... 10,598,000 $119,897,175

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK AND DANIEL K. CATLIN, Trustees

From letter of Mr. Henry Ruhlender, President of the Company, we summarize as follows:

The Prior Lien Mortgage Bonds are secured by a direct mortgage lien on 3,471 miles of line owned in fee and all equipment owned by the Company, subject to only $11,234,900 underlying bonds and $2,215,000 equipment trust obligations, and are further secured by the pledge of substantially all of the capital stock representing control of an additional 1,593 miles of road, subject to outstanding prior liens.

Out of the proceeds of this sale the Company proposes to pay off its present floating debt, amounting to $5,210,000, so that the increase in annual fixed charges will not exceed $323,280. As a result of this financing the Company will be free of floating debt, and will be provided with additional working capital.

Earnings for years ended December 31, 1917 and 1916, were as follows:

	Total Operating Revenue	Total Income Available for Fixed Charges	Fixed Interest, Rentals, Sinking Fund and Other Fixed Charges	Balance available for interest on income bonds
1916..........	$53,119,998	$15,633,405	$9,501,430	$6,131,975
1917..........	59,676,657	16,631,968	9,348,504	7,283,464

The Company has not yet entered into a contract with the Director General of Railroads, but the average annual Railway Operating Income of the Company's lines for the three years ended June 30, 1917, constituting its so-called "Standard Return" under the Federal Control Act, has been certified by the Interstate Commerce Commission to be $13,423,400.

Present quoted prices for junior securities indicate an equity of more than $50,000,000 over and above the Prior Lien Mortgage Bonds. The book value of the Company's property as accepted by the Missouri Public Service Commission for the purpose of capitalization at organization of present Company in 1916, indicates an equity in excess of this figure.

The issuance of these bonds has been approved by the United States Railroad Administration.

WE RECOMMEND THESE BONDS FOR INVESTMENT

Price 96 and Interest, Yielding over 6.55%

Complete Circular on Request

LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.
BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO

GUARANTY TRUST CO.
OF NEW YORK

The above statements are not guaranteed, but are based upon information and advice which we believe to be accurate and reliable, and upon which we have acted in purchasing these securities.

Exempt from Federal Income Tax
No Income Tax Certificates Required

Municipal Bonds

To yield from 4.20% to 5.10%

		Rate	Maturity	Yield
N T	$99,400 Albany, N. Y., Reg.	4%	1930-36	4.20%
N T	258,000 Rochester, N. Y., Reg.	4½%	1940-45	4.20%
N T	25,000 Syracuse, N. Y., Reg.	4¼%	1921	4.25%
N	25,000 Cincinnati, Ohio	4½%	1955	4.30%
	81,000 Pinellas County, Fla.	5%	1946	4.80%
	23,000 High Point, N. C.	6%	1919-28	5.00%
	30,000 Stamford, Texas	5%	1952-56	5.00%
	99,000 Renville County, N. D.	6%	1922	5.10%

N—Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State.
T—Exempt from all taxation in New York State.

STACY & BRAUN
5 Nassau Street
Toledo NEW YORK Cincinnati

Norfolk & Western
"Rights" and
New 6% Conv. Bonds

ABRAHAM & CO.
10 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 6963

Investment Suggestions

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Members New York Stock Exchange
5 Nassau St., New York

Waters & Birdsall
Investment
Securities
25 Broad St., New York
Telephone Broad 3618

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Bankers Tr. Corn Ex. Bk.
Stock and Rights
Telephone 1111 Broad.

Lone Star Gas
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Lyon & Co.
60 Wall St., New York
Telephone Hanover 7020

Comparative Table
New York City
BANKS
and
TRUST COMPANIES

Mailed on application.

CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway N.Y.

Alabama Power Co. 1st 5s
Colorado Power Co. 1st 5s
Southern Power Co. 1st 5s
Schenectady Ry. Co. 1st 5s
Utah Power & Lt. Co. 1st 5s

Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston.

Celluloid Co.
Singer Mfg. Co.
Autosales Corporation
Woodward Iron & Steel

William M. van der Kieft
Tel. Bowling Green 6880. 61 B'way, N. Y.

Royal Dutch Petroleum
New & Old
Bought—Sold—Quoted

E. BUNGE & CO.
44 Broad Street. New York
Phones Broad 6951-2-3-4-5-6

Credit Safety

Now that this country is face to face with the inevitable readjustments of peace, the need for the financial protection and service afforded by American Credit Insurance is recognized by all keen business men.

Careful manufacturers and jobbers are, therefore, losing no time in safeguarding their resources. They welcome the American's Unlimited Policy, which not only insures against abnormal credit losses, but serves to *prevent* losses.

There is nothing so safe in any emergency of credit accounts as The American's Unlimited Policy of Credit Insurance.

Full particulars of this *service* free upon request.

The AMERICAN CREDIT-INDEMNITY CO.
NEW YORK

A. B. TREAT, Gen'l Eastern Manager. R. S. CHAMBERS, Gen'l Agent.
91 William St. Phone: John 533-534-3365. New York City.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE

Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland

FIVE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1919.

Please take notice that the British Treasury has waived the ten days' notice required in the option for conversion into United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Twenty-Year 5½% Bonds, due February 1, 1937.

The undersigned will therefore be prepared, at any time prior to maturity, to accept such notes for conversion without requiring the ten days' notice.

Dated at New York, this 23rd day of December, 1918.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
16 WALL STREET,
New York.

Port. Lobos Petroleum
Remington Typewriter
Burt Olney Preferred

DUNHAM & Co
SPECIALISTS
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 1960-5 Hanover.

Chic. No. West. Gen. 5s
Penna. General 5s
Republic Motor Truck 7s
St. Paul Union Depot 5½s
Studebaker Corp. 7s

Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
PHILADELPHIA
Land Title Building
Tel. Spruce 381.
NEW YORK
Equitable Building
Tel. Rector 5554.

Corporations

Are your books always ready for government inspection?

Are your tax reports troublesome?

Are your financial statements in the form you'd like them?

Let us advise you.

NATIONAL TAX SERVICE BUREAU, INC.

Accounting Tax Specialists.

20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK

Phone 7659 Broad

ISLAND OIL

Some Facts Concerning Island Oil:

New 100,000 barrel well just brought in. About 600,000 barrels being shipped monthly. Regular supply guaranteed. Seven or eight new wells being drilled. Valuable holdings of virgin oil tracts.

We will be glad to furnish you with further details regarding the investment features of Island Oil.

Hellwig & Reutter
Investment Securities,
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
25 Broad Street.

We Specialize in
New York City
New York State
and other
Municipal Bonds

Quotations for purchase, sale or valuation on request

Herrick & Bennett
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66 Broadway New York
Telephone—Rector 9060

Civil War Bond Market

We have just issued a special letter on the course of the bond market during and after the Civil War, which should prove of unusual value as an interpretation of present conditions and prospects.

A few extra copies are available to investors interested in our Service.

Enclose 3 cents postage for circular No. 370.

Moody's Investors Service
John Moody, President.
35 Nassau St., New York. Tel. 2947-8-9 Rector.

INTEREST CREDITED MONTHLY

ON ACCOUNTS SUBJECT TO CHECK
SPECIAL RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY
55 CEDAR STREET

BROADWAY AT 73RD ST. MADISON AVE. AT 75TH ST. 125TH ST. AT 8TH AVE.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $6,000,000

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Chase Nat. Otis Elevator
Hanover Nat. D., L. & W. Coal
Telephone 1111 Broad.

Bankers Trust Rights

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Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway 'Phone 7662 Rector

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Complete facilities for the execution of orders in any aomunt
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Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
7 WALL STREET TEL. 4890 RECTOR

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

ISLAND OIL AND TRANSPORT CORPORATION

First Lien Collateral 7% Gold Notes Due Sept. 1, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will receive sealed proposals until 3 P. M. on January 13th, 1919, at its office, 26 Broad Street, New York, for the sale to it of Notes as described above, at a price not exceeding 105 and accrued interest, sufficient to use the sum of $26,102.26.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By B. G. CURTS, Secretary.
December 19th, 1918.

ISLAND OIL AND TRANSPORT CORPORATION

Two and One-Half-Year 7% Gold Notes, Due Sept. 1, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will receive sealed proposals until 3 P. M. on January 13th, 1919, at its office, 26 Broad Street, New York, for the sale to it of Notes as described above at a price not exceeding 105 and accrued interest sufficient to use the sum of $26,102.26.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By B. G. CURTS, Secretary.
December 19th, 1918.

WAY TO AID FORESTRY.

Association Asks That Community Trees Be Made Permanent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—A call was issued today by the American Forestry Association to every community in the United States to take steps to make its Community Christmas Tree permanent. The association, which sent P. S. Ridsdale, its Secretary, to France to offer aid in reforesting the devastated war area, hopes to see the Community Tree, in many places, become the central point of a memorial tree-planting scheme in honor of the sailors and soldiers who gave their lives in the war.

The call follows:

"At this Christmas season let us consider plans for making the Community Christmas Tree permanent. In such a tree we would have a reminder of the year around Christmas spirit and a daily lesson before us all of what the Christmas spirit means to say nothing of the elimination of the great waste every year caused by cutting another tree. In nearly every community there will be found an ideal spot for public gathering. There should be the living growing tree that would come to be the gathering point not only at Christmas, but at other times. Such a tree might become, in many places, the centre of a scheme for planting memorial trees in honor of our sailors and soldiers. Let us look ahead to next year by having your committee consult the City or State Forester in regard to planting a permanent Community Christmas Tree."

$1,000,000 CARGO SAFE.

Fear That Sailing Ship Was Lost Dispelled by News from Algoa.

Tidings were received yesterday by cable from Algoa Bay, South Africa, of the safe arrival on Dec. 20 of the iron sailing ship Brynhilda, owned by the Cosmopolitan Steamship Company of 42 Broadway, which left New York on Sept. 20 with a cargo of lumber on deck and general merchandise in her hold, valued at $1,000,000. Captain F. E. Kenealey said before sailing that he expected to eat his Christmas dinner at anchor in Algoa Bay.

Some anxiety had been felt in regard to the Brynhilda and the crew of twenty-one men, because two days after she left port the United States naval minesweeper Spray picked up a damaged lifeboat bearing the sailing vessel's name and a quantity of lumber. The Brynhilda was equipped with wireless, but did not send out any messages on the voyage.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn—Admiralty, at 10:30 A. M.

Huntley<Warehouse Dock Co et al.
Gottesman et al<Canada, Atl & P SS Co.
Pchibick<Unden.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn.—Admiralty, at 9:30 A. M.—Naturalizations.

At 11 A. M.—US<Nathan Meltzer, (on trial)

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions:

Rice<Rodgers & Hagerty.
Re Greenwald.
Indpt Non-Freezing Powder Co<Waller.
Last<Board of Education, (2.)
Dunn<McMullen & Treist, Inc.
Burke<Winchester Rty & Const Co.
McKinley<Carvel Co.
Re Walsh (Extensive Mfg Co.)
Breen<Joseph.
Tyler<3d Av Ry.
Gumprich<Haberman.
Brody<Brody.
Connecticut Alloyed Metals Co<Earle.
Knoegel<Royal Adjust
Gerretson<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hosp.
Rogers<Treacy.
Schultz Nov & Sptg Goods Co<Rosenthal
Riesel<Riesel.
Miller<Miller.
Cullen<Schwiers, (2.)
Scott<Dorsch R E Co.
Lathrop<Epstein.
Hartman<CNY.
Gustapon<same.
G F Hemsley Co<Wolfe.
Shleifer<CNY.
Re Cameo Realty Co.
Wexler<Glasser, (2.)
Karssens<Straus, (2.)
Hershon<Kirsch.
Re Marengo.
Ledman<Stix.
Emigrant Ind Savs Bank<Diskin.
Rubenstein<Levin.
Bird<May.
Princeton Mach & Tool Co<King Optical Co.
Chatham & Phenix Nat Bank<Vagt.
Weinberger<Heller.
Conners<Conners.
Evelyn<Kenny.
Rosenberg<Fox.
Gualemi<Emery Beers Co, Inc, (2.)
Re People ex rel Phillips<First Mut Liab Ins Co.
Lehon<Kreusser.
Litmak<Yreuhaft.
Morosini<Larkin.
Armour<Minor.
Re Calisse.
Schlitten<Nossen Bag.
Green River Distil Co<Union Station Bk.
People ex rel Jacobs<Day.
Mazel<Harris.
Petrocelli<Mooney.
Kehoe<Lippman.
Ridgway<S Ransom, Inc.
Bass<NY Rys.
Fred'k A Stokes Co<Sherwood Co.
Re Ogden.
Kaplan<Central Madison Co.
Miller<Brower.
Wasserman<Engel.
Cosman<Gahren.
Orvis<Howe.
Kernochan<Pollock.
Vought<Beck.
People ex rel Golding Scenic Studios<La Mont.
Glassberg<Malmud.
Tinsdale<Schmitz.
Herbert<Prichitt.
Messik<Reichler.
Re Szabo<Szabo.
Strout Farm Agency<Morse Internat Agcy.
Storey<Excelsior Shook & Lumber.
Huntley<Dry Dock, E B'way & Battery RR
Johnson<NY C Int Ry
Ofschlag<Union RR.
Re Chas P Schuller Cut Glass & Lamp Co, Inc, (Fuelein.)
Eisenberg Cigarette Co<Hyman.
Reliance Tire & Rub Co<Reliance Tire Co Inc.
Gibbons<Gibbons.
Steinberg<Conn Ship.
Zurich Gen Accident & Liab Ins Co, Ltd<Gordon.
Zink<Zink.
Tinsdale<Schmitz.
Re Chorush (Marks.)

PART II.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Recess.

TRIAL TERMS—Parts II., III., XI., and XIV.—Recess.

PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XII., XIII. XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Estates:

Antoinette Finck,
Joseph Maguire,
Wilson R Crosby.

Wills for probate:

Helen F Monahan,
Louis Hamberger,
Mary A Kent,
Sigmund Loch.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—In Room 503, 5th floor, Hall of Records Bldg.—At 10 A. M.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Cross<Lunenfeld.
Levine<Weinstein & K
Snyder<Lechitzky.
Berger<Paulson.
Beauty Waists<Traphagen.
Pioneer Ladies' Garment Co<Hollinger.
Mendelson<Briskman
Gordon<Mayer.
Chop<Buhler.
Pacific Paper Box Co<Horrmann.
Sanitary Brass Wks<Rubin & Marcus.
Gersten<Damron.
Hirsch<Fox.
Levitas<Beach.
Rice<Steele.
Drubin<Degnan.
Crassous<Power.
Fisch<Rogers.
Benisch<Ferguson.
Milchinsky<Greenfield.
Neiman<West Side Cloak Co.
Rabinowitz<Lakin.

PART II.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business

TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART III.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Delafield<Harris—John H Rogan. Bell<Monday—William P Schoen. Excelsior Savs Bank<Winter Realties, Inc—Philip J Sinnott.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Bayard Products Co, Inc<Gross (2 cases)—Mortimer S Brown.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Joseph F Cullman<Miriam G Thorn—John P Leo, Jr. Newburgh Savs Bank<Arthur Weisbecker—John P Leo, Jr. Mary J. Kingsland<Lena Holzwasser (2 actions)—Bartholomew A Green.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Josephine Lachat<Cornelia B Golden—Henry Brady.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Finch, J.—No day calendar.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Finch, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.

PART II.—Finch, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers.)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Wiggins, J.—No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J.—McGuire<Lyons—Julius D. Tobias.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.

Tuley<Cotton.
Rickershauser<Schuger.
Remske<Remske.
Smith<N E RR.
Casey<same.
Roming<Roming.
Roney<Roney.
Re New Utrecht Av, (Lavern.)
Kraus<Kraus.
Nassau Beekman Inv Co<Moore.
People's Nat Bank<Pirkl.
Fischer<Fischer.
Canilla<Sloane.
Kramer<Friedman.
Longabardi<Glidden Mot & Sup Co.
O'Donnell<Wagner Leasing Co.
Riches<Williamson, (2)
Salinger<Dushkind.
Trinder<Dock Con Co.
Vizzi<Camprio.
Wedell<The Coastwise Lumber & Sup Co.
Holden<Maxwell Mot Sales Corp.
Fermeglich<Fermeglich.
Saffer<Aronowitz.
Williamson<Harman.
Town of No Hempstead<Leeds.
Davis<Davis.

PART II.—Cropsey, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Recess.

TRIAL TERM—Recess.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:

Sarah Heyneman,
Matilda Culer,
Thomas O'Connell.
William Bohn,
Gladys Smith,
Joseph Rosenblatt,
John Bauman,
George West.

Accountings of:

Isaac Henderson,
Jennie Dusenbury.

Guardianship of:

Vataco infants.

Estates of:

Desler infants,
Robert Farrell,
Weiss infants,
Jennie Schluchlue,
Francis Rogowitz,
Max Kaufman,
Solomon Goldberg.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Young, J.—At 10 A. M.

Downey<Village of Elmsford.
Yonkers Builder's Supply Co<Anderson.
Reynolds<Malcolm, (3)

Also for the hearing of motions.

PART II.—Morschauser, J.

Pulitzer<Belaschke.
Treuhaft<Magner.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York, December 12, 1918.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF BANKERS TRUST COMPANY:

Please take notice that a special meeting of the Stockholders of BANKERS TRUST COMPANY will be held on December 27, 1918, at the office of the Company, No. 16 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of BANKERS TRUST COMPANY from $11,250,000, consisting of 112,500 shares of the par value of $100 each to $15,000,000, to consist of 150,000 shares of the par value of $100 each.

By order of a majority of the Board of Directors.
SEWARD PROSSER, President.
B. W. JONES, Secretary.

THE
Citizens National Bank
OF NEW YORK

New York, December 13, 1918.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this bank, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the Banking House, No. 320 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon.

The polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK

New York, December 14, 1918.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held in the banking rooms, No. 233 Broadway, Tuesday, January 14th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon January 11th, 1919, until 10 o'clock A. M. January 15, 1919.

J. F. BOUKER, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1784
The Bank of New York
National Banking Association

New York, December 14th, 1918.

The Annual Meeting of the shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at its banking house, No. 48 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon.

JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF THE MEXICAN HARDWOODS COMPANY, INC.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Mexican Hardwoods Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company at No. 501 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, January 13, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

New York City, December 17, 1918.

ERNEST H. GREENE, Secretary.

To the Stockholders of the LINCOLN SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY:

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Lincoln Safe Deposit Company will be held at 60-72 East 42nd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, January 8th, 1919, at one o'clock P. M., to elect eleven Directors and two Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and to transact any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

WALTER C. REID,
Acting Secretary.

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co.

The Annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on Thursday, January 2d, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon for the election of Directors and the transaction of such business as may properly come before the meeting. The transfer of books of the company will be closed at 12 o'clock noon on December 21st, 1918, and remain closed until 10 A. M. January 3rd, 1919.

C. P. Donnelly, Jr., Secretary.

CENTRAL MERCANTILE BANK OF NEW YORK.

New York, December 24, 1918.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the banking rooms, No. 1 East 14th Street, on Tuesday, January 14, 1919, at 11 o'clock A. M. The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock noon.

FRANK L. FISHER, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, December 12, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 14, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

FARIS R. RUSSELL,
Vice President.

United States Trust Company of New York.

45 Wall Street, Dec. 20, 1918.

An election for trustees to supply the places of those whose terms of office expires, and for inspectors of the next election ensuing thereafter, will be held at the office of this Company on the second day of January next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

WILFRED J. WORCESTER, Sec'y.

BANK OF EUROPE.

New York, December 18, 1918.

The annual meeting of the stockholders for the election of Directors of the Bank of Europe will be held at its Banking Rooms, No. 1,429 First Avenue, New York City, on Tuesday, January 14, 1919, from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
VINCENT W. WOYTISEK, Cashier.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the McAllister Steamboat Co. for the purpose of electing Directors and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held on the 2nd day of January, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, at the office of the company, No. 17 State Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

WM. H. McALLISTER, Secretary.

New York, December 7, 1918.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of the MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its Banking House, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1919, from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the **Westchester Racing Association** will be held at 43 Exchange Place, New York, on Thursday, January 2, 1919, at 3 P. M.

H. I. PELZ, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Certificate of Membership No. 2886, issued by the New York Produce Exchange, November 5, 1908, to Jesse Fuller having been lost or mislaid, application has been made to the Board of Managers for a new certificate. All persons interested are hereby notified to show cause within the next six weeks why such new certificate should not be issued.

New York, Dec. 20, 1918.

L. B. HOWE, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

The Bank for Savings
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
280 Fourth Avenue, Dec. 11th, 1918.
199th Semi-Annual Dividend

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1918, at the rate of

Four Per Cent.

per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after January 20th, 1919.

THE DIVIDEND will be credited to Depositors as principal January 1st, 1919.

DEPOSITS made on or before January 10th, 1919, will draw interest from January 1st, 1919.

After January 1st, 1919, Liberty Loan Bonds belonging to Depositors will be received for safe-keeping without charge.

WALTER TRIMBLE, President.
LEWIS B. GAWTRY, Secretary.
JOHN HARPER, Comptroller.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1918.

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 20, 1919.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 5th, 1918.

—NOTICE—

Deposits to draw interest from Jan. 1st or April 1st or July 1st or Oct. 1st must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

Central Savings Bank
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
CORNER 4TH AVENUE AND 14TH STREET.
Interest at the rate of

FOUR (4) PER CENTUM

per annum will be credited depositors for the six months ending December 31st, 1918, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-laws, not exceeding three thousand ($3,000) dollars, and will be payable on and after January 21st, 1919.

Deposits made on or before January 10th, 1919, will draw interest from January 1st, 1919.

HUBERT CILLIS, President.
A. KOPPEL, Treasurer.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

Dividend Jan. 1st, 1919, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto, under the By-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1ST.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
WALTER R. BRINKERHOFF, Sec'y.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK
(Incorporated 1882.)
S. E. Cor. 6th Ave. & 16th St., New York.

FOUR PER CENT.

Interest per annum payable on and after January 20, 1919.

Deposits made on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1, 1919.

JAMES QUINLAN, President.
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treas.
FRANCIS M. BACON, Jr., B. OGDEN CHISOLM, } Secretaries.

United States Savings Bank
S. W. Cor. Madison Av. and 58th St.

A dividend has been declared for the three or six months ending Dec. 31, 1918, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all accounts of $5 and upwards entitled thereto, payable Jan. 20, 1919.

Deposits made on or before January 13th will draw interest from January 1st, 1919.

CHARLES N. TAINTOR, President.
JOHN HYSLOP, Treasurer.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION
115 CHAMBERS ST., N. Y.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1918, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all deposits from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the By-laws, payable on and after Jan. 20, 1919.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1919.

H. E. TENER, President.
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK
of the City of New York.
FOUNDED 1803

December 19, 1918.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 4% on the capital stock of this bank payable January 2, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 26th, 1918.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

23rst Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend

ANACONDA COPPER MINING CO.
42 Broadway, New York, December 24, 1918.

The Board of Directors of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company has declared a dividend of One Dollar and Fifty Cents ($1.50) per share upon its Capital Stock of the par value of $50 per share, payable on February 24, 1919, to the holders of such shares of record at the close of business at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, January 18, 1919.

The dividend is payable only upon the $50 shares into which the Capital Stock is now divided.

All stockholders who have not converted their holdings into shares of $50 par value should do so without delay in order that they may receive their dividend promptly.

A. H. MELIN, Secretary.

THE
Citizens National Bank
OF NEW YORK

New York, December 20, 1918.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent., (2½%) and an extra dividend of one per cent., (1%), payable on and after January 2nd, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 23rd, 1918.

ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.

THE GREENWICH BANK
of the City of New York.

December 17th, 1918.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a quarterly dividend of 4% and an extra dividend of 3% was declared, payable on and after January 2nd, 1919, to stockholders of record December 20, 1918.

FRANK HAMMOND,
Vice-Pres. and Cashier.

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third Street,
New York, December 24, 1918.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, a quarterly dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock of the bank was declared, payable, free of City and State tax, on and after December 31, 1918.

The Transfer Books will be closed until Thursday, January 2, 1919.

A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

HARRISBURG LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY.
Harrisburg, Pa.

The Board of Directors has declared a regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the Preferred stock of this Company, payable December 31, 1918, to stockholders of record December 18, 1918.

H. W. STONE, Treasurer.

SHATTUCK ARIZONA COPPER COMPANY
120 Broadwya, New York City.

A dividend of Fifty (50c) Cents per share has been declared, payable January 20th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31st, 1918.

NORMAN E. LaMOND,
Vice Pres. and Sec'y.

THE TEXAS COMPANY
Houston, Texas.

A dividend of $2.50 per share on the outstanding capital stock of this company has been declared payable Dec. 31st to stockholders of record Dec. 2, 1918.

GUY CARROLL, Assistant Treasurer.
Nov. 18, 1918.

Office of the United Gas Improvement Co.,
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets,
Philadelphia, December 11, 1918.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share,) payable January 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31, 1918. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established Over 100 Years Head Office: MONTREAL

Capital Paid up, $16,000,000. Rest, $16,000,000. Undivided Profits, $1,901,613

Total Assets - - - - $558,413,546

SIR VINCENT MEREDITH, Bart., President
SIR CHARLES GORDON, G. B. E., Vice-President

General Manager—SIR FREDERICK WILLIAMS-TAYLOR

ANNUAL STATEMENT AS OF 31ST OCTOBER, 1918

LIABILITIES

	1918	1917
Capital Stock (all paid up)	$16,000,000	$16,000,000
Rest	16,000,000	16,000,000
Balance of Profits carried forward	1,901,000	1,664,893
Unclaimed dividends	6,670	3,640
Quarterly dividend payable 1st Dec., 1918	400,000	400,000
Bonus of 1% payable 1st Dec., 1918	160,000	160,000
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	42,082,209	29,308,086
Deposits	474,043,161	321,303,911
Balances due to other Banks in Canada and foreign countries	3,086,741	14,135,583
Bills Payable	311,895	1,024,346
Acceptances under Letters of Credit (per contra)	3,674,865	3,335,499
Liabilities not included in the foregoing	746,392	644,275
	$558,413,546	$403,980,236

ASSETS

	1918	1917
Specie and Government Demand Notes	$94,024,097	$51,353,125
Deposit with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	1,038,167	790,000
Deposit in Central Gold Reserves	27,700,000	14,500,000
Notes of and Cheques on other Banks	24,191,536	18,605,766
Due by Bankers elsewhere than in Canada	14,703,461	16,629,089
Call and Short Loans elsewhere than in Canada	99,400,939	100,610,214
Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	10,331,620	74,600,202
Current Loans and Discounts and other Assets	176,493,418	119,184,709
Overdue Debts (loss provided for)	855,445	371,629
Bank Premises	6,000,000	4,000,000
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit (per contra)	3,674,865	3,335,499
	$558,413,546	$403,980,236

NEW YORK AGENCY, 64 Wall St., R. Y. HEBDEN, W. A. BOG, A. T. SMITH, Agents.

MEXICO, Mexico City.

LONDON, Eng., OFFICES, 47 Threadneedle St., E. C., 9 Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S. W. and Trafalgar Sq., S. W. (G. C. CASSELS, Manager)

Special facilities for the handling of Foreign Exchange and Commercial and Travellers Credits.

The Savings Payment Plan for Purchasing Safe Bonds
HALSEY, STUART & CO.

A New Savings Plan for the New Year

WHY wait until you have $100, $1,000 or $10,000 to make a bond purchase in these amounts, meanwhile receiving at best a very nominal interest on the funds which you have immediately available?

The Liberty Loan campaigns have popularized the partial payment plan of buying bonds not only with small investors but among larger buyers as well. A large proportion of Liberty bonds were paid for under the Government installment plan, or under the semi-monthly payment plan adopted by a majority of banks.

There is no reason why other bonds should not be purchased in the same manner. Our "Savings Payment Plan" permits the purchase of our bonds in partial payments extending, if desired, over one year, and *on all partial payments we allow interest at the coupon rate of the bond being purchased.*

This plan combines systematic saving with conservative investment and a 5% to 7% return on the funds employed both during and after the period of accumulation. Its details are set forth interestingly in the above illustrated booklet, "The Savings Payment Plan," which will be sent upon request for booklet NA-6. Write, call or telephone Hanover 4041.

HALSEY, STUART & CO.
INCORPORATED—SUCCESSORS TO
N. W. HALSEY & CO., CHICAGO
49 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
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SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society

NOW, with a New Year in sight, is the time to get the savings habit, or to improve it if you have it.

This Society, 31 years old, supervised by the State, conservatively managed and "automatically safe," is serving many thousands. Let it serve you.

Call, write or telephone if you need information. Savings by mail if desired.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY,
For Home Building and Savings,
38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

4½ PER CENT

To the Holders of:

PHILADELPHIA COMPANY

First Mortgage and Collateral Trust 5% Gold Bonds Due 1949

The undersigned, Trustee under the Mortgage securing the above bonds, has on deposit the uninvested balance of the $4,000,000 consideration received from the sale of property (Brunot Island Plant), formerly under the lien of the mortgage securing this issue.

At the request of the Philadelphia Company, the Trustee will continue to receive up to the close of business on December 31, 1918, tenders of the above bonds (either stamped or unstamped), at not exceeding par and interest, sufficient to exhaust such cash balance in hand. Tenders should be addressed Maryland Trust Company, Trustee, Baltimore, Md., "Philadelphia Company Bond Tender," and must be for all or any part of the bonds offered.

Advices as to bonds accepted will be mailed by the Trustee on or before January 4, 1919. Bonds so accepted, accompanied by Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificate covering accrued interest, must be delivered to the Trustee at its office in Baltimore, Md., not later than 3:00 P. M., January 10, 1919.

MARYLAND TRUST CO., Trustees,
Baltimore, Md.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

LOST—Temporary Certificate No. 16096 American Telephone & Telegraph Co. 7 yr. convertible 6% Bonds. Finder please communicate with

E. H. ROLLINS & SONS,
43 Exchange Place, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

Dated December 16, 1918.

CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Special Holiday Rates. Booklet. Phone 1165 White Plains.

NEW JERSEY.

Pudding Stone Inn
Favorable rates; open all year; folder. G. N. VINCENT, BOONTON, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Hotel Dennis
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Situated, planned and managed to give comfort and health.
WALTER J. BUZBY

The Breakers
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DIVIDENDS.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.

New York, Dec. 20th, 1918.

The Board of Directors has today declared a semi-annual dividend of fifteen (15) per cent., free of tax, payable January 2nd, 1919, to stockholders of record of this date.

The transfer books will remain closed until January 3rd, 1919.

W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss:

This Certificate issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that M. LOEWENSTEIN, INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 21st day of December, 1918, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

WITNESS my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-first day of December, One thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[Seal.]

C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF S. L. SILVER & CO., 6-8-10 East 22nd Street, New York City.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership existing between Stanley L. Silver and Stanley G. Silver, under the firm name of S. L. Silver & Co., has been dissolved and that the said business will be continued by S. L. Silver & Co., Inc., which said company has assumed the indebtedness of said firm.

STANLEY L. SILVER,
STANLEY G. SILVER.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

9 Cents per word each insertion.

COATS.—500 silvertone, velour, kersey, broadcloth, fur trimmed, self collars; must be closed immediately; very cheap. Emanuel, 43 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats of better grade. 134 West 26th St., sixth floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing Spring orders, also juniors'. 4th floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at snappy styles in ladies' and misses' coats. 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at Spring coats all week. Call all week, top floor, 12 West 21st St.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples of the better kind. 99 Madison Av., 15th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber placing orders on better garments. M. J. Rubin, 50 West 17th.

COATS, SUITS, AND CAPES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better line. 279 5th Av., 5th floor.

COATS, SUITS, CAPES Wanted.—Better grade, Spring line. 15 W. 26th, 3d floor.

COATS, Suits and Capes Wanted.—Jobber placing orders. 6th floor, 32 East 31st St.

COATS, Suits, Capes Wanted.—Better grade Spring line. 131 West 28th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Discarded Spring samples, Fall jobs. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Brown, Havana brown, navy. United States Textile Co., Gramercy 6227.

CREPE, COTTON Wanted.—Printed Pacific crepe, in large quantity, at a price. Call with samples, 11th floor, 118 West 22d St. Chelsea 3650.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—Flesh color; $1. Room 945, 225 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on all grades of georgette, taffeta, meteor, crepe de chine, jersey, tricolette and tricotine dresses for Spring; samples mornings from 9 to 12. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash jobs, any quantity serge, velveteens, velour, or jersey dresses; samples; mornings. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—One thousand silk, satin, serges; will pay cash. 16 East 33d St., 4th floor. Phone Murray Hill 2878.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at dresses of the better grade. Call 12th floor, 39-41 West 29th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber will look at serge and silk, Thursday and Friday. 30 East 20th St., Room 303.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on taffetas and Georgettes. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1304.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgettes, jersey, taffetas, serges; jobs; cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Spring discarded samples. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring line. 11 West 32d, 8th floor.

FURS Wanted.—All kinds. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

GINGHAM Wanted—Green and lavendar, staple check, Braeloch or similar. Madison Square 7296.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Madison Sq. 3822.

GROS-GRAINS Wanted.—24 inches wide, all colors. Third floor. 244 5th Av.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Ladies' plaited boots, also percales, wanted; 64 S.; cash. Marcus, 52 University Place.

LINGERIES AND SILK UNDERWEAR Wanted.—Stock to equip several ladies' wear shops; also job quantity for our wholesale department. Rosenzweig, 1,687 Broadway.

MEN'S PANTS Wanted.—Boys' suits, raincoats, fur-lined overcoats; must be cheap. Farragut 9386.

PALM BEACH CLOTH Wanted.—Genuine only, for cash. Madison Square 6635.

POIRET TWILL AND TRICOTINE Wanted.—Spot cash. Herzog Cloak & Suit Co., 1,238 Broadway. Tel. 5466 Mad. Square.

POPLINS AND SERGES wanted in dark shades; cash or terms; 8158, P. P. L., P. N. A., 09070, 54289, W. F. X. S 348 Times.

POPLINS Wanted.—Brightwood 4860 or similar; Copen. and Pekin. H. Leavy & Sons, 9 West 31st St.

POPLIN Wanted.—Americans, high shades. Chelsea 9955.

SECO SILK Wanted.—Nainsooks, batiste, cambrics; must be cheap. Mad. Sq. 3822.

SATIN, WASH, Wanted.—Open for quantity Engles 37. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES AND VELOURS Wanted.—S. B. G. L., M. F. L., V. S. L., 7614, 0360, 032, 7022 broadcloth; must be cheap; any quantities; state assortments. W 323 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, any quantities, 4060, 4061, C. F. S., W. F., C. S. G., N. C. S., 6120, 7120, X. X., 4058, N. T. A., T. O. T.; must be cheap. S 398 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, American 0936, and also poplins, gabardines, Poiret twills, and velours; light shades. Schlossman-Schiffer, 10 East 33d.

SERGES Wanted.—838 and 235 U. S., also Saxonia's and Garfield's poiret twill, navy and rookie. Chelsea 2840.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 1464 navy, black; cash. Call 11 A. M., Madison Square 3240; ask for Mr. Stein.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 54289, 838; also poplins; spot cash. Farragut 3253.

SERGES Wanted.—6234, 838, 9056, navy only. Gramercy 5174.

SERGES Wanted.—7614, 90, 6234, 09070, S. B. G. L. navy, black. Gramercy 6227.

SERGES Wanted.—50 pieces, W. F. X. navy, at price. Madison Square 377.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—3 pieces brown, Holden Leonard or any other make. 6890 Madison Square.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Spring shades, also Garfield's tricotine. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SKIRTS AND MIDDIES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. Room 21, 1,193 Broadway.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Every description. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS Wanted.—Discarded Spring samples. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

TRICOTINES, Gabardines, and Poiret Twills wanted, of all descriptions. Ben Kramer, 2 West 33d, 11th floor. Mad. Square 9656.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield and botany, navy only. Call with samples Thursday morning. Premier Costume. 12 West 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—4718 or similar, all shades. Scheer & Meyer. Madison Sq. 2967.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightest weight velours in all shades in exchange for brown and taupe broadcloth. Freedman Brothers Corp., 1,333 Broadway.

VELOURS, Heavyweight, Thibet, Plush, Broadcloth Wanted.—Plush, all kinds; must be cheap. Farragut 9387.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 0360, tan, grey, and Pekin. Farragut 5886.

VELOURS AND BOLIVIA Wanted.—Spring shades. Farragut 3885.

YARN Wanted.—Cotton Schifflie, red 40; quantity no object. La France, 120 5th Av.

Offerings to Buyers

9 Cents per word each insertion.

BAFFIN, beaver, Hudson, Kerami, plush, short coats, stoles, coatees, muffs to match, made and look like real fur. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

BROADCLOTH.—All shades; will sell individual pieces, serges, cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

CHIFFON VELVET.—Any shade; for immediate delivery. Madison Square 3313.

COATS.—Special closing out; 500 silk plush coats, 9-inch bottom, collar, and cuff, formerly $20, now $15.50; coats with shawl collar, $16.50; 500 silk plush coats, beaver trimmed bottom, collars, and cuffs, $11; also assorted cotton plush coats at very low prices. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th.

COATS.—Girls', 2 to 14 years, plushes, zibelines, cloths, on racks; quantities assorted styles, real values; Spring line ready for jobbers. Kommel, 27 West 20th. Telephone 9749 Chelsea.

COATS.—All wool pom pom, velour and broadcloth, fur and self-trimmed, newest models; immediate delivery; specialized January sales. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS.—Closing out, sacrifice, silvertones, velours, shawl and straight fur collars; must clear racks at once. I. Novick, 45 West 27th St.

COATS.—Spring line ready; Fall coats, close out cheap. Plotkin Bros., 110 West 25th.

COATS.—Velour, kersey, and silvertone, shawl fur collars, to close out cheap. Liebman & Hurwitz, 133 West 21st St.

COATS.—Salt's plush coats, fur-trimmed; full sweep, for January sales. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and juniors', for immediate delivery. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—Children's, juniors' and ladies' coats to close out at reasonable prices. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d St.

COATS.—Immediate delivery, shawl seal collars, close below cost; velour dresses, wonders. $11.75-$13.75. Michael Senft, 29 W. 35th.

COATS.—Plush, fur trimmed, plain, ladies', juniors; $6.50, $8.50, $9.50, $10, $12, $15, $20. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—Better grade, fur trimmed; closing out. Louis Baumann Co., 12 East 32d St.

COATS.—Broadcloth, American woolen, best velours, fur trimmed, plain; thousands for sale purposes. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

Offerings to Buyers

COATS.—1,000, sacrifice prices, newest, best styles and fabrics; also cloth, silks and braids. Slater, 11 West 32d.

COATS.—Bargains, plush, velour, $7.50 up. Rineberg, 41 West 25th St.

COATS.—Silvertones, best fur trimmed, cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATEES.—Best styles, $8.75 up. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey, and serge; large selection dancing, afternoon, and street dresses; price reasonable; immediate deliveries. Wiesen & Goldstein, 1,107 Broadway, corner 24th.

DRESSES.—Large assortment of latest styles in serge; also a few velvets to close out at a sacrifice; Spring line ready. Casino Dress Co., 368 6th Av. Gramercy 3494.

DRESSES, taffeta satin, $5 up; wonderful values and styles; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk Co., 44 East 23d St.

DRESSES.—Jobs serges, satins, taffetas, velvets, jerseys, poplins, $3.75 up. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—See our wool French serges, $6.50; silks, $5; jerseys, $9.75; jobs to close. Loeb, Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Special assortment of serges and silks for January sales on the racks for immediate shipment. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Spring line ready; also snappy serge dresses for immediate delivery. New York Dress Co., 35 West 35th St.

DRESSES, 10 newest models, all wool French serge, $5.50; men's wear serge, $6.75-$13.50; greatest values for immediate sales. Feller, 30 West 32d St.

DRESS PLANT OFFERED.—Party going out of business desires to sell entire dress plant, 26 machines and fixtures. 132 West 22d St., 4th floor.

DRESSES.—500 advanced Spring serge dresses for January sales to close out. M. Taub & Co., 38 West 26th.

DRESSES, serges and velours, for immediate delivery at very reasonable prices. Biltwell Dress and Costume Co., 142 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Better grade serges, jerseys, georgettes and evening dresses. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—150 satin and serge, at a sacrifice. Elite, 126 West 34th St.

DRESSES, Dresses, Dresses.—Spring line ready; buyers invited. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

DRESSES.—2,000 silk dresses, to close out, cheap. Wexler Bros., 16 West 22d.

DRESSES.—Spring line for jobbers. Fitwell Dress, 12 West 17th. Farragut 3029.

GABARDINES.—Garfield's 4666, Lorraine's tricotines, and Fisher Kennedy's tweeds; cheap. Chelsea 6549.

GABARDINES, F. & H. 8051, all shades. Greeley 3877.

GEORGETTE.—White and flesh; will sell at a price. Madison Square 4841.

GINGHAMS and PERCALES.—200 cases, biggest assortment; great sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

LACES, RIBBONS and TRIMMINGS.—Party going out of business desire to dispose of their stock. 132 West 22d St., 4th floor.

PIQUE.—2,000 yards, high grade quality, No. 2 wale. Gramercy 6866. Diamond Neckwear, 64 West 23d.

PLUSH.—50 pieces Hinds & Harrison silk plush to be sold at $3.35 net cash; Dobson's 54-inch cotton plush at $1.35, and Dobson's beaver, 50-inch, $2.10; to close on account of stock taking. Stuyvesant 3046.

PLUSHES, Velours, Kerseys.—¾ goods of all kinds; mercerized plushes; very cheap. Greeley 1121.

POIRET TWILL.—F. & H. 8050, navy, delphine, and taupe. Greeley 3877.

POPLINS, VELOURS, AND BROADCLOTHS—06077, 6609½, 767, 774, P. P. L., 11050, 032, 0360, 12075, 110; also Angora zibelines. Gramercy 2991.

POPLINS.—Arthur Joal's 6500, black and navy; also velours, all colors. Madison Square 5825.

POPLINS.—American 6609½, Scotia 0302, Dobson's 503, Brightwood 4916. Gramercy 4405.

POPLINS.—P. P. L. 4860, 4927, 777, 4916, 1080; broadcloths and velours. Mad. Sq. 651.

POPLINS.—Spring shades, American; also velours. Greeley 1544.

POPLIN.—American, 90610, navy. United Cloak Co., 27 West 20th. Chelsea 7897.

POPLINS.—09070, 0609, 8158, 06077. Spring 606.

RADIUMS.—Fancies for linings; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 9380.

SECO SILK.—First quality; 250 pieces, 25c. net; printed tissue, 14 cases, wonderful assortment, 16½c.; Cambrics, organdies, voiles, biggest assortment, very cheap. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—54289, 7120, U. S. immediate delivery; well-known brand, 235, 104, 1464, 7008, W. F. X., M. F. L., 99, 528, Whitman's 774 black and navy, American 90610, 06077. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES AND PANAMAS.—$578, 9058, 99, 104, 858, 3850, 4061, 54289, F. S. G., C. S., C. F. S., C. S. G., K. S., T. P. S., 1717, H. W. P., B. P. N. L., 228, 230, also shepherd checks. Gramercy 2991.

SERGES.—7120, $1.55; 6120, $1.25; 54289, $1.47½; 1464, $1.77½; 104, $1.82½; 11433, $1.80; 0609, $1.67½. United States Textile, Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—1464, 7302, 4632, 106, 3700, 9288, 7120, 809, 11433, WFX 500, poplins 6009, 503, 6609½; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—MFL, CSG, PPL, 4061, FSW; lowest market prices. Simon Agress, 1,123 Broadway. Faragut 2932.

SERGE.—All wool, 36-inch No. 4002 and 87 Whitman at 90c. A. Goldberg & Bros., 134 West 26th St.

SERGES.—519, 7120, W. F. X. 4632, Cleveland's 3703, Newport's, M. F. L. 845. Mad. Square 651.

SERGES.—All shades, 1464, 7122, 9288, 7713, 54249, 0609, 4632, 3, W. F. T. Gramercy 4404.

SERGES, green, 104, at a low price, or will exchange. Chelsea 6618.

SERGES.—54289; 50 pieces, original tickets and wrappers; $1.50 net cash. Chelsea 9745.

SERGE.—Botany 780, navy, $1.62½; net cash. M. Edwards, Chelsea 2832.

SERGE.—54289, fifty pieces, navy, original tickets, wrappers, $1.50 net. S 288 Times.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery. Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, faile, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Will close out at a price about 35 pieces of Pelgram and Meyer's fancy silks. Call Mr. Sapehu, Vanderbilt 3732.

SILKS.—Will close out at a price about 35 pieces of Pelgran & Myer's fancy silks. Call Mr. Sopehir, Vanderbilt 3732.

SILVERTONES.—Spring shades; also tricotines and gabardines. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna, high lustre poplins, $2; also fancy novelty silk skirts, $2.25 up, excellent values, newest Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk Co., 44 East 23d St.

SUITS.—Suits for jobbing trade; better grade. 109 W. 26th St., N. Hurwitz & Son.

SUITS AND COATS.—Close out, better grade. J. Bernstein, 63 West 36th St.

TAFFETAS.—Manufacturer has for sale a good assortment of changeable taffeta at a price. Farragut 3792.

TAFFETAS.—All shades; for immediate delivery. Madison Square 3313.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield's 4718; also 5010, navy and colors. Poiret twills. Madison Square 5825.

TRICOTINES, Poiret Twill, Serges, U. S. 235, 838, 1464—9, 11432. Andon Mills, 239 4th Av.

TRICOLETTES, in all colors, below market prices. Madison Square 8625.

VELOURS, Serges, Poplins, Oxfords, &c., to cutting up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

VELOURS.—Forstman's new taupe, 5 pieces, Parker Wilder, brown, heavy, 2 pieces 0359, all colors, 11433-0936 navy. Greeley 6042.

VELOURS.—032 taupe, burgundy, 0360 burgundy, heavyweight, all colors; also Peerless T-10 plush. Farragut 9535.

WAISTS.—Will close entire stock out cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

Allied Industries.

APPAREL Wanted.—Ladies', all kinds, highest grades; unlimited quantities. National, Canal 4222.

SNAP FASTENERS.—1,000 great gross for best made; all sizes; below market price. Mitchell, 243 West 39th St. Bryant 4375.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN to cover department stores of New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and Boston with a line of boudoir caps and mufflings; only high-class men will be considered, thoroughly acquainted with the trade; commission basis; also have opening for North and South, West. Freydberg, 160 5th Av.

SALESMAN for Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan, or nearby territory; well-known cloak and suit jobber will consider one with high-class reputation. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St.

SALESMAN, experienced in the notion line, for outside trade; good opportunity for the right man; salary or commission. Jos. H. Burder, 54 Orchard St.

SALESMEN.—Must have big following, to handle strong established line children's underwear as side line; all territories; commission. B 289 Times.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted, with samples, on fancy capes; only those capable of producing snappy styles. B 294 Times.

DRESSES.—Contractors on high-class cotton dresses; large dress house ready to place orders; bring own samples. L H 803 Times Downtown.

DRESSES, Contractors wanted.—Jobber looking snappy Spring styles. Call with samples, 121 West 19th, 9th floor.

DRESSES.—Contractor with Spring samples silk and serge. 126 West 34th, 3d floor.

JOBBER placing orders better grade Spring dresses. Call, with samples, 38 West 33d St., Room 601.

URGE MEMORIAL TREES.

Forestry Association Enlarges Scope of the Planting Program.

A call was issued yesterday by the American Forestry Association to every community in the United States where a tree was planted at Christmas at the request of the association, to make that tree a centre around which many more trees, of any kind that will flourish, shall be planted as a memorial to the soldiers and sailors who lost their lives in the war. The association suggests, also, that the places where these memorial trees are planted be made community meeting places in the future on occasions of memorial or patriotic celebrations.

The association's scheme to plant memorial trees throughout the nation is one of the most comprehensive plans of forestration ever undertaken. The plan has the indorsement of ex-President Taft, Governor Capper of Kansas; C. R. Pettis, Superintendent of Forests for the State of New York; T. Gilbert Pearson, of the National Association of Audubon Societies, and many others.

One of the plans of the association now being carried out is the planting of memorial trees along the transcontinental automobile highway. The Lincoln Highway Association already has begun its tree planting in parts of the country where the weather has permitted. In Louisiana memorial trees are being planted every forty feet along the Jefferson Highway, whose northern terminal is Winnipeg. The planting slogan in Louisiana is: "From palm to pine." In many parts of the country churches have notified the association that they will plant trees as memorials to members of their congregations who fell in the war.

Most of the literature issued by the American Forestry Association contains a little poem, entitled "The Tree," by Sergeant Joyce Kilmer, who enlisted, shortly after the United States entered the war, from the editorial staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES and was killed in France. The poem follows:

I think that I shall never see
A poem lovely as a tree.
A tree whose hungry mouth is prest
Against the world's sweet flowing breast.
A tree that looks at God all day
And lifts her leafy arms to pray:
A tree that may in Summer wear
A nest of robins in her hair;
Upon whose bosom snow has lain;
Who intimately lives with rain.
Poems are made by fools like me,
But only God can make a tree.

It is estimated that, if relatives of fallen soldiers and sailors will give the movement support, more can be accomplished in reforesting the United States in five years than the State Forestry Commissions could do in ten.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—A. Marks Sons; A. Nelson, Charles Marks, coats, suits, waists; Flanders.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; C. Stewart, trunks, bags; 220 5th Av.; Wallick.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; L. K. Gutman, dress goods, silks, velvets; 200-5th Av.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—L. Pizitz D. G. Co.; L. Pizitz, jobs coats, suits, dresses; Room 601, 8 W. 29th.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Golding, waists, (basement;) 116 W. 32d.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Sinclair, Rooney & Co.; E. A. Rooney, millinery; 621 Broadway.

DALLAS, Texas—Lorch Mfg. Co.; A. Lorch, dresses, Spring suits; 1,150 B'way, R. 1015.

DAYTON, Ohio—Louis Troxler Co.; G. A. Wolf, jobs children's coats, dresses, ladies' sweaters, middys; 116 W. 32d.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; F. S. Hesser, furs, embroideries; 230 5th Av.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—M. Nathan & Bro.; Miss Melanophy, jobs velvet hats; Mr. Jacobs, jobs coats, suits; 37 W. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—Corrsin's Fashion Shop; H. C. Corrsin, jobs dresses, coats, skirts, waists; 1,170 Broadway, Room 610.

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Weiss, Georgette waists; 15 E. 26th.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; L. W. Lemon, waists; 470 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—King's Palace; Miss M. Kinder, women's, misses', infants' wear; H. King, dry goods; Cumberland.

Leading Import Firm in INDIA

invites correspondence and samples with c. i. f. BOMBAY quotations from American Manufacturers.

We are specially interested in Stationery, Papers, Typewriters, Dyes, Cotton Yarn, Bleached Sewings,) Piecegoods, Gold and Silver Threads on Cotton and Silk, Cutlery, Crockery, Biscuits, Chocolates, Cocoa, Sweetmeats, Cheese, Clocks and Watches, Toys, Lamps and Lanterns, Washing and Toilet Soaps, Toilet Requisites and Kerosene Oils.

All patents will be ably handled.

We give equal consideration to all consignments both great and small, and sellers may be confident of receiving prompt and very generous treatment.

S. H. JOSHI & CO.
SURAT, INDIA.

BUYER FOR WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

The largest Dry Goods Store in a city of 175,000 requires the service of an experienced buyer of high-grade shoes. Assistant manager in large Metropolitan store will be considered. Unusual opportunity for young man who thoroughly understands the shoe business. Apply by letter, stating fullest details. Information will be kept strictly confidential. Box X 395 Times Annex.

NITROGEN TUNGSTEN
30%
SAVING
ON YOUR ELECTRIC LAMPS

Compare These Prices

MAZDA STYLE TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
10, 15, 25 40, 50	.35	.24½
60	.40	.28
100	.85	.60

MAZDA STYLE NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
75	.70	.49
100	1.10	.77
150	1.65	1.15½
200	2.20	1.54

We guarantee all our lamps.
Electrical-Engineering Corp.
716 8th Ave. (45th), N. Y. Bryant 6873.

The House Exceptional

maintains such a high degree of efficiency that it is quoted as headquarters for Cotton Fabrics of Merit.

Denzer & Nathan
611-21 Broadway, New York

HEADQUARTERS
FOR
Victory Flags—Over Seas Caps
Chevrons, Spiral Puttees
IMMEIATE DELIVERIES
Military Head Gear Co.,
55 WEST 3D ST.
Phone Spring 9572.

HOLSTEN, YOUNG
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LEATHER NOVELTY COATS
CHILDREN'S RAIN CAPES
RAIN AND AUTO COATS
34-36-38 WEST 27TH STREET

HBOLA FABRICS
Henry Glass & Co.
44-46-48 White St.

Puritan Underwear Manufacturing Co.,
352 Fourth Avenue, New York.

SERGE SUITS ALL WOOL
No. 3226 Very Special $14.75
D. M. JONAS, 3 EAST 28TH ST.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg
Serge, Satin and Novelty Dresses,
$8.75 to $18.75.
129-133 WEST 27TH ST.

5,000 DRESSES ON HAND
Popular Prices.
M. WEISMAN & SONS.
118 W. 22d St., N. Y. City.

WOMAN BUYER FOR READY TO WEAR.

Wanted by a large, high class Dry Goods Store in one of the largest cities in the South. Unusual opportunity for a woman of the right appearance, personality and taste. Style knowledge and executive ability are the chief requisites. Expert assistance will be rendered her in merchandising. Apply by letter, giving fullest details. Information strictly confidential. Box X 396 Times Annex.

BELL BATTERY TROUBLES ENDED

Electrically controlled device does the work; (no batteries;) easy to install.

For Apartment, Residence and Elevator Bells. Rings one to twenty bells. Sent prepaid on receipt of $3.50. W. & S. Co., Box 21, Metuchen, N. J.

Auctions.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION
BANKRUPTCY STOCK
DAVID HARTMAN and
PHILIP SMITH, Auctioneers,
Sell Friday, December 27th,
at 10:30 A. M.
At 119 & 121 West 23rd Street,
7th Floor, Near 6th Avenue.
Entire Stock, Fixtures and Machinery
of the
SCHACK MANUFACTURING CO., INC.,
Manufacturers of Ladies' Neckwear, Pleatings, Ruchings, and Novelties.

Stock consists of large line of Boudoir Caps, Neckwear, Pleatings, Collars, Bibs, and Flags in desirable assortments.

UNMANUFACTURED MATERIAL,

Such as: Nets, Voiles, Organdies, Lawns, Sewing Cotton, Lace and Embroidery Trimmings and Notions.

Large amount of Paper, Twine, Corrugated Boxes, Flag Spears, and Sticks.

LARGE MACHINE PLANT,

Consisting of Singer Hemstitchers, Zig-Zag., A. C. S. Cap Makers, Lock Stitch Pleater, Nine Needle Tuckers, Embroidery Machines, Druckoff Scallop, Metropolitan Rubber Shirers, and Sheltuck Machines.

GAS MACHINES: Side Pleaters, Van Dyke and others, Van Dyke Chain Flutters, Crimpers, Pickups, Flutters and Callenden Box Pleaters, etc., Bullard, U. S. & Gem Cloth Cutters, 3 Diehl 2½ to 5 h. p. motors, and Baling Machines, Electric Fans, Work Boxes and Baskets, 125 Singer Sewing Machine Tables.

OFFICE AND FACTORY FIXTURES

Cutting Tables, Chairs, Hand Truck, Platform Scale, Safe, Desks, Typewriters, Burroughs Adding Machine, Piano Office Partitions, etc.

Auctioneers' Note: The above offer consists of a large line of desirable merchandise and machinery all in first class condition, well worthy of your attention.

Inspection TODAY, December 26th, from 1 to 5 P. M.

For further particulars apply to the auctioneers' offices.
David Hartman, 15 Mercer St.
Telephone Canal 3754.
Philip Smith, Woolworth Bldg.
Telephone Barclay 7120.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures.
Van Praag & Co., 537 Broadway. Spring 2248.

Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries
546 5th Av. Auctioneers and Appraisers

An Opportune Reminder

The New Year's 'round the corner! Start it on a CASH BASIS. Convert your inert ledger accounts into bustling opportunity-opening capital!

Investigate my reasonable terms and non-binding contract. They can't be beat! Tel. Chelsea 327.

UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.
Jacob Rosenthal
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Advances on Merchandise.
WORMSER & CO.
Commercial Bankers
95 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Phone Stuyv. 3360.

POLANSKY Tel. 490 Cortlandt. MONEY BROKER.

Advances on Accounts Receivable
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COLEMAN & CO. 1133 BROADWAY Tel Farragut 9763.

ACCOUNTS FINANCED.
As low as 1% charged.
Best Finance Co., 1133 Broadway, N. Y.

MORTGAGE LOANS. MORTGAGE LOANS.

New York Title & Mortgage Co.
is considering
Loans of Moderate Size
on well located improved
New York City Real Estate

New York Title and Mortgage Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER $3,000,000
135 Broadway, New York 'Phone 6880 Cortlandt
203 Montague St., Brooklyn 'Phone 7100 Main

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

S. Goldsticker, Auct'r,
WILL SELL AT AUCTION
The Six Story Brick Loft Bldg.
WITH LAND 50x122,
Nos. 229 & 230 West St.
BETWEEN NORTH MOORE AND BEACH STS.,
Thursday, Dec. 26th, at 12 Noon
at the R. E. Salesroom, 14 & 16 Vesey St.

For Particulars, apply to Messrs. Beekman, Menken & Griscom, Attorneys, 52 William St., or the Auctioneer, S. Goldsticker, 156 Broadway.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$45 MONTH Carries one of our California type Comfort Homes. GARAGE, sleeping porch, etc. Beautiful street; only two minutes from Kings Highway station of the Broadway-Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. Open daily, or particulars upon request. JOHN F. CHURLO CORPN., Kings Highway & West 11th St., Brooklyn.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

Send for list of handsome 7-room brick houses, ready to occupy, on Brooklyn Subway, 30 minutes from Times Square; easy terms. Few for rent.
Silsby, 217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens
15 Minutes from Penna. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND
NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

ALONG THE SOUND
Westchester County and Connecticut.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St Murray Hill—6441.

GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE

Finest residential section of Westchester; 15 acres, with an artistic brick and stucco residence and garage. Easy commuting distance. $5,000 cash; balance can be arranged. Griffen, Murry Hill 6442.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, January 7, 1919, for Contract AJ, for printing.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of five dollars ($5) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

JOHN F. GALVIN, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
R. J. O'REILLY,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
BENJ. F. EINBIGLER, Secretary.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW York County.—Lorenzo R. Cook and Stephen O. Lockwood as Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Thomas W. Jeralds, deceased, Plaintiffs, against Pauline Berkowitz, otherwise called Pippie Berkowitz, wife of Abraham Berkowitz; Abraham Berkowitz, Anna Mittleman, Joseph Welkenfeld, United Dressed Beef Company of New York, Defendants.—To the above named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 23rd, 1918.
LOCKWOOD & LOCKWOOD,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Office and Post Office Address, Equitable Building, 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the Defendants, Abraham Berkowitz, Anna Mittleman, and Joseph Welkenfeld:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Edward J. Gavegan, a Justice of the Supreme Court, of the State of New York, dated the 29th day of November, 1918, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, said original summons and complaint having been filed in said Clerk's office on May 24th, 1918.

LOCKWOOD & LOCKWOOD,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Office and Post Office Address, 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan and City of New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the Matter of PNEUMATIC PLACINGS COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Sirs:

Please to take notice that B. W. B. BROWN, as Trustee of the above-named bankrupt, will sell through CHARLES SHONGOOD, Official Bankruptcy Auctioneer, the following described property:

On the 26th day of December, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., two cement mixers located at No. 40 Fiske Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, and immediately thereafter at the plant of the Paterson-Allen Engineering Company, Jersey City, New Jersey, junk consisting of hose, rubber, pipe, fittings, castings, pulley shafts, and other miscellaneous articles, and immediately thereafter the following property located at the yard of the Ransome Concrete Machine Co., Dunellen, New Jersey, one experimental machine, 1-10 horse power Fairbanks Morse; 1-10 horse power steam engine (T. Shannon) (new;) 1-10 horse power gas engine.

On the 27th day of December, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 2 Rector Street, at the offices of the Pneumatic Placings Company, office furniture, desks, typewriter, &c., and also the right, title, and interest of the Trustee to any patents granted to the bankrupt and applications for patents assigned to the bankrupt, a list of which applications and patents may be had at the office of either of the undersigned attorneys. Property may be inspected at any time, at the above-mentioned addresses.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
CHARLES L. KINGSLEY, Esq., 55 Liberty Street, New York City; ZALKIN & COHEN, 51 Chambers Street, New York City, Attorneys for Trustee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DOANE EVETTE, INC., Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Dec. 26, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 25 West 57th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Millinery, Trimmings, Fixtures, etc.

HENRY J. GOLDSMITH, Receiver.
LESSER BROS., Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SELECTA TRADING CORP., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Dec. 26, 1918, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 438 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of silk, cotton, and flannel blankets, and a large stock of office furniture.

PETER B. OLNEY, Jr., Receiver.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$8,500
Easy Terms
Beautiful Home
10 Rooms,
3 Tiled Baths.
Plot 100x187 ft.

Ready for Occupancy NOW
Easy Commutation to N. Y. City.

Permanent home, everything modern; electric light, steam heat, paneled walls, parquet floors; select neighborhood; water sports, golf, country club, schools, &c. Send for photo. Fine living room, with huge open fireplace; separate sleeping porch. Buy this with a little cash down and the money you now pay as rent; investigate. CURTIS SMITH, 442 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. C., Tel. 9887 Prospect.

Mt. Lakes Bargain Sale

Will sell my pretty home, 7 rooms and bath, on large plot, in best section of Mt. Lakes, near station, overlooking Wildwood Lake, on easy terms, at sacrifice price of $6,500. Your present rent money will buy it. Best bargain ever offered there. OWNER, P. O. Box 529, City Hall Station, New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE REGAL APARTMENTS,

55th St. & 7th Ave. New fireproof apartment house; elaborately furnished suites of 1 room and bath, $75 to $80; 2 rooms, bath, $100 to $150. Every modern improvement, including maid and valet service. Reduction on unfurnished apartments. Ownership management.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

New 2 Room
APARTMENTS
Unusually Spacious and Well Appointed.
Rental $1,300 to $1,500
309 West 88th St.
Near West End Ave.
MARK RAFALSKY & CO.,
21 East 40th Street
'Phone Vanderbilt—2027.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Private house for sale, five stories, 15 rooms, 4 baths; excellent condition; refined location; valuable leasehold. Owner, 62 West 51st.

Fine site for picture house or garage, near Washington Square South; easy terms. BLEECKER, R 683 Times Downtown.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES.
GEORGE HOWE,
527 5th Av., New York.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Port Washington Estates, on Manhasset Bay; all improvements; fine trees; plots 100x150; price $2,000 up. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

Kew Gardens House, 12 rooms, 3 baths, 2 open fireplaces; every convenience; on beautiful corner plot. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

CENTRAL BUSINESS PROPERTY
FOR SALE OR RENT,
NEWARK, N. J.

Nos. 11 to 22 Brandford Place. Lot has a frontage of 175 feet extending through to Nutria Street in rear, and contains a one-story building covering the entire lot. The property is close to Broad and Market Streets and could be used for any business purpose. Will consider a proposition to sell upon easy terms, or will rent the whole or portions of the property and divide into stores or show rooms to meet tenants' requirements. Possession about May 1, 1919.

For full particulars apply to Real Estate Lean Department, The Prudential Insurance Company of America, Newark, N. J.

A change in business compels me to sell my home, a quaint place of unusual charm and individuality, the result of two years of thought and care; plot 100x185 feet; plenty of trees and flowers, fine lawn and garden; house only 2 years old; perfect condition; beautifully decorated; there are nine large rooms and two tiled baths, sleeping porch, huge open fireplace; all conveniences; in Jersey's most beautiful residential section; 900 feet elevation; convenient to express station, easy commuting to New York City; $2,500, on easy terms, buys it; $5,000 first mortgage can remain. Full particulars address Trustee, 220 Times Downtown.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Gentleman's estate, Orange County; commuting distance; Tuxedo section 125 acres, modern stone house, garage, &c. Mrs. McAleer, 160 West 119th.

Real Estate Wanted.

It will pay you to list your nearby property with me. Have cash clients. Jos. Stein, Tribune Building.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

80's, on Riverside Drive; elegantly furnished home, 12 rooms, 4 baths; magnificent view; $500. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

Westchester County.

Foreclosure Sale—Mortgage $3,000.

New, attractive 7-room house, Nepperhan Heights; building cost $4,400; lots $1,000. Inquire M. A. Broderick, Yonkers. Act quick.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Stores.—Two, separate or together; splendid big show room, 90 feet deep; good for bank, pianos, &c.; new 30-story building, near Broadway; two subway express stations near door. 110 West 40th St. Room 1203.

Furnished private office, $25.50 monthly; desk room, $11.50; telephone attendant; no lease required. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

107th, 339 East.—Small five-story loft building 25x75 for rent; suitable for storage purposes. Winer, 204 East 107th. Telephone Harlem 885.

STORE, 27 WEST 56TH ST.,
adjoining 5th Av.; reduced rent.
AMES, 26 WEST 31ST. Brokers protected.

FINE LIGHT LOFTS.
6 West 29th; elevators; no mfg.; $1,400.
AMES & CO., 26 W. 31ST. OR PREMISES.

Office, sublet, U. S. Rubber Bldg.; only vacancy in building. Apply Auto Warehouse, 1,778 Broadway, one flight up.

Furnished offices and desk room; service, mailing privileges. Suite 308, 51 East 42d.

OFFICES, $15 to $100 monthly; 30-story building. Room 1203, 110 West 40th.

To sublet, light office, 103 Park Av., Room 1109. Murray Hill 7528.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Two lofts, approximately 10,000 square feet, or building, for manufacturing purposes; light, airy, and good heating facilities; Bronx preferred. X 393 Times Annex.

Loft or office, below Canal St., about 600 square feet, for storage and packing hardware. N. Solow, 976 Anderson Av. Telephone Melrose 9334.

Wanted for business purposes, parlor floor and basement, 42d to 59th, $3,000. Miller, 162 West 50th St. Circle 3067.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

POSTPONED SALE.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—I will sell at public auction on Friday, December 27, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, the Steamboat "Chrystenah," her engines, &c., said steamboat to be sold at the foot of 157th Street and North River, New York City, N. Y., where she can now be seen and inspected.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
Dated New York, December 20, 1918.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

ALL DESIRABLE FURNISHED APARTMENTS, PARK AV. SECTION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East, West Side; Long, Short Leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath, $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 East 32d St. HOTEL SENTON, 35 East 27th St.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, 3 master's, one, two maids' rooms; exquisitely furnished; terms. Columbus 3974.

Furnished—West Side.

39TH ST, 110 WEST.—3 and 4 rooms furnished apartments; up-to-date; comfort; to respectable parties.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

50S, 5TH.—Perfectly appointed two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 5th.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, two rooms and bath; fine hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

58TH, 182 WEST.—12 rooms, 5 baths, charmingly furnished, sublease season; immediate possession; call any time at Gomez apartment or telephone Columbus 3974.

67TH, 2 WEST.—For rent until Oct. 1, luxuriantly furnished apartment, $425 monthly; two master's bedrooms, maid's room if desired; linens, beautiful dishes, glassware, silver, grand piano, &c. Mrs. Brecken, Telephone 1167 Columbus, or 3774 Columbus.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Apartment 607; duplex studio, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; manager Hotel des Artistes.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the new west end.)—Two rooms, $60 to $75. Columbus 4468.

70S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths, grand piano, $200 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D, 116 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished rooms with bath. Apartment 15F, inquire Superintendent.

76TH, 56 WEST.—Parlor floor in private house; housekeeping. Telephone Schuyler 10175.

77TH, 50 WEST.—Four-room, bath and kitchenette apartment furnished; to sublet for nine months beginning Jan. 1, at Manhattan Square Hotel. Apply apartment 96.

77TH, 266 WEST.—One, two rooms, neatly furnished, private bath, electricity, telephone.

77TH, 170 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, running water, electricity; new; business couple; references.

80S, WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, five rooms, bath, all light, $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80'S, (West End.)—6 rooms, 2 baths, charmingly furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

100'S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath, piano, $125 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

119TH, 435 WEST, (opposite Columbia Campus.)—Two-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; southern exposure; immediate possession; newly decorated. Wallace.

166 WEST 72D ST.
APARTMENT TWO EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS, kitchenette and bath, $135 month; handsomely furnished; 3 rooms, large kitchen, bath, $180; all appointments are of highest standard; ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Tel. Col. 7640.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice apartments, 4 to 12 rooms; East, West; $150 up. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d: Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman; Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av.
Fully furnished Apartments rented monthly.
1 Room with kitchenette & bath from $35 up.
2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up.
3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $65 up.
Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS. 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 340.—Spacious, south room; bath, kitchenette; enchanting view. Academy 3113.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420.—Handsome 5 rooms, $135 month, to June. Seigfried.

WEST END AV., 645.—6 rooms, two baths; beautiful view; every room overlooking Hudson River; furnished complete in all appointments; excellent cook open for engagement; price $275 per month until June 1. Tel. Riverside 7225.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, charmingly furnished; terms. Phone Columbus 3974.

Unfurnished—East Side.

34TH ST., 113 EAST, entire floor,
3 rooms and bath; rent $75.
Folsom Bros., Inc., 127 East 34th.

81ST, 2 EAST.—Unfurnished apartment to let; three rooms, bath, kitchenette. Call between 10 and 1. Boiardi.

APARTMENT STUDIO.
44 East 34th, 2 large rooms, bath, $50.
AMES & CO., 26 W. 31ST, OR PREMISES.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH, 3 WEST.—High-class apts. of 1-2-3 rooms with bath and kitchenette; also an unusual bungalow apt. constructed on roof with sleeping porch and roof garden; now ready for occupancy; renting office on premises.

50TH ST., 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building. Apply premises.

50TH, 162 WEST.—2 rooms, kitchenette and bath, reasonable. Miller, Circle 3067.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, COR. 7TH AV.
New 14-Story Rodin Studio Apartment Bldg.
Two room Duplex Apartment..........$2,000
Six-room Housekeeping Apartment.... 3,000
Eight-room Duplex Apartment......... 4,300
Apply to Resident Manager. Tel. Circle 3500.

74TH, 138 WEST.—Fine parlor floor suite; physician; also four-room apartment.

APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
128 W. 34th; two rooms, bath, skylight, $60.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST., or JANITOR.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

FIVE rooms, bath, steam, hot water, $37.50. Manning, 230 President St., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Young business women desires two furnished rooms or share small, exclusive apt. with elderly lady; west side, 59th to 86th Sts.; strictest investigation. A. N., 261 Times Downtown.

Family of four, closing home for Winter, desire living room, two bedrooms, kitchen or kitchenette, and bath until April 1st or thereabout. Room, 801, 66 Broadway.

Apartment, furnished, wanted, four-five rooms, from 135th St., West, up; only people in family grandmother and child; write full particulars. S 333 Times.

Wanted, a high-class 6-room furnished apartment on the west side between 72d and 100th Sts., preferably on Riverside Drive. X 379 Times Annex.

Immediately, kitchenette apartment, until April 1st, by young couple; west side, between 57th and 96th Sts. K., 316 West 103d St. 2000 River.

Bachelor apartment wanted, one or two rooms and bath, furnished or unfurnished, modern; Manhattan, west side; references. A H 206 Times.

A couple wants to rent a furnished apartment, studio and two bedrooms, kitchen and bath, between 3d and 112th St. W 174 Times.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

RESPONSIBLE CLIENTS WANTING furnished apartments, 3-9 months rentals. Clark Realty, 347 Mad. Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Three-room furnished apartment; not more than $70. Phone McQuaid, Academy 790.

COUPLE WANTS 4 OR 5 ROOMS; $150. MILLER, 162 West 50. Circle 3067.

Two bedrooms and kitchenette, $50 to $60 month; east side. W 208 Times.

Unfurnished.

Apartment of two rooms, kitchen and bath, unfurnished, for immediate occupancy; vicinity of Washington Square or below 30th St. X. Y., 375 Times.

Five, six room apartment, between 50th and 70th. Phone McQuaid, Academy 790.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

60TH, 134 EAST.—Nicely furnished large front room; steam.

The Management of THE NEWEST ALLERTON, EXCLUSIVELY FOR BACHELORS, 143 East 39th St., are now receiving applications for residence in their NEW 16-STORY RESIDENCE FOR MEN. Completely furnished. The congenial spirit and atmosphere of a well-appointed club for men of refinement. Shower baths, reading rooms, library, billiard room, handball courts, &c. Rates $6.50 to $15 per week. References.

West Side.

68TH, 31 WEST.—Pleasant, comfortable rooms; convenient location; private family.

70TH, (2,025 BROADWAY.)—FRONT ROOMS. APARTMENT 1B.

75TH, 149 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; well-heated, large rooms; electricity; $10-$12.

75TH, 259 WEST.—Furnished suite, private bath; also rooms for gentlemen.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Very desirable rooms, $6 to $9; telephone; reception room.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Parlor suite; private bath; electricity; medium room; block subway, elevated.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Elegant sunny front parlor; lavatory; electricity; reference.

88TH, 335 WEST.—Beautiful large room; parquet floor; electricity; gentlemen only; reference.

88TH, 344 WEST.—Large, small rooms; all conveniences; references.

96TH, 27 WEST.—Handsome, large and connecting dressing room, private family; gentlemen.

104TH, 247 WEST.—Clean, homelike room; electricity; gentleman desiring best. Beidler.

120TH, 423 WEST.—Large room, $10; small room, $5. Apartment 93.

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 50.—Newly decorated, sunny; next bath; elevator apartment; $6. Davenport.

HOTEL BRADDOCK,
126TH ST. AND 8TH AV.,
one block from 6th and 9th Av. elevated station, catering to permanent guests; single or double rooms, with or without bath, at popular prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 202.—Very large room; private bath; no other roomers. Stanhope.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (84th St.)—One large front room, adjoining bath. Schuyler 5690.

TWO unfurnished front rooms on parlor floor; heat and light; suitable for doctor. X 390 Times Annex.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th St.)—Desirable large room; all conveniences; adjoining bath; private house.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Business man desires furnished room, with bath adjoining, above 72d St., west side preferred; state full particulars. R 684 Times Downtown.

Gentleman requires furnished room, with modern conveniences, west side, preferably near subway. M. M., Times 2 Rector St.

Young gentleman wants comfortable room; steam heat, electric light; bath adjoining; $4; 40th-65th, West. S 341 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well heated; unexcelled board; telephone.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Rooms with board; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; parlor dining room; excellent table.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 76 WEST.—First-class accommodations; excellent cuisine; conveniences; in private family. "Jay."

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for 2 adults in private Christian American family; front room, four southern windows, private bath.

BOARD and residence, first-class dining room, newly opened, private house; district Central Park. Phone Schuyler 8250.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 302, (Corner 104th St.)—Every room bath and telephone; southern exposure; hotel service; elevator; refined Hebrew, social surroundings; table the very best.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46, (CORNER 77TH ST.,) THE GRAYMORE.—EXCLUSIVE RESIDENTIAL HOTEL; EXCELLENT TABLE. TEL. SCHUYLER 4306.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming family house of highest standard; 20 minutes downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
Fifty lovely rooms; exquisitely furnished; excellent chef and service; small tables; abundance sunlight; good air; quietness; social parlors; smoking rooms; comforts.
Weekly, $14-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath, meals, one flight; singles, facing park, electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 237, American family of 314 W. 72 St., suite with private bath; other rooms; table personally supervised.

BOARD WANTED.

Good home in suburbs wanted for two boys, aged 8, 9; moderate terms. Write Room 1017, Hotel San Remo.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150; special holiday rates; booklet. Phone 1165 White Plains.

Brooklyn.

Home Sanitarium.—Selected medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Phone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,364 East 27th St., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER, young lady, 24, with 8 years' experience as double entry bookkeeper; excellent references, desires position. R 658 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, full charge, knowledge stenography; $22-$25. R 672 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience; typist; capable of taking charge; $25. R 685 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; charge of office and correspondence. Address Stoop 4, West 32d St.

BOOKKEEPER, 4 years' experience, capable taking full charge; salary $22. S 316 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, thoroughly familiar with office work; salary $25. L 121 Times.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th St. Riverside 3329.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, expert, eight years, technical, engineering, export and import, automobile, excellent correspondent; references; $25. Ellenbee, Barclay 9180.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, knowledge of bookkeeping; bright beginner; $10 to start. G. C. 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, EFFICIENT; $18. R 667 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Six years' experience, conscientious, capable; highest credentials; $20. R 670 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, thoroughly efficient, capable, seven years' legal experience; $23. G 648 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT, two years' experience, rapid, references; $15. R 677 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, accurate, clean cut, good appearance; $13. W 562 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, neat, good worker, 2 years' experience; salary $15. G 651 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—At least 1 year's experience; $14. Apply Room 1009, 309 B'way.

TYPIST.—Have typewriting done at home by experienced typists; will call and deliver in 24 hours. R 311 Times.

YOUNG LADY, 21, wishes position selling, assisting gown shop; experienced. R 308 Times Bronx.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26268. Notice is given that JACOB A. ZIMMERMAN & SON, INC., alleged bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on January 6, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why the composition should not be confirmed.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26267. Notice is given that JACOB A. ZIMMERMAN, alleged bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on January 6, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why the composition should not be confirmed.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—First class accountant, expert on costs and general accounting, desires position with manufacturing concern take charge of accounting; salary $60. X 383 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, office manager, thoroughly experienced modern methods, college graduate, desires connection with reliable firm; salary $2,000. Box W 316 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high-grade executive with record for achievement, seeks position controller or corporation executive. H 776 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, certified; general accounting, monthly audits, investigations, systems, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Books opened, closed, systematized, tax reports, bookkeeping arrangement; $2.50 weekly. Alpert-Barst, 21 Park Row. Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports. Bookkeeping done, $1 week, (Saves $25 bookkeeper;) new method. Beekman 998. 1,701 Tribune Building.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 21, general accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping experience, army discharge, desires position with public accountant. B 902 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Books opened, closed, audited; balance sheets; bookkeeping small firms; tax reports. Horton-Goldman, 302 Broadway. Worth 2814.

ACCOUNTANT-CASHIER.—Nine years' practical experience; A1 corporation or C. A. P. considered; salary $40; married. G 631 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT, 21, junior, experienced, discharged soldier, seeks good, permanent connection. W 321 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, audits systems, part time bookkeeping, income tax. Strouch, 155 Ross St., Brooklyn.

AN UNUSUAL MAN
FOR LARGE ORGANIZATION.

Open for engagement after Jan. 1, a thoroughly seasoned systems expert to undertake the organization and management of a department for the

DEVISING and CODIFICATION of
DETAILED WORKING SYSTEMS
AND
INSTRUCTION by LETTER and LECTURE
OF A LARGE FORCE
FOR A
LARGE DEPARTMENTALIZED OFFICE

or for an
Organization with numerous Branches
or for a
Large Chain Store Concern.

R 212 Times.

ARMY OFFICER, 29, honorably discharged; experienced office and traffic manager; executive ability; conscientious; highly recommended; immediately available. R 649 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT CREDIT MAN.—Young man, 21, college, experience, good correspondent, knowledge accounting, honorably discharged from army. S 347 Times.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, seven years' experience credits, collections, controlling accounts; neat, accurate, reliable; excellent references. R 314 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, billing clerk, 22, experienced, high school graduate, accounting student, desires position with growing concern. R 666 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 19, experienced, wishes position with reliable concern; student of accountancy at New York University. G 647 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, efficient and conscientious; age 29; salary $30. S 313 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, credit man, and office manager, thoroughly experienced, desires position. S 318 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC; French-Swiss, 42, speaks English, French Italian, German; first class references; expert in Rolls-Royce; long experience touring in Europe. Write A. T. C., care Duvoisin, 228 East 35th.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC.
EXPERT AMERICAN, WITH 16 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; BEST REFERENCES. GIFFON, 505 EAST 77TH, APT. 37.

CHAUFFEUR, 23, single; experienced on all high class cars. Write Fred Pobat, 1,336 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, wishes private position; best references; wages $30 weekly. Bertram, 485 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 8 years' experience, wishes position, private; references. Frank Nemec. Rhinelander 2795.

CHEMIST, graduate, experienced plant, laboratory, general analyst, accept position immediately. R 669 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—All-around office man, good correspondent, sound experience, engaged four years in production and follow-up work, seeks connection with house offering good future; immediate engagement. L 139 Times.

CONSTRUCTION ACCOUNTANT.—3 years' experience with one of the largest manufacturing concerns on construction, concrete work; available immediately. Room 523, Martinique Hotel. Discharged from army Tuesday.

COLLEGE freshman, released from navy; reliable firm; general clerk preferable, but not essential. C. B., 365 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical, 24; technical graduate; six years' experience layout, detailing. A 957 Times Harlem.

EDITORIAL POSITION wanted; scientific; trade; general; experienced. S 324 Times.

EXPORT DRY GOODS MAN,
With clientele in South and Central America, wishes to make connection developing business in Latin-American countries; five years' experience, writes Spanish, traveled abroad; highest credentials. H 795 Times Downtown.

HAVE been handling large force of men for past four years with Du Pont Powder Co.; will go any part of world. L 128 Times.

HIGH SCHOOL SENIOR, knowledge of bookkeeping, stenography, typewriting, Spanish, desires position after school hours; experienced. Box 395 Times, 2 Rector St.

SALESMAN, traveling, familiar with steel and its product, also the chemical and physical properties and heat treatment of same, acquainted with New England, Ohio, and Michigan trade, desires to connect with reputable firm as their district representative, or will travel. S 345 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, married, honorably discharged from Officers' Training School, would like territory with reliable house; four years' successful experience; high and preparatory schools; wide-awake hustler; references. R 604 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN,
who prior to entering service sold large factory's entire output, is dissatisfied with line's future; good opportunity for reliable concern. S 321 Times.

SALESMEN.—Two live wires, with New York office, would like to sell direct for silk mill on straight commission basis. X 384 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, (28,) hard worker, convincing personality, 5 years' road experience, seeks connection where one can see results from effort. W 561 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 22, wishes position with progressive house; 3 years' selling experience; also traffic and sales correspondence. R 657 Times Downtown.

SHIPBUILDERS, hull Superintendent, reliable and up to date, with initiative, if you require such a man. X 391 Times Annex.

SPANISH CORRESPONDENT.—Young man, Cuban, 27 years old, at present employed Havana, desires position with commercial house in New York; competent bookkeeper, accountant, and correspondent in Spanish and English; has had several years' office experience, and is also an experienced and successful salesman; highest references given. W 552 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (22,) accountancy student, army discharged, desires position with future. G 656 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (21,) experienced, competent correspondent, seeks good connection. G 653 Times Downtown.

STEWARD AND WIFE, manage country club; long experience; references. Ansell, 300 West 112th St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, young man, 19, refined, position evenings; experienced; references. W 319 Times.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE.
MECHANICAL ENGINEER, 24, ONE YEAR DRAFTING ROOM AND ONE YEAR SHOP EXPERIENCE; RELEASED FROM WAR WORK; WISHES OPPORTUNITY TO SHOW WORTH IN ANY CAPACITY WHERE INTELLIGENCE AND INITIATIVE ARE REQUIRED. A 95 T HARLEM.

YOUNG MAN, 25, good education, thorough business training, desires connection. R 676 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 5 years' business experience, wishes responsible position. Getlan, 50 Delancey St.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position with reliable firm; excellent reference. S 331 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position; willing; references. S. S., 450 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position as clerk; good reference. G 630 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) well educated, initiative, executive ability, good speaker, credit and collection experience, bookkeeping knowledge, desires good connections; excellent references; $18. S 335 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, French also, one years' office experience, knowledge of stenography and typewriting, wishes connection with mercantile concern, with advancement; best references. B 284 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, student business administration, experienced office assistant, thorough knowledge stenography, bookkeeping and correspondence, (any branch,) executive position. L 137 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) honorably discharged U. S. A., First Lieutenant, desires position with opportunity for advancement. L 120 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) graduate technical school and recently discharged from navy, desires position with engineering concern. S 317 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, educated, industrious, wishes advancing position; excellent references. G 640 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, selling and executive ability, open for position after Jan. 1. R 310 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17, educated, desires position corporative establishment; Government employe. A 958 Times Harlem.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSERS.—Several girls for addressing envelopes and folding circulars; good pay. Charles E. Merrill Co., 432 4th Av.

ASSISTANT in cost accounting; must be good at figures, and accurate; experience not essential when the applicant has the above qualifications; fine chance for advancement; state salary, experience, and date when ready to start. A. S. 805 Times Downtown.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call 146 E. 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

CANDY WRAPPERS wanted; light, sanitary factory; fine wages. Apply Room 216-E, 30 Church St.

CASHIER, $85 and meals; must have hotel experience on room and front office; bond required. Phone Kenyon, Columbus 4500.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR

wanted by Brooklyn manufacturer;

THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED
OPERATOR

one familiar with payroll and cost work preferred. Call

C. T. TAGLIABUE MFG. CO.,
18 33D ST.
Bush Terminal, Brooklyn.
Take elevator to 5th floor.

DRESS MODEL.
A desirable position as dress model in fitting department for a young woman measuring 36 bust; no previous experience necessary. Apply to
E. Doughty,
Butterick Publishing Co.,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED.
A desirable, all year round position for young woman under 30 years of age, with experience in draping. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience.
F. Carter,
Butterick Publishing Co.,
Spring and Macdougal Sts.

EXPERIENCED COOKS,
EXPERIENCED WAITRESSES,
CHAMBERMAIDS,
BATHROOM MAIDS,
CLEANERS,
GLASS GIRLS,
STOREROOM GIRLS,
LAUNDRY GIRLS,
MANGLE GIRLS,
IRONERS.

APPLY TO THE HOTEL ASSOCIATION,
44 EAST 29TH ST.,
NEAR 4TH AV.,
FROM 8:30 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

GIRL to typewrite orders, also to file and act as assistant telephone operator; permanent position assured with opportunity for advancement. Tiffany Studios, 361 Madison Av.

HOME WORKERS.—Ladies to do beading and paste leather buckles; also helper in workroom, part or full time; no experience necessary; extra pay. Call MARTINE, 78 Reade St.

MODEL.—A young lady, 5 feet 7½ inches tall, 36 bust, to pose for fashion photos; good features; permanent position. Apply Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th St.

MODELS.—15.—Attractive and refined, for coats and suits; size, 16. Apply all week. Isaac Loewenberg & Co., 1,140 Broadway.

NURSE, middle aged, experienced, care for baby girl 2½ years; exceptional references necessary; call mornings after 10 A. M. Mrs. George E. Hall, 110 Riverside Drive.

NURSE wanted; strong, white, for 15 months' boy; character and cheerfulness appreciated more than experience; good wages. Flushing 2329.

PANTRY MAID—Post Graduate Hospital, 2d Av. and 20th St.

SECRETARY in Christian physician's office; college education, accurate stenographer; $25 if experienced. Apt. 1D, 104 East 40th St. Write age, education, and experience.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
require competent saleswomen for
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
LACES,
VEILINGS.
Apply after 9 A. M., at Employes' Entrance, West 43d St., near 5th Av.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
require competent cashiers; good salaries. Apply after 9 A. M., Employes' Entrance, 43d St., near 5th Av., or by letter.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN OFFICE WORK; GOOD SALARY, ADVANCEMENT. WRITE, STATING EXPERIENCE, R 679 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—For the employment department of the Central Branch Y. M. C. A.; refined, accurate, mature; moderate salary; very desirable position. S. G. McConaughy, 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly capable and accurate; good opportunity for advancement; state age, experience, and salary desired. B 217 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant in office of large manufacturing concern; state age, nationality, and salary desired. R 668 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — In large publishing house; splendid opportunity for advancement. Broadway Music Corp., 145 W. 45th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Agency, newspaper advertising experience preferred; state qualifications and salary. L 136 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, well educated; permanent position. Call Lutheran Bureau, 31 Union Square, Room 1204.

STENOGRAPHER who can speak and write Spanish and English. W 300 Times.

TYPIST.—Preferably young lady with publishing experience, handling subscription work; apply in person. W. B. Curtis, 131 East 23d.

TYPISTS, piecework; experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

WAITRESS, chambermaid, also cook, (white,) Jan. 8; wages $40-$45; first-class references required. 72 Prospect St., Summit, N. J. Tel. 180.

WAITRESSES, Post Graduate Hospital, Second Ave. and Twentieth St.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, married couple; husband can take other employment. 56 Irving Place.

YOUNG LADY, good appearance; best chance to learn bookkeeping; must have knowledge of stenography, typewriting, and be good at figures; good chance for quick advancement; start, $10 to $12. Call or write, Conte, 69 West 3d St.

Instruction.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

$15.
This week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 E. 35th St., near 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

A highly educated French woman speaking a refined (stage) French desires a few pupils; best American references. Address Mme. Noizeux, Lyceum Theatre, 46th St.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

REPARE FOR RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do"; free copy on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 334 5th Av.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639. 40th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILING—INDEXING.
Positions open for our graduates after a month's intensive training.
Day and Evening Classes.
Visitors welcome any time.
Over three thousand graduates.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING.
Singer Building, New York.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women." and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, Sec't., automobile, $25; numerous positions, $22-$20-$18; a number of typists positions, $15-$12; telephone op., file clerk, $14; telephone op., typist, $12; bookkeeper, $18; office assistant, $15. Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey St.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 74 Broadway.—Accountant, $3,000-$1,800; R. R. statisticians and bookkeepers, $50-$25; export shipping clerk, $25; Spanish-English steno., $35; Portuguese correspondents, $35-$40; many others. Register free.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 Broadway.
Stenos., (2,) export, $25; steno.-secretaries, (3,) aged 25, $25; Spanish-English stenos., $35; college girl clerks; many others. Register free.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18; bookkeepers, $20; typists, $15; numerous clerical; investigate. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, export, $22; stenographer, banking, $15; typists, $12; clerical, $12-$10. Atlas Agency, Room 513, 132 Nassau.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced, cost accountant is required by a large New York manufacturing corporation. Please state fully experience, education and salary. B. 296 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—A representative corporation has a desirable opening in their auditing department for a competent man. Please state full particulars, salary, &c. B 295 Times.

ACCOUNTANT wanted by corporation; an experienced accountant; permanent position. Address, stating references, P. O. Box 27, Station V.

ASSISTANT WINDOW TRIMMER.—Young man, 18, with 8 months' department store experience, wishes position. S 340 Times.

ATTORNEY.—Active litigating law firm requires managing attorney; opportunity, rapid advancement for energetic lawyer with some experience and executive ability. G 657 Times Downtown.

BILLING CLERK.—Young man, experienced bill clerk, accurate and neat, for large corporation; salary $85. R 654 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER for front office; one with city hotel experience preferred; must be quick and accurate worker; capable of filling different position; bond required. Apply Manager Hotel Gotham, 5th Av. and 55th St.

BOOKKEEPER and general office man; must attend to execution of orders; splendid chance for advancement; salary to begin $30, but will be increased as ability is shown. Address, with particulars, W 315 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 19 years, to check remittances, post and take off trial balances; must be experienced. B 288 Times.

BOY, energetic, neat appearance, wanted by Christian firm; good opportunity with large steel manufacturers; state age and salary expected. O 753 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in railway office to make himself generally useful; must be neat and well recommended. Apply Room 910, 26 Liberty St.

BOY wanted, 16 to 18 years. Apply 9 A. M., room 1410, 15 William St.

BUYER, thoroughly experienced, to take complete charge of piece goods department. Ritter Bros., 1,333 Broadway.

CARPENTERS, $5.50 per day of 8 hours; Government construction work. Apply 7:20 A. M., Statue of Liberty Ferry Landing, Battery.

COOKS, EXPERIENCED;
ASSISTANT COOKS;
PASTRY COOKS;
ICE CREAM MEN;
BAKERS, ROLL, BREAD, AND CAKE;
LUNCHMEN;
OYSTERMEN,
BUTCHERS,
FISH AND CHICKEN BUTCHERS,
COLD MEAT MEN,
VEGETABLE PEELERS.
COFFEE MEN,
PANTRYMEN,
ICEMEN,
PORTERS,
BARTENDERS,
CAPTAINS,
WAITERS,
BUS BOYS,
DUMBWAITER MEN,
DISHWASHERS,
FIREMEN,
POT WASHERS,
SILVER CLEANERS,
HOUSEMEN,
YARDMEN,
CLEANERS,

APPLY TO THE HOTEL ASSOCIATION,
44 EAST 29TH ST.,
NEAR 4TH AV.
FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

CORRESPONDENT, Spanish and Portuguese, wanted by long-established dyestuff and chemical concern; state references, experience, and salary expected. P. C. Z., P. O. Box 994, City Hall Station, New York City.

CLEANER wanted; dry cleaner and spotter; must be first-class man; give references. X 398 Times Annex.

DESIGNER WANTED FOR LADIES' SILK UNDERWEAR BY LARGE WESTERN MANUFACTURER; MUST BE CAPABLE OF ALSO MANAGING ENTIRE FACTORY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT PARTY; IN ANSWERING GIVE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED; HIGHEST REFERENCES REQUIRED, WHICH WILL BE HELD IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. X 345 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMAN WANTED,
FIRST CLASS, FOR LAYOUT
WORK IN PRODUCTION DRAFTING DEPARTMENT; SMALL
ELECTRICAL APPARATUS.
BOSCH MAGNETO COMPANY,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

ENGINEERS, draftsmen, technical men wanted. Write Union Technical Men of America, 416 World Building. Call 5-7 P. M.

ERECTOR FOR MEDIUM-WEIGHT MACHINERY; MUST BE ALL-AROUND MECHANIC; INDOOR PLANT WORK; PERMANENT POSITION. APPLY 1 TO 3 P. M., 3403 WOOLWORTH BUILDING.

EXPORT SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man; must be thoroughly experienced with all export shipping details; preferably one speaking Spanish, who can operate Remington typewriter; state age, experience, and salary. O 759 Times Downtown.

FIREMAN, experienced on low-pressure boilers. See Mr. Foster, Manhattan Motors Corporation, 238 West 19th St.

FOREMAN.—Intelligent, working, for cloth and pamphlet binding; state age, nationality, and experience. B 287 Times.

INSURANCE EXAMINER with New England experience wanted large fire insurance company; give age, experience, salary, references. R 665 Times Downtown.

MANAGER WANTED.
A capable manager by a large manufacturer of fresh water pearl buttons for their New York office. We desire a man with selling experience in this line to whom we will turn over an established trade. Applications will be strictly confidential. Address X 399 Times Annex.

MEN wanted (3) for life insurance collecting and soliciting; guaranteed salary and commission. Prudential Insurance Co., 1,133 Broadway, New York City. Call early.

NIGHT CLERK, HOTEL SCHUYLER, 59 West 45th St.

OFFICE BOY, neat appearance, to run errands, make himself useful, and assist in putting out mail; large corporation; salary $45 month. R 655 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, experience unnecessary, chance for advancement; salary $10 to start. Cudahy Packing Co., 481 Washington St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

OYSTERMEN
FOR NEW YORK CITY HOTELS.
APPLY TO THE
HOTEL ASSOCIATION,
44 EAST 29TH STREET,
NEAR FOURTH AV.,
FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

PHYSICIAN WANTED.
A young physician, by a responsible concern, who knows the art and science of proper correspondence. We want this man to diagnose cases by mail and carry on correspondence leading to the sale of our appliances, which are of the highest grade. Only a man who can deliver results is wanted. Must stand rigid investigation as to past record and habits. Liberal salary. State record and send photograph if possible. Same will be returned. Electrothermal Company, Box 350, Steubenville, Ohio.

RETAIL BILL and charge clerk wanted for permanent position in large publishing office in city; department store experience preferred; must be able to operate Underwood machine. D 855 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Young man to sell a well-known automobile accessory; ambitious salesman who wants to advance himself by hard work will find this an excellent opportunity; prefer one who has sold an advertised article to retail dealers; this is a strict commission proposition, and is enabling our other men to produce big earnings for themselves. Address P. O. Box 592, Mount Vernon.

SALES MANAGER—Mature salesman of integrity to make permanent connection with well-established institute specializing in defective education of prosperous adults; large earnings on commissions and drawing account; Jewish organization; attention given only to replies stating selling experience, age and education. B 297 Times.

SALESMEN to cover department stores of New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Boston with a line of Boudoir caps and rufflings; only high-class men will be considered, thoroughly acquainted with the trade, commission basis; also have opening for North and Southwest. Freydberg, 160 5th Av.

SALESMEN, energetic, forceful, for New York and Brooklyn, to sell guaranteed tungsten nitrogen lamps; salary and commission. Apply Thursday from 12 to 2, Room 504, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn Borough Hall.

SALESMAN for Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan, or nearby territory; well-known cloak and suit jobber will consider one with high-class reputation. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St.

SALESMEN.—2 live wires, experienced, to represent popular line of children's colored dresses, to travel through Middle Atlantic and Southern States; strictly commission basis. B 273 Times.

SALESMAN.—Must be able to speak Italian, young, ambitious, single, for established grocery trade; clean record; first-class references; state age and experience; salary and commission. O 758 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, leather goods, to handle side lines of ladies' belts for Southern territories; jobbing and retail trade; commission basis. E. A., 215 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in boys' blouses and shirts, to cover Western territory; commission basis. Phone Spring 4668 for appointment.

SALESMAN to sell stock on 25% cash commission; excellent, easy-selling proposition; call or send for information. Kenneth Clarendon, 1,482 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced in the notion line, for outside trade; good opportunity for the right man; salary or commission. Joseph H. Binder, 54 Orchard St.

SALESMEN.—Must have big following, to handle strong established line children's underwear as side line; all territories; commission. B 289 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for ladies' trimmed and tailored hats; commission basis; good opportunity. Imperial Novelty Co., 14 West 4th St.

SHIPPING CLERK, assistant wanted, who has had experience handling heavy chemicals; good wages; steady position. Apply John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn.

SHIPPING CLERK, familiar with wall paper business. The Robert Graves Co., 3d Av., 34th and 35th Sts., South Brooklyn.

SOLICITOR.—Wanted at once by an important New York daily, a high-class solicitor for local and general advertising; only a man of good personality and proved ability need apply. Give particulars briefly. S. D., Box 50, Room 1201, 220 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with a clean record, by Christian firm, about 25 years old, good education, neat appearance, pep and sales ambitions, wanted immediately by busy manager; hours 8:30 to 5:30, at $25 to start. If this means an opportunity to you and you can qualify, call 50 Union Sq., Room 1707.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man for laboratory large corporation located in West New York, N. J.; convenient to 42d St. ferry; excellent chance for an ambitious and willing young man desiring advancement. B 285 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with knowledge of French and German; state salary required; applications will be treated confidentially. Official Agency of the Swiss Federal Railroads, 241 5th Av., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, preferably with some export experience; write particulars, experience, and salary expected; a future for a young man with brains and initiative. G 632 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish; able to take rapid dictation in Spanish; good position for competent man; state age, nationality, experience, and salary desired. Box 394, Times, 2 Rector St.

TEACHER, experienced in English to foreigners, to give private lessons evenings; kindly give experience and age. S 343 Times.

TRAVELING SALESMAN wanted to cover Middle West with a line of children's colored dresses; commission. Call Friday, Dec. 27, Room 518, Wilson Bldg., 1,270 Broadway.

TYPISTS.—Piece work; experienced can earn $16 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

WALL PAPER PACKERS AND ORDER CLERKS. Robert Graves Co., 3d Av., 34th and 35th Sts., South Brooklyn.

WINDOW TRIMMER AND SIGN WRITER; neighborhood department store; steady position; no night work; good opening. Seaver Bros., 3d Av. and 52d St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN in well-known real estate office; must be very well appearing, with good references; not over 28 years old; college man preferred; Christian firm; exceptional chance for active young man to rise. Reply, stating salary and other particulars, O 762 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

MEN WANTED.
EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Be one of the first to take advantage of the great after-the-war reconstruction period; learn Mechanical Dentistry; rise above small-salaried positions into a profession of unlimited opportunity; taught by actual work; no book study; three months' course; day and evening classes; easy payments; tools and equipment furnished free; write for booklet C. Bodee Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 West 44th St., New York; 15 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

EARN $25 to $75 Weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture studio and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "T," N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

IF you are ambitious and want to increase your earning capacity quickly, investigate our Home-Study Training. Accepted applicants guaranteed satisfaction. International Accountants Society, 309 B'way, N. Y. City.

$15.
This week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. Send for booklet and pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPER, downtown, $25. Call, Thursday, Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey St.

ACCOUNTANTS, bookkeepers, many others; high grade applicants only. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A BARGAIN.
CADILLAC, new, standard 1918 landaulet, recently bought, run 3,000 miles; owner leaving America; price $3,800. Bode, Belmont Hotel.

ALCO touring, 7 passenger; private usage; good for many thousand miles; $225.
FRANKLIN USED CAR DEPT.,
225 W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
CADILLAC 1918 TOWN CAR.
CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 TOWN CAR.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood Limousine.
PIERCE ARROW 1917 TOWN CAR.
PIERCE ARROW 1917 48 Special 4-Pass.
PIERCE ARROW 1917 48 LIMOUSINE.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO.
1917 Franklin Sedan. 1918 & '17 Dodge Sed.
1917 Hudson Sedan. 1917 Hudson Limou.
1917 Hudson T'n Car. 1916 Cadillac Sedan.
1917 Buick Sedan. 1917 Hupmobile Sedan
1917 Buick Coupe. 1917 Oldsmobile Sedan
1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan; latest importation.
1916 SIMPLEX Limousine Landaulet.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 PACKARD Touring.
1918 CADILLAC Suburban Limousine.
1918 DANIELS 4-passenger touring.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 CHEVROLET touring.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW touring.
1917 OWEN MAGNETIC touring.
1917 HUDSON cabriolet.
1916 S. G. V. Roadster, 4-passenger, Fleetwood Body.
1917 CADILLAC touring; excellent condition.
1916 STUTZ Speedster Bearcat.
TRUCKS! TRUCKS!
1917 SIGNAL, 3½-ton.
1918 GARFORD, 2-ton; cannot be told from new.
GARFORD 5-ton; dump power hoist; has sets of brand new tires.
1917 REO, 2-ton.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

BUICK late 1918 touring; very little used, $700; five original tires; like new; see this before buying new car. 1,116 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 878.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC 1917 VICTORIA, 4-Pass.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 SEDAN.
DODGE 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 COUPE.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD 3-38 TOURING, 7-Pass.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078-5079.

CADILLAC, 1917, TOWN CAR.
MILEAGE, 3,900.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., B'klyn.

CADILLACS, 1918-1917 models, tourings, sedans, roadsters, and chummy. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC, 1917; A1 condition; like new; can be bought at reasonable offer. 214 West 65th.

CADILLAC, 1916, 7-passenger, extras. Mr. Mead, Columbus 7834.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHANDLER,
Rebuilt and refinished.
USED CARS.
Tourings, Roadsters, Sedans, Coupes, Town Cars, Dispatch Cars, Limousines.
NINETY-DAY GUARANTEE.
OTHER MAKES:
SIMPLEX 1913 Limousine, Holbrook Body; elegant condition. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

COLE, 1917, SEDAN.
VERY EXCEPTIONAL CONDITION.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., B'klyn.

DODGE, 1917, SEDAN.
READY TO BE USED IMMEDIATELY.
BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., B'klyn.

EMPIRE MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, INC.,
1,700 B'WAY, ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR.
CADILLAC SUBURBAN SEDAN.
1917 HUDSON SEDAN, SUPER SIX.
1918 BUICK BROUGHAM.
ALL SPECIALS. MANY OTHERS.

FORD, 1917 Sedan, 1918 Dodge Sedan, 1917 Super Six Sedan, all in good condition. Telephone 785 Newburg.

FRANKLIN touring 1918, demonstrator; repainted; guaranteed.
FRANKLIN touring 1917, wire wheels; paint like new; fine mechanical condition.
FRANKLIN touring 1916; extra fine condition; Goodyear cord tires.
FRANKLIN Sedan 1918; mechanically and interior like new.
FRANKLIN Sedan 1917, wire wheels with spare; paint and tires better than average.
FRANKLIN USED CAR DEPT.,
225 W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

FRANKLIN 1917 Touring Car; Winter top, new tires; excellent condition. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

FRANKLIN, Series 9A; late model; A. W. convertible Summer and Winter tops; perfection heater; many other extras; perfect condition. P. Heidelberger, 872 Broadway, 18th St.

FRANKLIN 1917 touring; A1 mechanical condition; new paint; like new car; bargain. Phone E. E. Parrack, Columbus 3725.

HUDSON 1918 special de luxe sedan; a magnificent car, practically brand-new, at great sacrifice; cost $4,500; accept $3,200. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 sedan, speedster, coupe, touring, landaulet; bargains. Cook MacConnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON 1918 sedan; almost new throughout. Meyers-Stark, 1,790 Broadway. Circle 2692.

HUPMOBILE, 1917, 5-passenger, touring, first-class condition; must dispose of immediately; $650. Ask for Whitney's car. Commonwealth Garage, 132 East 41st. Call Phone 3976 Broad.

HUPMOBILE 1916 Roadster. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

INTERSTATE 1917 Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

MARMON 1917 limousine, chummy roadster, also touring; bargains. Cook MacConnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MAXWELL touring, 1916; all good shoes with spare; slip covers.
FRANKLIN USED CAR DEPT.,
225 W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

MERCER or Oldsmobile coupe; will trade for quantity of ladies' silk underwear and lingerie. 1,687 Broadway.

MERCER 1916 Landaulet. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

MURRAY enclosed drive limousine; touring car, Victoria top, and 4-passenger; other makes. Morton W. Smith Co., Inc., 19 West 44th St., N. Y. Telephone 1138 Murray Hill.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917; A1 condition; wire wheels; can be bought at reasonable offer. Kaplan, 214 West 65th.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. | Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

OVERLAND Six, Sedan, Continental motor, silver-special body; very smart.
FRANKLIN USED CAR DEPT.,
225 W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

OVERLAND, Country Club, latest 1918 model, like new, special paint and extras; $650. Adelman, 38 W. 33d St.

PACKARD.—Four-passenger coupe; body new, very handsome; absolutely up to date; bargain. Dunham Sales Co., 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

PIERCE-ARROW, (1918) limousine, 38 h.-p.
CADILLAC, (1918) touring, almost new.
F. TURNER, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

RENAULT.—Sacrifice for quick sale, 7 pass. touring; fine condition; wire wheels with spare; $650 cash. H 786 Times Downtown.

SELECT USED CARS.
De Dion Sedan; Westinghouse starter.
1917 Hupmobile Sedan.
1917 Buick Limousine.
1916 Cadillac Coupe.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 Cadillac Lim. | 1917 Hudson Lim.
1916 White, 30 Land. | 1916 Stutz, 4-pass.
1915 S. G. V., 4-pass. | 1917 Peerless, Sed.
Many Others. Time Payments.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 WEST 55TH ST.

SPECIALLY BUILT BROUGHAM BODY ON PEERLESS EIGHT CHASSIS; LATEST MODEL; RUN ABOUT TWO MONTHS THIS SUMMER; CAR AS GOOD AS NEW; BARGAIN QUICK BUYER. ASK FOR MR. MONAHAN'S CAR. PEERLESS SHOW ROOMS, 1,896 BROADWAY.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STEARNS Sedan, Springfield type; repainted, linings like new; two spare tires.
FRANKLIN USED CAR DEPT.,
225 W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

STUDEBAKER touring car, 4-cyl., 17 model, run 12,000 miles; excellent appearance and condition; will accept $425 quick sale. Telephone 12:30 to 2, or write for demonstration, E. G. Hines, Machinery Club, 50 Church St.

STUDEBAKER Coupe, 17 Series, 4-passenger; ready for service; $675.
FRANKLIN USED CAR DEPT.,
225 W. 58th St., (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

STUTZES, 1918-1917-1916 MODELS.
BURRELLE, 1,700 BROADWAY.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST H. NEUBERGER COMPANY, INC., are hereby required to present them before January 1st, 1919, at the office of its attorney, ROYAL H. WELLER, ESQ., No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
Dated, New York, December 9th, 1918.
H. NEUBERGER COMPANY, INC.
By CHELLIS A. AUSTIN, President.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Director of an important engineering firm and of a large agricultural company, whose personal offices (11 rooms) are in St. James's St., is willing to act as British or European representative for a leading American house or corporation; highest credentials. Address H. M. Alleyn, 21 St. James's St., London, S. W. 1.

Business man, head of an import and export firm, leaving shortly for Europe, would like to get in touch with American manufacturers who are able to offer merchandise for European market; only firms of good standing producing reliable merchandise will be considered; highest references. R. O., 246 Times Downtown.

For Sale — General store, with Post Office privileges, in thriving dairy section of St. Lawrence County; $20,000-$25,000 business yearly, with good percentage; present inventory about $7,000; any reasonable terms considered. Apply William St. George, 10 Grand St., City, for particulars. Telephone 390 Canal.

Wanted—$10,000 loan, by metal manufacturing corporation of Western New York, for the purpose of taking up large shipments of steel which will be made under contract next month; loan preferred to the sale of capital stock; good assets; ample security offered; President in town for two days; answer promptly. W 324 Times.

Progressive Connecticut Mfg. Co. desires a salesman with established clientele who can obtain high-grade business in metal parts and small mechanical specialties; only A1 men who can produce immediate results need apply; steady employment for right man. Address G. M. Co., Box X 349 Times Annex.

English firm of engineers with good connections with the paper, cotton, and dyeing trades is prepared to undertake the manufacture of any special machines, accessories or tools, preferably those suited for these trades. Head office in Manchester. Write Box 189, Sells, Ltd., 168 Fleet St., London, England.

Gentleman, (British,) with wide experience East Indian trade, wishes appointment with mercantile house; thorough knowledge finance and management; would travel to report on business or open agencies. Write "Eastern," Dorland Agency, Ltd., 16 Regent St., S. W. London, England.

Manchester firm of importers and exporters specialising in chemicals, colors, glues, and gelatines, desire to extend their American connections, and shall be glad to hear from firms requiring European buying or selling agents. Write Box 190, Sells, Ltd., 168 Fleet St., London, England.

Ladies' wear shop, newly equipped with finest of fixtures, ready to put stock in; Broadway and 53d St., best location; will sell or rent or will buy stock of lingerie and silk underwear, &c. Rosenzweig, 1,687 Broadway.

Discharged from officers' school; want to connect with American-Russian export house; highest references; can offer bond; knowledge of languages and countries. S 328 Times.

SALESMAN.—Capable salesman, being mustered out of army, desires to represent good men's wear line for Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington; ten years' road experience; best references. X 389 Times Annex.

A modern, well-equipped plant wishes to contract with one or more responsible parties for manufacturing or assembling tools or machinery in any form. Szabo & Beer, 30 East 14th St., New York City.

Partner wanted with $3,000; substantial, profitable, permanent business; capital fully secured by merchandise; immediate action necessary. J. W. 97 Times.

Mill agent, specialist hosiery and underwear, is open for kindred line for representation Eastern territory. Gluck & Gerson, 156 5th Av., Room 536.

Construction work wanted; large new project preferred; will help finance. L 115 Times.

Italian business man, going shortly to France and Italy, desires to represent manufacturers; highest references. W 224 Times.

$3,000 and my active services to invest in a going business; preferably manufacturing. S 320 Times.

$2,000 and services—What can you offer? Full particulars only. R 675 Times Downtown.

$1,000 to invest with my services. L 127 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

USED CARS.

SELECT USED CAR BARGAINS.

Standard "8" 1917 limousine; appearance like new throughout; used very little; must be seen to be appreciated; original price $3,850, now $2,350, with new car guarantee.
Also other models, some with Victoria tops and new tires, at extraordinary low prices.
TAYLOR MOTORS CORP.,
1,920 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 4648.

WILL sacrifice at once following stock purchased at bankruptcy sale:
15 pleasure cars and runabouts.
500 truck tires.
2,000 32-3½ Firestone rims.
Coupe and limousine bodies.
25 trucks, (Packards, Pierces, Whites, Hulburts, Republics, &c.) Terms to suit.
Also 200 panel and express bodies.
221 WEST 53D ST.

Motor Trucks.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 TRUCK.
Two-ton, good as new; reasonable; accept time payments. Homan, 250 West 54th St.

TRUCKS.—5-TON AUTOS FOR RENT REASONABLE; MONTHLY, YEARLY CONTRACTS. SPRING 2419.

PACKARD Trucks, two 4½-ton, for sale, practically new. Thos. L. Herb & Co., Lebanon, Penn.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC beautiful limousine for hire; hour, day, week, or month; monthly preferred. 338 West 70th St. Phone Col. 7834.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD 7-passenger for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Murray Hill 4661.

HUDSON Limousine, rented monthly; driver 15 years' experience. McCook, 236 East 37th.

CADILLAC limousine, at your service, by hour, &c. Phone Riverside 5174. Morrison.

CADILLAC.—Classy 7-passenger limousine; $2.50 hour; day, week, month. Col. 5679.

Automobiles Wanted.

STUTZ.—Wanted late model touring car; 4 or 5 passenger; must be mechanically perfect; state price and communicate with William Curtis, 9 First St., Troy, N. Y.

FORD Sedan Wanted.—Must be in first class condition; state price and advise William Curtis, 9 First St., Troy, N. Y.

Automobile Storage.

DEAD STORAGE, fireproof, $3 month. Crest Garage, Edgemere, L. I. Tel. 3500 Far Rockaway.

DEAD STORAGE, $5 monthly up. West Side Storage, 310 West 143d. Audubon 8575.

Automobile Bodies.

LIMOUSINE BODIES for Packard and other chassis. 244 West 49th St., 4th floor.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. | 20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. | Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St. | Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn—Dept. C.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is given that HENRY POWELL RAMSDELL, JAMES A. P. RAMSDELL and HOMER S. RAMSDELL, as executors and trustees under the last will and testament of Homer Ramsdell, deceased, owners of the ferryboat "Orange," have filed their petition for limitation of liability for any loss, damage or injury caused by or resulting from the collision between the ferryboat "Orange" and the steamer "Rensselaer," on the night of June 15th, 1918. Value of vessel and freight, $99,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Marshall S. Hagar, Esq., at his office, at No. 63 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., or be defaulted.
Dated, December 5th, 1918.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is hereby given that the Cornell Steamboat Company, owner of the steam tug "Primrose," has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage or injury arising out of collision claimed to have occurred between the said steam tug "Primrose," the boat "Ontario & Western No. 21," and the barge "Bayler"; value of the vessel and freight, $8,500. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Louis Bennett, Commissioner, at his office, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, or be defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—The southwestern disturbance of the last two days is central tonight off the Eastern Maine Coast, and the attendant precipitation area during the last twenty-four hours covered the Ohio Valley, the lake region, the Middle Atlantic States, and New England, mostly in the form of snow, except in the Northeast.

There is no other disturbance on the weather charts tonight, and otherwise the weather is fair, with high pressure continuing over the western half of the country, as a rule.

It is much colder in the east upper and west lake region, the upper Ohio Valley, Eastern Tennessee, and the South Atlantic States, and low temperatures continue to the westward, except in the Northwest, where they have risen to slightly above normal conditions.

There will be scattered snows Thursday in Northern New England and the upper Ohio Valley and probably along the leeward shores of Lakes Erie, Ontario, and Superior. Otherwise generally fair weather will prevail Thursday and Friday east of the Mississippi River.

It will be colder Thursday in the Middle Atlantic States, and temperatures will remain below the seasonal average in the interior, except in the upper lake region.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate to fresh west, colder and generally fair; South Atlantic Coast, moderate west and northwest, colder, and partly cloudy.

FORECASTS TODAY AND FRIDAY.

New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania and Eastern New York.—Partly cloudy and somewhat colder Thursday. Friday fair.

Southern New England.—Partly cloudy, colder Thursday. Friday fair.

Western New York.—Local snows Thursday, colder in the eastern portion. Friday fair, except probably local snows along Lake Ontario.

Northern New England—Local snows and colder Thursday. Friday generally fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1917.	1918.		1917.	1918.
3 A. M.	37	45	4 P. M.	35	44
6 A. M.	37	44	6 P. M.	32	46
9 A. M.	39	43	9 P. M.	27	38
12 M.	37	45	11 P. M.	25	36

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 42; for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 33.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 43; at 8 P. M. it was 39. Maximum temperature, 48 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum, 37 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 90 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 67 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.60 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.74 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
1:10—66 W. 38 St.; L. Siegel & Co.	Not given
1:15—118 Christopher St.; G. Siegel	Slight
2:45—44-50 W. 28 St.; Greenfield & Cohen	Not given
3:50—435 6 Av.; National Dress and Pleating Co.	Not given
4:15—240 E. 13 St.; M. Trachtenberg	Slight
4:20—132-136 E. 128 St.; Isaac Lutz	Slight
9:15—110 E. 127 St.; H. Rinkus	Slight
P. M.	
12:20—218 E. 128 St.; L. Winklin	Slight
2:05—201 E. 60 St.; M. Hannigan	Slight
7:45—1,317 Franklin Av.; Franklin Realty Co.	Not given
8:40—Lexington Av. and 81 St., (auto;) John O'Connor	Slight
8:45—120 E. 86 St.; Ralph Osborne	Slight
9:40—12-14 Old Broadway; M. Wolf	Slight

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AND CREDIT FILES.

Lowest prices. Small monthly payments. No interest charges. Written guarantee. Old registers repaired, rebuilt, bought, sold, and exchanged.

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Desks, $6-$12; files, $5, $8, $12; tables, $2, $4; chairs, wallcases, bookkeeper's desk. 60 Cortlandt St.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

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TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
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20 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. } FRANKLIN.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises........7:18 | Sun sets.........4:34

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:00	2:12	8:26	8:33
Governors Island	2:55	3:08	9:18	9:24
Hell Gate	4:42	5:18	11:36	11:45

Arrived—Wednesday, Dec. 25.

SS Bergensfjord, Bergen, Dec. 14.
SS Carrillo, Bordeaux, Dec. 12.
SS Comal, Galveston, Dec. 18.
SS Gantoise, Rotterdam, Dec. 4.
SS Korona, St. Thomas, Dec. 18.
SS Ocmulgee, New Orleans, Dec. 18.
SS Amoleo, San Juan, Dec. 19.
SS Shabonee, Devonport, Dec. 4.
SS Clan Kennedy, Cardiff, Dec. 5.
SS Veerhaven, Havre, Dec. 6.
SS Henry Tegner, Nuevitas, Dec. 19.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Zuiderdijk	Brest	Dec. 6
Melrose	Barry	Dec. 9
Bavaria	Bordeaux	Dec. 10
Collingham	Havre	Dec. 10
Wallace	Havre	Dec. 10
Saxonia	London	Dec. 14
DUE TOMORROW.		
Niagara	Bordeaux	Dec. 16
Byron	London	Dec. 15
Moccassin	Brest	Dec. 16
Tunialba	St. Nazaire	Dec. 12
DUE SATURDAY.		
Tjisondari	Brest	Dec. 18
Sixaola	Brest	Dec. 16
Gen. W. C. Gorgas	Brest	Dec. 15
DUE SUNDAY.		
Samland	Brest	Dec. 18
Terante	Brest	Dec. 18
Nantapal	Colon	Dec. 22
DUE MONDAY.		
Carmania	Liverpool	Dec. 21
Aden	Havre	Dec. 18

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Landvard, B'nos Aires	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
LangtonHall, Monrovia	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Concho, Turks Island	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Charybdis, Bermuda	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Main, St. Nazaire	———	8:00 A.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Manchuria, Brest	———	8:00 A.M.
H. R. Mallory, Brest	———	8:00 A.M.
Megantic, Liverpool	———	12:00 M.
Tunica, Genoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Advance, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
Winnebago, Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Ranenfjord, Montevideo	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Norvik, Santos	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Limon, Kingston	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Langton Hall, Cape Town	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Baltic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mexico, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Annetta, Jamaica	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Times, Para	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Fram, Santos	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Keresan, Argentina	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
De Kalb, Brest	———	12:00 M.

By Wireless.

SS Saxonia, for New York from London, was signaled; due Thursday, forenoon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Mauretania, at Liverpool, Dec. 23.
SS Santa Marta, at St. Nazaire, Dec. 18.
SS Absecon, at Nantes, Dec. 20.
SS Charkow, at Rejkjavik, Dec. 20.
SS City of Madrid, at Bombay, Dec. 21.
SS Medina, at Marseilles, Dec. 18.
SS Siboney, at Brest, Dec. 20.
SS Natal, at Rotterdam, Dec. 21.
SS Dante Alighieri, at Genoa, Dec. 20.

Sailed.

SS Nieuw Amsterdam, from Rotterdam, Dec. 21.
SS Osterland, from Rotterdam, Dec. 21.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Dec. 27, Megantic, and at 7 A. M. Dec. 28, Baltic.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Dec. 27, Tunica.
Gibraltar—Close at 7:30 A. M. Dec. 27, Tunica.
Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. Dec. 28, Dondo.
Azores Islands—Close at 7:30 A. M. Dec. 27, Tunica.
Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 5:30 P. M.
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco,) Dec. 23, SS China; Dec. 30, SS Tenyo Maru.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, (via San Francisco,) Jan. 1, SS Paloona.
Hawaii and Guam. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

STEAMSHIPS AND STEAMBOATS.

AROUND THE WARSHIPS
Steamer City of Lowell
A mobilization of the, Nation's latest Dreadnoughts and Flagships just returned from active service, including the large fleet of destroyers. A magnificent spectacle.
Three Trips Daily—10 A. M. 1 P. M. 3 P. M.
On Nights of Illumination a Special Trip will be made at 8 P. M.
Leaves Pier 15, North River, near Fulton Street
All subways to Fulton or Cortlandt St. 9th Ave. L to Barclay St. 6th Ave. to Cortlandt St.
Fare 75 cents (not including war tax). Children 40 cents
New England Steamship Lines

CUNARD
ANCHOR
Passenger and Cargo Services

NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL

Walmer Castle	Dec. 28
Saxonia	Jan. 4
Carmania	Jan. 4
MAURETANIA	Jan. 8
Caronia	Jan. 29
Orduna	Feb. 6

NEW YORK TO GLASGOW

Oriana	Jan. 1, Feb. 6

NEW YORK TO LONDON

Pannonia	Feb. 7

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Rochambeau......Jan. 14
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WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL

Megantic	Dec. 27	Jan. 31
Baltic	Dec. 28	Feb. 1
Lapland	Jan. 15	Feb. 19

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BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
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ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

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Mon., Thurs. & Sat., Franklin St., 4 P. M.
Phone 4675 Franklin.
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Daylight service up the Hudson.
Discontinued for Season.

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Two Extremes

To be sure of their principal some people have hoarded actual cash for four years past and have received no interest.

Many have gone to the other extreme and spent their savings for wildcat securities.

The hoarded money is beginning to come out of its hiding places and the Government is taking steps to supervise the issuing of securities so as to protect the unwary.

The wise and the safe thing is to buy our first mortgages or shares in them, guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company.

Any amount from $200 up.

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The possession of one guarantees the owner
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Mahogany, Circassian Walnut, dull or polished, Steinway, 88-Note Player. $450
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Bargain—1 Mahogany Baby Grand. 350
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UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

Use Cuticura For the Scalp
All druggists; Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 6 B, Boston."

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Liberal reward and no questions asked for return of small black purse containing diamond ring, also box containing Tiffany brooch, on Liberty St. Return Room 1102, 114 Liberty St. Rector 2200.

LOST—Reward for return of light tan Finchley overcoat, left in taxi Christmas night about 9 o'clock on drive from 30th St., 4th Av. to 17 Livington Place. Return to John Held, 9 West 39th St.

LOST—Pair gold rosary beads, initials "A. O. B.," lost on Brooklyn train; liberal reward. Alice O'Brien, 665 Hammels St., Far Rockaway.

LOST—Between West 86th St. and East 67th St., or in Black and White taxi, evening of Dec. 24, platinum and pearl chain; reward. Wolf, 137 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Lady's old-fashioned gold brooch, with pearl in centre, Dec. 25, between Strand Theatre and 56th St. Apply Strand box office and receive reward.

LOST—Wool lounging robe, tan stripe, purple cord, Tuesday, on N. Y., N. H. & H. train leaving Grand Central 7:30 P. M. Reward. Phone Murray Hill 4318. Mr. Brown.

LOST—Officer's traveling bundle between 107 West 43d St. and Grand Central Station; $5 reward. Tel. 160 Bryant.

LOST—Between 57th and 47th Sts., on west side of 5th Av., gold mesh bag with sapphire clasp; liberal reward. Plaza 8656.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, on 23d, in taxicab, or on 50th St. or Lexington Av. at 60th; reward. 20 West 50th.

LOST—Small suitcase in taxi, 7 P. M., Tuesday; reward. Return to F. W. French, 20 West 40th St.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, at Ritz, opera, or taxi. Liberal reward return. Wood, 208 East 62d.

LOST—One skunk scarf, 7th Av. and 43d St., Wednesday evening; reward. B 298 Times.

LOST—Christmas Day, flexible gold bracelet, three diamonds; reward. O'Reilly, 227 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Pearl bar pin, in Tiffany box. Suitable reward. Mrs. Paine, 50 West 67th St.

LOST—By sailor, Sunday, diamond ring, two sapphires; heirloom; reward. W 325 Times.

LOST—Silver wrist watch, initials M. A. O., Christmas Eve; reward. 64 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Lady's wrist watch, initials I. S. to S. C. Cohen, Murray Hill 1124.

$150 REWARD,
no questions asked, return diamond and platinum brooch, containing 3 large and 32 small diamonds, pointed at both ends, lost Dec 19, between West 62d and 72d Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$100 REWARD for sapphire and diamond bar pin, platinum mounting, lost on Dec. 23 between 5th Av. and 56th St. and Park Av. and 55th St. Return to Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 43d St.

$2,000 REWARD.
no questions asked, return pearl necklace containing about 93 pearls, with diamond clasp; lost Dec. 17. Marcus & Co. 5th Av. and 45th St.

$25 REWARD.
Lost, near Broadway and West 82d St., reddish brown Pekingese dog, with only one eye. $25 reward if returned to 449 West End Av.

$25 REWARD and no questions asked for return of black suitcase containing manuscripts taken by mistake from hall, Libbin, 27 West 67th St.

LOST—Dec. 21, diamond ring, vicinity Graham Av., Broadway, Brooklyn; reward if returned. 309 Broadway, Suite 807, N. Y.

LOST—Gold watch, initials "E. M. T.," Riverside Drive or Broadway, 105th to 135th; reward. Tilson, 57 West 105th.

Found.

FOUND — Dec. 6, vicinity Gramercy Park, bracelet. Communicate with S 327 Times.

RED CROSS WORKERS AWAIT NEW PLANS

Hundreds Disappointed When Sailings Were Canceled After the Armistice Was Signed.

WAR RULES STILL PREVAIL

Wives and Mothers of Soldiers Not Eligible for Overseas Work with Any Organization.

Officials of the American Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A. and other organizations that have been sending contingents of women overseas to work among the soldiers and French and Belgian civilians said yesterday that they had not received notification from the War Department since the signing of the armistice to modify the rule barring wives and mothers of soldiers from overseas service. The rule was formulated by the War Department, and the officials of War Personnel Boards of the organizations said they would obey it until they received notice of its cancellation.

Hundreds of protests from relatives of officers in the overseas service have been received by the organizations as well as by the War Department, but no intimation of any intention to change the rule has been given. Many complained that there was some favoritism in choosing women for the service and that the wives of many prominent officers in the service had been able to have themselves enrolled for canteen work in France, but the organizations pointed out that many of those women were chosen for the work before the War Department order was promulgated.

Even if the order were rescinded immediately, there would be little chance for the wives of men in the service to go over immediately, officials of the Red Cross pointed out, because an order canceling the sailings of all additional overseas personnel was issued by Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the War Council, a few days after the armistice was signed. Hundreds of nurses, canteen workers, women for the hospital hut services, and many other branches of the Red Cross in France were in New York and other ports awaiting transportation, but it was decided to delay their sailing until the readjustment following the signing of the armistice was made by the Red Cross Commissioners in Europe. It was explained that Mr. Davison acted only after receiving reports from the Overseas Commissioners.

"Released for Other Services."

"The sending of further personnel was made unnecessary by the fact that many persons whose activities in Europe had been closely associated with hostilities, were released for other services," said the bulletin given out by the Red Cross. "Officers of the American Red Cross have been greatly distressed at the necessity of disappointing so many who had, with fine spirit and loyalty, made plans to go to Europe in the Red Cross service. It is felt, however, that a full understanding of circumstances will make every one appreciate the unwisdom of sending abroad any one whose services are not needed.

"This is especially true because of the extreme difficulty of arranging for the return passage of those who go from now on. To send additional personnel under such conditions would be fair neither to them nor to the American Red Cross. The American Red Cross has arranged that every person shall receive an acknowledgment of his or her service and a statement as to why it could not be availed of, and it is hoped that this public statement will make clear why the change had to be made."

Red Cross officials of the War Personnel Boards here are unable to say whether additional personnel will be accepted for the overseas service. Mr. Davison is now on his way to France to aid in the reorganization of the forces of workers there and when all the plans are made for the expansion of the work in the evacuated districts, and among the refugees and discharged soldiers, it is probable that more will be needed.

Hundreds of workers whose activities were only with the wounded and with American troops on the march are now caring for the refugees and some already have been transferred to Palestine and other regions because their work in France ceased suddenly with the signing of the armistice.

Officials of the Y. M. C. A. here said it was probable that no more women would be enrolled for the overseas service, at least for two months. Only a few days ago the organization completed the selection of about 1,200 women, and the last contingents of this group will not have been assigned to overseas service before late in February.

War Department Rule Followed.

The War Department rule was followed strictly in selecting these women workers, officials said, and no wives or mothers of soldiers were accepted. Sisters of soldiers are permitted to go under a modification of the rule announced by the War Department, they said, and the information reaching the Y. M. C. A. officials was that trained nurses, regardless of relationship to men in the overseas service, had been accepted by the Army Medical Corps.

The Work of the New York County Red Cross Chapter and others in ports where the soldiers are landing is being expanded rapidly to take care of the men. Canteen service on the piers, work in the hospitals, and the making of garments is being extended, and there is just as much need of the volunteer workers as before the armistice was signed, and, officials say, even more in some branches.

In addition to the making of surgical dressings now needed in smaller quantities the women in the workrooms are making garments for refugees. It is pointed out that such work is urgently needed. Many women also are now engaged in making special vests for the American soldiers in Siberia.

It was learned that the wind there was so cold and penetrating that the soldiers were likely to suffer severely during the Winter, and the women have undertaken work of lining many thousands of garments with paper. This prevents the wind from causing suffering. Officials say that any volunteer who wishes to aid the organization of mercy will find plenty of useful work to do.

Red Cross Roll May Pass 20,000,000

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—An enrollment of nearly 17,000,000 was shown by reports from the American Red Cross Christmas Roll Call received tonight at national headquarters. Many divisions reported that thus far they had been able to get only scattering returns from many chapters and this leads officials to believe that the ultimate total will exceed 20,000,000.

5 DIE, 27 HURT ON TRAIN.

Freight Crashes Into Passenger Coaches at Norge, Okla.

CHICKASHA, Okla., Dec. 25.—Five persons lost their lives and 27 were injured, 10 of them seriously, when a St. Louis & San Francisco freight train crashed into a passenger train at Norge, Okla., six miles southwest of Chickasha, today.

The passenger train had been at a standstill for some time because of frozen pipes when the freight struck it, telescoping three of the coaches. A flagman, sent to the rear of the passenger train to flag the oncoming freight, is reported by the station agent to have stopped to warm himself.

Among the dead was Second Lieut. J. H. McLauren, address unknown.

LAUDS FOUR-MINUTE MEN.

President Says Their Work Was of Great Value to Civilization.

Before he sailed for Europe President Wilson, acknowledging the receipt of the final report of the Four-Minute Men, wrote:

"I have read with real interest the report of your activities, and I wish to express my sincere appreciation of the value to the Government of your effective and inspiring efforts. It is a remarkable record of patriotic accomplishment that an organization of 75,000 speakers should have carried on so extensive a work at a cost to the Government of little more than $100,000 for the eighteen-month period—less than $1 yearly on an individual basis.

"Each member of your organization, in receiving honorable discharge from the service, may justly feel a glow of proper pride in the part that he has played in holding fast the inner lines. May I say that I, personally, have always taken the deepest and most sympathetic interest in your work, and have noted, from time to time, the excellent results you have procured for the various departments of the Government. Now that this work has come to its conclusion and the name of the Four-Minute Men (which I venture to hope will not be used henceforth by any similar organization) has become a part of the history of the great war, I would not willingly omit my heartfelt testimony to its great value to the country, and indeed to civilization as a whole during our period of trial and trumph. I shall always keep in memory the patriotic co-operation and assistance accorded me throughout this period and shall remain deeply and sincerely grateful to all who like yourselves have aided so nobly in the achievement of our aim."

In the final report of the Four-Minute Men, filed with the President just before he sailed, the cost to patriotic individuals who contributed to the cause was stated as $2,564,970, and the total estimated cash value of the work was put at $9,424,800. Forty-six bulletins of information were sent to speakers from headquarters, covering thirty-six distinct campaigns of information, inspiration, and direct appeal. At the close of the work there were 7,408 organizations with 75,000 members. It has been estimated that more than 1,000,000 four-minute speeches were delivered.

JEWS CALL FOR WORKERS.

Welfare Board Needs Men and Women for Demobilization.

Colonel Harry Cutler, Chairman of the Jewish Welfare Board, issued a nation-wide appeal yesterday for the service of men and women in the demobilization camps, on trains and transports and for overseas service.

"The needs of peace are as great as those of war, and we must have men and women to fill these needs," said Colonel Cutler. "Workers for home service will be given a one-week emergency course at the Jewish Welfare Board's Training School, 149 Fifth Avenue, and will be immediately assigned to posts. The overseas workers will receive the Y. M. C. A. training course at Columbia University and Barnard College, and will sail as quickly as their passports are obtained. Quotas have been assigned to cities throughout the country, and they are expected to provide their assigned number of entertainers, teachers, rabbis, and social workers."

Colonel Cutler said that thirty-five men were needed for transport service, and it was especially desirable that these men should be entertainers or teachers. He said that before the end of the Winter the board would have 100 men and 100 women overseas doing canteen work, social service, and helping to carry out the educational program that is being developed.

POSSE WOUNDS BURGLARS.

Two Men Were Trying to Escape After Robbing Jacquelin Place.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J., Dec. 25.—Two men were wounded early this morning while attempting to escape after robbing the Summer home of H. T. B. Jacquelin of New York, at Hohokus, two miles north of here. The prisoners said their names were William Brauom and Harry Bonner. They refused further information. Both are being held in Hackensack Hospital. The Jacquelin place adjoins the estate of the late Joseph Jefferson, the actor.

J. E. Thompson, the caretaker, was awakened at 3:30 o'clock by a burglar alarm in his cottage, a short distance from the Jacquelin house. Three Ridgewood policemen were summoned, and they were joined by Thompson, his son Leroy, and Robert Potts, brother-in-law of Mr. Jacquelin. The six, all armed, surrounded the house and waited for an hour.

The burglars ignored two commands to throw up their hands as they came out of the house and Thompson fired one barrel of a shotgun, and Bonner fell with his legs full of birdshot. He was helped into the house by his companion. Policeman Wagenheim then went in after them, shot Brauem in the knee, and captured both. Recorder Watson held the men without bail. Enough loot had been tied up in bundles, according to the police, to fill the tonneau of an automobile.

TELLS OF TURMOIL NOW IN GERMANY

American Surgeon Who Has Just Returned Says the People Need Food.

PRAISE FOR OUR TROOPS

First Fighting, Dr. Nippert Says, Caused a Reappraisement of Their Valor by the Germans.

Dr. Edward I. Nippert of Cincinnati arrived in Brooklyn from Christiania, Norway, yesterday on the steamship Bergensfjord of the Norwegian-America Line. Dr. Nippert is a surgeon who went to Germany two years ago to do research work in universities. He left there on Nov. 26.

"The American troops in Europe have changed the whole German idea of militarism," Dr. Nippert said in discussing conditions in Europe. "The Americans have proved to Germany that military training of three to five years, such as is given to every German boy, is not necessary to produce a quickly movable and thoroughly trained army for almost any battle formation. I doubt if universal military training will be continued in Germany even though permitted by the Allies.

"There were great celebrations throughout Germany when the armistice was signed. Everywhere I went, I was known as an American, but I was treated with great cordiality. When I hesitated to extend my hand to a certain German General to whom I was introduced, he stepped up quickly and took my hand.

"'I want,' he said, 'to take my hat off to you for the courage of your countrymen. We thought we had the greatest army in the world. I think we did have it. But we lacked, I am sorry to say, the courage and spirit of determination with which the Americans have brought this victory to the Allies.'

Turmoil in Germany.

"When I left Germany, everything was in more or less of turmoil. The people were heartily glad the great war was ended. But they were horror-stricken by the conditions imposed. They need food and they need it badly, despite all reports to the contrary. If food is given, I am sure there is no possibility of a revolution, with consequent bloodshed, being successful.

"The Ebert régime in Berlin will, I think, stay in control if the nation gets help, particularly food, from the Allies. Food will help to quiet the social unrest. The people will be in a temper to listen to arguments. It is the old story that you can't argue with a man who has an empty stomach.

"The whole trouble in Germany is the Spartacus group. They are causing trouble. They are headed by a group of radicals who are more rabid than the Socialists of the Left. This group had depended on the returning soldiers to join them and cause a reign of terror. The troops remained aloof from them.

"There was no doubt in Germany that the armistice meant peace. So far as Germany was concerned, the war is at an end. I spoke to a number of German officers. The gist of what they said was this: 'We hold no animosity toward the Americans, although it was the American nation that tied the hangman's noose on our necks. We had beaten the French and the British when America came in and turned the tables. If any troops must come into Germany to occupy our country, we sincerely hope they will be Americans.'

Feared Our Fighting Forces.

"I was in Berlin when the American troops arrived in France. They were laughed at at first by German officers, especially those of the higher command. These told me, 'We don't fear your men. They are untrained and will never be able to stand the hardships of this war as it is fought on the western front.'

"But public opinion soon changed when officers and men wounded in fighting the Americans came back and told their stories. The German officers after a few months realized that the American soldier was a person greatly to be feared and not to be scoffed at.

"Nobody need fear that the Kaiser will return to Germany to resume power. So far as Germany is concerned, the Kaiser is 'through.' So is the Crown Prince and the entire Hohenzollern dynasty. Germany will undoubtedly be a republic and remain a republic, with no more Kaiser and no chance of any of his friends ever becoming President. The Kaiser did not go out of Germany willingly, as he said he did, in order not to embarrass the de facto Government. He was driven out by the people and, had he not gone, there is no doubt in my mind that somebody would have made an attempt on his life."

Roman Mentschikoff, an American business man of Moscow, another passenger on the Bergensfjord, said that if the Allies did not intervene in Russia there would be fighting for many years. Workingmen, he said, who formerly received 30 rubles, or about $15, a month, now got 1,500 rubles, or $750, a month and found it difficult to obtain enough to eat, as prices were exorbitant. A suit of clothes costs $900, a pair of shoes $175, and butter $25 a pound. It was nearly impossible to get flour even at a price of between $250 and $300 a pound. People were starving everywhere, he asserted, and thousands had died.

SHOOTS HIS FATHER DEAD.

Joseph Devlin, 15 Years Old, Says He Was Protecting His Mother.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Dec. 25.—Joseph Devlin, 15 years old, shot and killed his father, Bernard Devlin, following an argument between his father and mother today.

According to the boy's story, as told to the police, he was in bed when his father came in and demanded money from his mother. An altercation followed, he said, in which Devlin grasped Mrs. Devlin by the throat and hurled her to the floor.

Young Joseph said he could not see his mother abused longer, and, going to a bureau drawer, he took out a pistol; stepping into the kitchen, he stood directly in front of his father and fired five shots into the latter's body. Devlin died almost instantly.

The lad was arrested and will be arraigned tomorrow on a charge of manslaughter.

RABBIS WILL AID SOLDIERS.

Convention Pledges Members to Comfort Men in the Service.

The second meeting of the convention of Jewish Rabbis, at the Young Men's Hebrew Association Building, Ninety-second Street and Lexington Avenue, was presided over yesterday by Dr. M. Hymanson, former Acting Chief Rabbi of England. The convention received letters of encouragement from many men of prominence, including Speaker Champ Clark, Secretaries Baker and Daniels, Senator Hiram Johnson of California, Supreme Court Justice Brandeis, Judge Julian Mack of Chicago, who is President of the Federation of American Zionists, and Nathan Straus of New York.

A loyalty resolution was introduced and adopted, which pledged the Jewish ministers to devotion to this country and the principles it stands for, and that they use their influence to urge their congregations to give all the aid and comfort possible to returning men of the United States army and navy, irrespective of creed.

At the morning session, the problem of Palestine was taken up. A resolution was adopted at the instance of Dr. Bernard Drachman, President of the Union of Orthodox Synagogues, that the organization he represents be amalgamated with the Jewish Rabbis' Association.

Hay to be Mexican Envoy to Italy.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 25.—General Eduardo Hay, former Minister of War, has been nominated by the President as Minister to Italy. Ratification of this appointment by the Senate is expected within a few days.

General Eduardo Hay was Minister of War for a brief period in 1914. He was at one time Carranza's Chief of Staff, and is President of the Constitutionalist-Liberal Party of Mexico.

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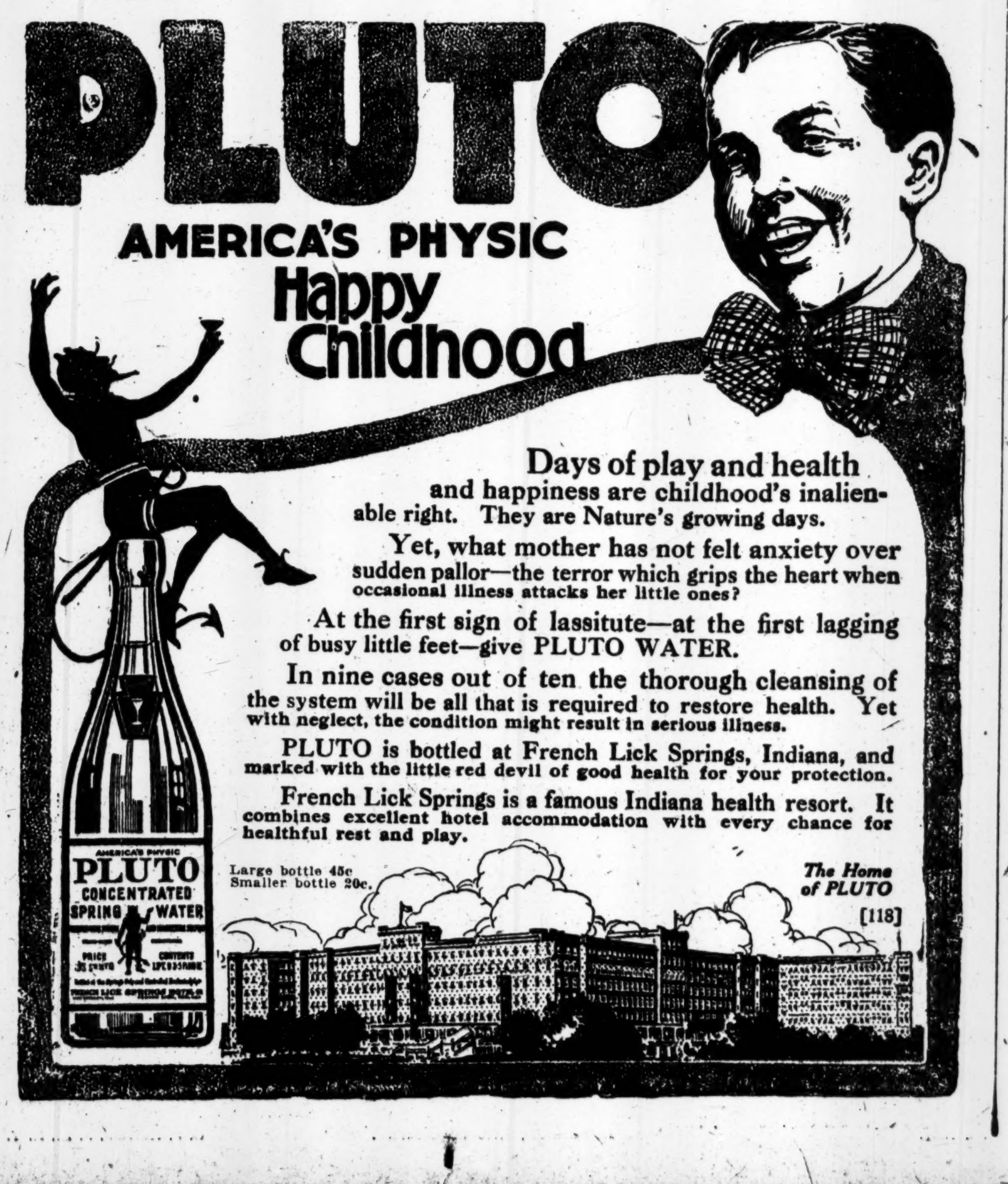

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